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Austria ..... 6 S | Libya ..... 9 Piast.
Belgium ..... 10 B.F. | Luxembourg ... 10 L.Fr.
Denmark .... 1.75 D.Kr. | Morocco ..... 1.20 Dh.
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Israel ..... 1.51.00 | U.S. Military 90.15
Lebanon ..... 75 P. | Yugoslavia ..... 3.00 D.

WEATHER—PARIS: Variable ... Temp. 49-59 ... LONDON: Cold, occasional ... Temp. 45-52 (7—11). Tomorrow: little ... Temp. 45-61 (10-16). CHANNEL ... ROME: Fair. Temp. 72-59 ... YORK: Possible snow. Temp. ... Yesterday's temp. 55-41 (13-5). ... WEATHER—PAGE 2

nd George Kaufman

...ollo-12 ...ked, To ... Today

...hn Noble Wilford

...KENNEDY, Fla., Nov. ...—American astronauts ...dy tonight to embark ... on man's second ... the moon, a trip aim... ...ore thorough scientific ...ion into the origin and ... of the earth's only ...atellite.

...-day Apollo-12 mission ...uled for launching at ... (1622 GMT) tomor... ...sident Nixon and Mrs. ...ll be on hand to view ...f.

...icians at launching pad ...ssfully replaced a leaky ... that threatened a ... delay in the mission. ...ncy resumed normal ... preparations leading ...oading of rocket fuel ...morrow.

... proceeding satisfac... ...id we foresee no prob... ...e National Aeronautics ...ce Administration an...

...e're Ready to Go'

... ready to go when they ...ndr. Alan L. Bean, one ...ree astronauts, said as ...ns began their final ...m tasks on the 363-... rocket and space...

... Charles Conrad jr., ... Richard F. Gordon jr. ...dr. Bean, all Navy test ...rere reported to be in ...ysical condition. They ...eir final day of pre...raining flying T-38 jet ... and polishing their ...ecraft simulators.

...stronauts flew loops and ... the jet trainers because, ...dr. Bean said, "it helps ... inner ear acclimated to ...vity," which is the con... ...of weightlessness they ...space.

...-12's primary purpose is ... astronauts to practice ... navigation and land... ... the moon, deploy an ...

...ued on Page 2, Col. 4



Associated Press.

READY TO GO—The Apollo-12 astronauts, from left, Comdr. Charles Conrad jr. the commander, Lt. Comdr. Alan L. Bean and Comdr. Richard F. Gordon jr.

Fun-Loving Crew Serious About Moon Trip

SPACE CENTER, Houston (UPI).—The astronauts of America's second flight to the moon are graduates of the Navy Test Pilot School at Patuxent River, Md. They are a glamorous and fun-loving bunch, as befits that mythical breed.

But it is all seriousness when Comdr. Charles H. Conrad, Comdr. Richard F. Gordon jr. and Lt. Comdr. Alan L. Bean talk about their Apollo-12 space mission.

Together they form the most diminutive crew the United States has sent into space. Comdr. Conrad and Comdr. Gordon teamed up in 1966 aboard Gemini-11 to perform the first orbital docking of two spacecraft. Apollo-12 will be Comdr. Bean's first space flight.

Comdr. Conrad, who is in command of the flight, and Comdr. Bean, pilot of the lunar lander "Intrepid," are scheduled to land on the moon Wednesday. Comdr. Gordon will pilot the spaceship, which they have named "Yankee Clipper," and will remain with the craft in lunar orbit while Comdr. Conrad and Comdr. Bean walk the moon's surface.

All Fairly Short

Comdr. Conrad, who is 5 feet 6 inches tall and weighs 138 pounds, is the smallest astronaut. Comdr. Gordon is a little bigger at 5 feet 7 inches and 150 pounds and Comdr. Bean is the tallest—5 feet 9 inches and also 150 pounds.

The names Conrad and Gordon go together in the space program, and not just because they flew the two-man Gemini-11 mission.

"Pete and Dick have been banging around together for years, more than the other astronauts," a friend said. "They both came in from the same squadron in San Diego, Calif."

They both race boats, drive matching sports cars, love to party and are extremely competitive.

"Pete has a kind of gangsterish aggression," a companion said.

"He has the guts of an elephant," said another.

"Dick is a tough little guy who keeps himself in excellent shape," one of Comdr. Gordon's friends said. "His weight never varies."

"Whatever Dick does, it is

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Nixon Defends Vietnam Stand To Congress as Protest Starts

He Appears In Person in Both Houses

By Robert Siner

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—President Nixon made highly unusual appearances before both houses of Congress today, defending his Vietnam policy and thanking lawmakers for their support, as three days of massive anti-war protests began across the nation.

It was the first time that Mr. Nixon had addressed either house since his inauguration, and it was the first presidential appearance of its kind—before both houses, on short notice and speaking without notes—that congressional observers could remember.

He visited the House of Representatives first to thank some 300 members who last night sponsored a resolution supporting his Vietnam peace efforts. "It might hasten the day that just peace could come," he said.

He conceded that the Vietnam war was "difficult and controversial" but expressed confidence that "a great majority of Americans" supported his efforts.

The President told the congressmen that when peace does come it will come "because of the support we have received, not just from Republicans or Democrats in this body or the Senate, but from the people of the United States."

In his only apparent reference to the impending mass protest, Mr. Nixon said:

"I do not suggest there should be no criticism and no division on foreign policy [but] we need constructive discussion and debate that produces superior ideas."

'Challenge to Greatness'

In the Senate, where 59 members signed a similar letter of support for Mr. Nixon's policy, the President said: "History will record that the United States has met its challenge to greatness and that the representatives of the people have put their country first rather than their party first."

As Mr. Nixon spoke, thousands of demonstrators were pouring into the city to attend the opening activities of the three-day moratorium. Some 250,000 persons are expected in the capital by Saturday.

The demonstrations began with a noon rally in Farragut Square by Professionals for Peace. A similar rally was staged by the same group on Oct. 15.

A group of about 150 government employees held a silent vigil on the steps of the Capitol. Later on there will be teach-ins at colleges in the area and vigils at a number of government departments.

Mr. Nixon passed the demonstrators as he entered the Capitol today, and as he left, a man in the crowd—which had grown to several hundred—shouted "Stop the war."

The 40-hour "March Against Death" began with a memorial service at Arlington National Cemetery. Then the first of 45,000 marchers, each carrying a two-foot placard with the name of an American serviceman killed in Vietnam or the name of a village destroyed, began the march that was to take

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 3)



Associated Press.

BRIDGING THE GAP—Averell Harriman, former U.S. negotiator at the Paris peace talks, has a friendly greeting for Sam Brown, one of the organizers of the Vietnam Moratorium movement, as Bernard Rapoport, finance chairman of the Businessmen's Educational Fund, looks on. Mr. Harriman Wednesday described Ho Chi Minh's reply to a letter from President Nixon as a "wide-open invitation for further discussions" rather than the flat rejection Mr. Nixon called it. (Story, Page 3.)

Heaviest Action in 8 Months

34 GIs Killed, 121 Wounded In Renewed Fighting at DMZ

SAIGON, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The Communists' winter offensive flared along the Demilitarized Zone yesterday and today, with 34 Americans reported killed and 121 wounded in the biggest battles there in eight months.

Viet Cong and North Vietnamese forces lost 108 killed, U.S. spokesmen said.

A North Vietnamese force of 500 men attacked at several points behind mortar barrages and rocket-propelled grenade fire but were driven back with dive-bombers, artillery, tanks and helicopter gunships before they could penetrate the barbed-wire defenses.

It was the heaviest toll of American dead in a 24-hour period in two months and the increased Communist attacks were believed deliberately timed to coincide with the weekend anti-war demonstrations in the United States.

The casualties in the two days of fighting were borne by the 5th Mechanized Infantry Division, which took up defensive positions about three and a half miles below the DMZ and six miles southeast of the Con Thien outpost.

The heaviest single battle came yesterday when the North Vietnamese battalion hit the division posts and killed 26 U.S. servicemen and wounded 64 others.

The North Vietnamese withdrew at dusk, but launched a new onslaught this morning on the positions, hurling in rocket grenades and explosive charges.

U.S. casualties were given as eight killed and 57 wounded.

More than 100 miles south of the DMZ, along the populous coastal lowlands south of Da Nang, battlefield communiqués also reported the heaviest fighting in two and a half months in that region.

Allied forces claimed killing 130 North Vietnamese and Viet Cong troops, including a battalion commander and a Communist district commissar, and capturing 58 others in eight clashes during the past 24 hours.

Seven American and three South Vietnamese troops were reported killed in these fights and 26 Americans and 13 South Vietnamese were wounded.

Week's GI Toll Stays Under 100

SAIGON, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The number of Americans killed in Vietnam rose slightly last week but was less than 100 for the sixth time in seven weeks, the U.S. military command said today.

The U.S. command said 97 Americans were killed and 698 wounded in the week ending Nov. 8, compared with a toll of 83 dead and 724 wounded in the previous seven-day period.

South Vietnamese forces last week lost 476 men killed and 1,091 wounded, a steep increase from the previous week's 345 dead and 758 wounded.

After Dayan Refers to Arab Area Penalties

...s. Meir Denies Collective Punishment

...James Feron

...EM, Nov. 13 (NYT).—...lda Meir attempted to... ...n a political storm by ...plications that security ... were administering col... ...ishment in occupied ...

...ent issued under her ... that the inhabitants of ...n up by occupation of... ...e West Bank and Gaza ...iven "shelter, cover and ... to terrorists.

...Minister Moshe Dayan had stated yesterday that "neighborhood" or "area" punishment was being applied to Arabs not directly involved in nearby acts of terrorism.

By this he meant that Arabs who had declined to cooperate with Israeli investigations or who were believed to have known of terrorism were being punished by having their houses demolished.

He spoke of these stringent measures in terms of inroads being made by Arab guerrilla organizations in the occupied areas. He said that although the terrorists had not improved much operationally, they were drawing more sympathy and cooperation from local Arabs.

Until a few months ago, demolition of homes in occupied territories was limited to those of Arabs accused of personal involvement in terrorism or of assisting saboteurs directly.

Mr. Dayan's remarks at a news conference drew the practice of extended punishment into the public arena. Within hours it had stirred a political dispute.

Foreign Minister Abba Eban was reported to have disassociated himself from Mr. Dayan's remarks. His objections appeared with Mr. Dayan's comments in morning newspapers. Afternoon editions spoke of several ministers planning to bring the issue before the cabinet.

Israel's Image Abroad

The objections appeared to focus on the question of whether Mr. Dayan had the right to establish new policy and on the subject of Israel's image abroad.

Mr. Dayan is in charge of occupation matters on a day-to-day basis. Ministerial committees and the cabinet establish broad policy but defense officials have considerable leeway within that policy.

The extended use of administrative punishment had become apparent to persons dealing with Arab affairs for several weeks but it had not been reported widely in the Israeli press.

Mr. Dayan's lengthy explanation of this new technique prompted some ministers to accuse him of establishing new policy and forced Mrs. Meir to seek to cut the argument short.

The premier's statement was considered by sources close to the Defense Ministry to be a rebuke to Mr. Dayan. Others saw it as an attempt to smother the discussion before it became a national issue.

Curfews Imposed

TEL AVIV, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—A 24-hour curfew was imposed today along a section of the main street of Rafah, in the Gaza Strip, following a grenade and light arms attack on an Israeli patrol Tuesday. A military spokesman said the curfew will last until further notice. Defense Minister Moshe Dayan visited the area briefly today.

A dusk-to-dawn curfew was also imposed on the Arab village of Sulam in north central Israel. The curfew follows the arrest of 50 villagers in connection with a bomb blast in the nearby town of Affula Monday.

Rogers Lists U.S. Aims in SALT Talks

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (AP).—Secretary of State William P. Rogers declared tonight that the United States has three objectives for a "balanced strategy of security" in entering nuclear arms control talks with Russia in Helsinki Monday.

He also declared in a prepared address that the talks between the two great powers must result in *some breaching of military secrecy.*

"The talks themselves," he said, "will require discussion of military matters by both sides in which the veil of secrecy will have to be, if not lifted, at least refashioned."

Mr. Rogers said he found reasons for going into the discussions but he declined to predict that success was likely in achieving an agreement to end the nuclear arms race. He declared the fol-

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 8)

Easing Threat to Government

Mrs. Gandhi Wins the Backing Of Majority of Congress Party

By Sydney H. Schanberg

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Prime Minister Indira Gandhi—"expelled" from India's ruling Congress party yesterday by its old guard faction—won a vote of "full confidence" today from a majority of the party's members in Parliament.

This gesture by her backers in the party, which was expected, confirmed that there will be no immediate threat to her nearly four-year-old government when the next session of Parliament opens on Monday.

But to make up for the loss of the estimated 50 to 75 votes controlled by the old guard, known as The Syndicate, she will need —and is expected to receive—a bloc of votes from other parties, possibly including the Communists.

Greeted by thunderous applause as she arrived at the morning meeting in the cavernous Central Hall of Parliament, the 51-year-old prime minister, gesturing for silence, told the throng: "The Congress has passed through many crises. And we will pass through this crisis also."

Mrs. Gandhi reminisced at some length about the considerable role played by three generations of her family in the party that spearheaded India's freedom struggle —particularly her father, Jawaharlal Nehru, the country's first prime minister, who died in 1964 and whose birthday will be celebrated nationwide tomorrow.

Then, her voice becoming uncharacteristically emotional, she said, referring to The Syndicate's charge of "indiscipline" against her:

"So now, suddenly, for anyone to say that I am betraying the Congress or that I want to do anything

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

...nmando Had No Gun

...s Indict Israeli Who Slew ... After Attack on El Al Jet

... Nov. 13 (AP).—An ...ndo who took part in ... on an El Al jetliner ...y here had surrender... ...en up his submachine ...n Israeli secret service ...him dead, according to ... indictment published ...

...ell agent, Mordechai ...s charged with murder... ...b, Abdel Mehsen, under ... circumstances during ... on the Boeing-707 by ...rs of the Popular Front ...ration of Palestine.

... Arab survivors, Ibra... Youssef, 34; Moham... ...-Heiga, 24, and pretty ...ss Amena Dahbor, 22, ... more serious charges ...meditated murder of ...Al pilot Yoram Peres, March 25 from bullet ...ived in the raid.

... Starts Nov. 27

... defendants stand trial ... the nearby town of ...

...ctment said the four ... fully trained in the ...riet Kalashnikov sub... ...ns and explosives. But ...ot reckoned with Mr. ... employed by Israel's ...r State Security, who ...m the plane, his 22-... pistol blazing.

... to the indictment, Mr. ... surrendered and hand... ...is weapon when Mr. ... approached.

... being attacked, or ... threat of an attack ... or the aircraft, Racha... a short dispute, fired from his Beretta pistol ...ehsen, who was stand... without a weapon in ...the indictment read.

"All three shots pierced the lung and caused the immediate death of Mehsen. Mordechai Rachamin thus fired—freely and knowingly, although seriously disturbed emotionally, out of confusion and rage over the underhand, criminal attack—at Abdel Mehsen, whose death he wanted to cause as revenge and retaliation, whatever the risk."

Israeli Jets Raid Jordan and Egypt; Cabinet Confers

JERUSALEM, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The Israeli Air Force launched raids against Jordan and Egypt today as the cabinet met for the fourth time in five days to discuss defenses against Arab attacks.

A terse official statement said: "At the cabinet meeting today the discussion on defense continues."

Israeli warplanes first hit Jordanian positions in the Beisan Valley opposite Kfar Ruppin, a military spokesman said. He said the attack followed a Jordanian bazooka and small-arms-fire attack on an Israeli patrol. He said none of the Israeli forces suffered casualties.

The spokesman said Israeli planes also blasted Egyptian targets in the southern sector of the Suez Canal this afternoon. He said all Israeli warplanes returned safely.

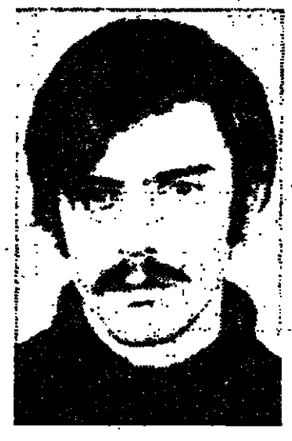
An Israeli spokesman announced tonight that mortar fire from Jordan was lobbed at the Dead Sea potash works near Sodom. No damage or casualties were reported.



Samuel J. Melville



George Demmerle



John D. Hughey 3d



AP.

Jane L. Alpert

FBI Charges 5 With Conspiracy in All N.Y. Bombings

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Three men and two women were accused today by the FBI of conspiring in all of the recent bombings in New York City.

The defendants were charged with conspiring to bomb the Federal Office Building, the U.S. Armed Forces Induction Center, the General Motors, RCA and Chase Manhattan Buildings, the Criminal Courts Building, United Fruit Co. Pier 3, the Marine Midland Grace Trust Co., and an Army truck.

Three of the men and one woman were arrested last night. The second woman was not yet in custody, the Federal Bureau of Investigation said.

The FBI complaint was read this afternoon at an arraignment attended by U.S. Attorney Robert M. Morgenthau and numerous federal agents and marshals. A group of apparent friends of the defendants were also on hand.

Charged with conspiracy to destroy government property and other buildings were: Samuel Joseph Melville, 34; George Demmerle, 39; John David Hughey 3d, 22; Jane Lauren Alpert, 22; all with New York addresses; and Miss Pat Swinton, age and address not yet available.

Mr. Hughey was identified as a former member of the radical newspaper Guardian Weekly, and Miss Alpert as a writer for the underground newspaper, Rat.

The complaint charged, among other things, that the damage caused by the explosions was more than $250,000.

Mr. Morgenthau said that the $500,000 bail set for each was reasonable since the defendants "have shown wanton disregard for the safety of their fellow citizens."

As the defendants were taken to cells with their hands shackled behind them, admirers jostling guards in the federal court corridor applauded, raised their fists and cried "right on."

Last night a bomb extensively damaged a part of the fifth floor of the New York City Criminal Courts Building in the fourth explosion in a Manhattan public building in two days.

A short time later, in a day in

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Senate Debate On Haynsworth Court Bid Begins

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—U.S. senators began to debate today President Nixon's controversial nomination of Judge Clement Haynsworth for the Supreme Court.

Observers, totting up those for and those against the nomination, predicted that the presidential appointment would be narrowly rejected despite pressure from the White House.

The 56-year-old South Carolina judge has been challenged for alleged anti-labor and anti-civil rights bias in his rulings and on having had a conflict of interest in at least one case he heard.

The Senate's Judiciary Committee, which is dominated by Southerners, has already voted 10-7 in favor of the nomination.

What Step to Take Next

Cosmonaut Cites Common Space Problem

MOSCOW, Nov. 13 (AP).—A Soviet cosmonaut who recently returned from a tour of the United States said today that the U.S. and Soviet programs both faced the problem of what to do next in space exploration.

Konstantin Feoktistov, who visited the United States with Maj. Gen. Georgy Beregovoi, told Soviet correspondents that both countries understood the need for new technology for further space exploration.

"And we, as well as the Americans, are facing the choice of a new direction," Mr. Feoktistov said.

He and Gen. Beregovoi joined all other surviving Soviet cosmonauts for a mass interview conducted by correspondents of Novosti press agency, a Soviet feature service. The interview was published today in the newspaper Sovietskaya Rossiya.

Memories of U.S.

Mr. Feoktistov told the correspondents of the "great variety and brightness of memories" of his trip through the United States.

"My main impression is the warm reception we got and the desire to strengthen direct ties with the Soviet Union," he said.

Gen. Beregovoi said that the Americans he and Mr. Feoktistov met "left us with a good impression."

"In spite of the language difficulties," he added, "we quickly found a common language."

Other cosmonauts replied to questions about their personal lives and their attitudes toward space flight.

Valentina Tereshkova, the world's only spacewoman, said that she was no longer in training but was willing to start again if needed.

No Women Training

She said that no women were now being trained in the Soviet space program but that they would have a role in the future.

"I am confident that in the nearest future women will fly. This would be in connection with space stations and deep probes of outer space," she said.

Discussing the hobbies of the various cosmonauts, Alexei Leonov said that he was especially aware of Pavel Popovich's hobby—singing.

"I could list his whole repertoire," Mr. Leonov said, "because, unfortunately, I am his neighbor."

Fun-Loving Apollo-12 Crew Is Serious About Moon Trip

(Continued from Page 1)

going to be a challenge," a friend said.

"Show me a loser and I'll show you a loser," is one of Gordon's favorite sayings.

One friend called Comdr. Gordon a born competitor and said: "He just doesn't want to lose, whether it's at bridge, water skiing, golf or raising roses."

Comdr. Gordon actually started raising roses in his back yard in competition with a woman across the street who had a beautiful rose garden.

Comdr. Conrad and Comdr. Gordon came from opposite backgrounds. Comdr. Conrad was born into a third-generation family in Philadelphia's Main Line society. His father was an investment broker and his neighbors included a former secretary of the Navy and a secretary of defense.

He went to exclusive prep schools and to Princeton University.

Comdr. Gordon came from Seattle. His father died when he was a child. His mother taught school and put him through the University of Washington. Comdr. Gordon, who is left handed, was an outstanding golfer in college and was good enough to be a semi-pro pitcher in baseball.

Comdr. Conrad, who took up flying at 14, joined the Navy after graduation in 1953.

Wanted to Fly

"He joined the service because he always wanted to be a jet pilot," said his mother, Mrs. J. Weir Sargent of Haverford, Pa.

Comdr. Bean, the youngest of the crew at 37—Comdr. Conrad is 39 and Comdr. Gordon is 40—grew up in Fort Worth, Texas, and went to the University of Texas. His father said that Alan has been interested in flying since he was a toddler.

On his 17th birthday, even before he graduated from high school, Comdr. Bean wanted to join the naval reserve at Dallas Naval Air Station. His mother wouldn't sign the papers, so he persuaded his father—a veteran of World War II—to sign.

After receiving an aeronautical degree, Comdr. Bean became a Navy test pilot. At one point he had to decide whether to apply for the astronaut program or to become a member of the Blue Angels, the Navy's jet aerobatics team.

Comdr. Bean was accepted as an astronaut in October, 1963, a member of the so-called third astronaut class along with Comdr. Gordon, Apollo-11 spaceman Col. Michael Collins and others. Comdr. Conrad became an astronaut in 1962.

Comdr. Bean has waited six years for his first chance to fly in space. Comdr. Collins has flown twice and Comdr. Gordon once. He is a carefree, meticulous man.

Precise Astronaut

"They call him a little old lady," a friend said. "They often have to wait for him, he's so precise."

A friend said that it once took Comdr. Bean three weeks to decide on the carved molding to use around the ceiling of his new house, a $60,000 brick home in French provincial styling said to be the most beautifully furnished residence in the Nassau Bay subdivision.

Jane Conrad, wife of the Apollo-12 commander, is the daughter of a Texas cattle rancher who is remembered from her girls' prep school days for riding and jumping horses bareback and barefoot and her ability to draw.

She has done portraits of the four Conrad boys—Peter, 14; Thomas, 12; Andrew, 10, and Christopher, 8.

The Gordons have six children, more than any other of the 52 astronauts. They are Carleen, 15; Richard 3d, 14; Lawrence, 11; Thomas, 10; James, 9, and Diane, 8.

Barbara is a pretty brunette who keeps her weight down to a trim 115 pounds. She's an impeccable housekeeper, a strong disciplinarian with the children and a good rose gardener.

Sue Bean, a native of Dallas, is a beautiful platinum blonde whose wardrobe is as elegant as the furnishings of her house.

The Beans have two children, Amy Sue, 6, and Clay, 13.



Associated Press.

ALL SMILES—Prime Minister Indira Gandhi leaves the Congress party parliamentary meeting flanked by two supporters, Food Minister Jagjivan Ram, at left, and Home Minister Y.B. Chavan, after receiving a vote of confidence as government head.

Apollo Repairs Completed; Crew Set for Launch Today

(Continued from Page 1)

array of nuclear-powered scientific instruments and walk on the lunar surface for some seven hours, collecting rocks and—if their landing has been accurate enough—retrieving a piece of an unmanned spacecraft, Surveyor-3, resting in a crater near their planned touchdown point.

The first lunar landing by Apollo-11 was made last July on the Sea of Tranquillity, demonstrating that it was possible. But two members of the three-man crew spent only 2 1/2 hours on the lunar surface and conducted only a small amount of scientific investigation.

Comdr. Conrad and Comdr. Bean, in the lunar module, named Intrepid, will be aiming for a landing in the Ocean of Storms early next Wednesday morning. The Ocean of Storms site is located about 950 Storms site is located about 950 miles west of the Apollo-11 landing area and near the lunar equator.

Intrepid will stay 32 hours on the moon while Comdr. Gordon pilots the command ship, called Yankee Clipper, in a lunar orbit 69 miles above the surface.

The weather for launching day is expected to be satisfactory, with moderate winds and partly cloudy skies.

The chief concern of launching officials is their tight countdown schedule.

Because of having to replace the leaky fuel tank in the spacecraft's electricity-generating system, launching workers used up most of their reserve time for rest and handling any other mechanical problems.

Another serious malfunction would probably force a postponement of the Apollo-12 flight until Dec. 14. At that time the lighting conditions the primary landing site.

A full lunar day and night runs 28 earth days. The astronauts want to touch down on the rolling plain of the Ocean of Storms when the sun is low on the horizon and behind their backs. This makes it easier for them to distinguish landmarks during their final approach for landing.

The Apollo-12 Timetable

NEW YORK (NYT).—*Following is a timetable of scheduled highlights in the Apollo-12 moon-landing mission (all times are in GMT):*

Friday, Nov. 14

1622—Saturn-5 rocket blasts off from Cape Kennedy, placing Apollo-12 in earth orbit 12 minutes later.

1909—Top stage of rocket reignites, hurling spacecraft out of earth orbit toward moon.

Saturday, Nov. 15

1022—Astronauts go to sleep for first time since launching.

Sunday, Nov. 16

0115—First midcourse adjustment.

2122—Astronauts perform navigation duties.

Monday, Nov. 17

2247—Final midcourse adjustment, if necessary.

Tuesday, Nov. 18

0336—Apollo-12 goes behind moon, out of contact with earth, and main engine is fired to slow down and drop into orbit.

Wednesday, Nov. 19

0022—Comdr. Charles H. Conrad jr. and Lt. Comdr. Alan L. Bean enter lunar landing craft, leaving Comdr. Richard F. Gordon jr. alone in command ship.

0446—Lunar lander pulls free from command ship, flying in formation.

1745—Landing craft begins descent to moon.

1853—Touchdown on the moon's Ocean of Storms.

2309—Comdr. Conrad steps on the moon, followed by Comdr. Bean. They spend three hours gathering rock samples and setting up scientific experiments.

Thursday, Nov. 20

0540—Comdr. Conrad and Comdr. Bean begin second moonwalk, attempting to reach Surveyor-3, which landed in 1967.

1423—Lunar craft blasts off to rejoin command ship in orbit at 1802.

Friday, Nov. 21

2043—Apollo-12 engine fires, sending craft back toward earth.

Saturday, Nov. 22

1143—First midcourse correction.

Sunday, Nov. 23

2244—Second course correction, if necessary.

Monday, Nov. 24

1744—Last course trim, if necessary.

2023—Command ship hits upper atmosphere.

2058—Splashdown in the Pacific, 460 miles southeast of Pago Pago, and start of quarantine, which will end on Dec. 10 in Houston.

Europe to Get Apollo on TV

GENEVA, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—European television audiences will receive intensive coverage of the Apollo-12 flight, with all transmissions in color for the first time, the European Broadcasting Union announced today.

The EBU has set up a special international team to handle the 52 transmissions with a total duration of 22 hours 25 minutes that are scheduled between the United States and Europe.

The Eurovision network will relay the coverage to 22 countries in Europe and North Africa and the EBU will also serve as a "staging post" for six Intervision countries in Eastern Europe.

Huge Recovery Force

CAPE KENNEDY, Fla., Nov. 13 (UPI).—The recovery force for the Apollo-12 mission includes 5,900 military and civilian personnel stationed around the world on 52 aircraft and seven ships. The recovery force commander is Maj. Gen. David M. Jones, head of the Air Force Eastern Test Range.

Bean Will Be 24th American To Visit Space

HOUSTON, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Lt. Comdr. Alan L. Bean will become the 24th American to hurtle into space aboard a spaceship when Apollo-12 clears the launch pad tomorrow.

Comdr. Bean, a 37-year-old Texan, is the first space-bound rookie since Russel L. Schweickart's trip aboard Apollo-9 last March.

Of 73 astronauts selected since 1959, 23 have flown on space missions, eight have died and 11 others either have resigned of transferred to other jobs.

Twenty of the 54 active astronauts are civilians, 16 are Air Force officers, 15 are Navy officers and three are Marine Corps officers.

Apollo Manager Gets NASA Post

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—President Nixon named Austrian-born George M. Low, manager of the Apollo spacecraft program, today as the new deputy administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

Mr. Low, 43, has served in the U.S. space program since 1949 and has contributed to the Mercury, Gemini and Apollo manned flights.

Before taking over as manager of the Apollo spacecraft program at NASA's Manned Spacecraft Center in Houston in 1967, Mr. Low was deputy director of the Houston facility for three years.

Mrs. Gandhi Wins Vote

(Continued from Page 1)

which is against the interests of the great organization is, I think, hardly fair."

The speeches by Mrs. Gandhi and her key lieutenants repeated her view of the intra-party feud—that The Syndicate was but a handful of discredited bosses who had acted illegally, that they were trying to oust her because of their opposition to her progressive Socialist policies and their own alliance with the country's big-business interests, that they were old men with old ideas who had made the party a stagnant relic, scorned by India's young people.

Smokescreen Is Alleged

The Syndicate, titularly headed by Siddhavanahalli Nijalingappa, the party president, contends that the prime minister's ideological arguments about liberals versus conservatives are merely a smokescreen she is using to try to seize control of the party machinery.

Each side, like contestants for a disputed throne, claims to be the only legitimate leadership of the party. The prime minister's meeting today called itself "the real Congress."

Mrs. Gandhi's camp claimed that 330 of the 422 Congress party members of Parliament attended the meeting, which passed the confidence resolution unanimously. The Syndicate claimed that only 216 were there.

A head count indicated about 260. But this does not rule out the possibility that the prime minister might have additional supporters who were simply unable to come to the meeting.

In any event, it seems certain she has a majority of the party in both houses of Parliament and, with the help of friendly parties on the other side of the aisle, can withstand any threat The Syndicate is able to mount now.

5 Charged In Bombings

(Continued from Page 1)

which the police recorded scores of bomb threats, the four persons were arrested.

Two men were taken as they attempted to place time bombs on Army trucks at the 69th Regimental Armory at 26th Street and Lexington Avenue, according to the FBI. Another man and a woman were picked up in an apartment building at 235 E. Fourth St.

Arrested at the armory were Mr. Melville, who was wearing an Air Force uniform and armed with a .38-caliber revolver, and Mr. Demmerle, who wore a green work uniform that did not appear to be military issue.

The police reported finding and disarming a bomb at the Chase Manhattan Bank Building and another in a sewer near the armory where the two men were arrested.

The Chase Manhattan Building was one of three buildings hit by bombs Tuesday morning. The others were the General Motors and the RCA Buildings.

Meanwhile, the city was plagued by continuing bomb hoax calls.

This morning 2,000 employees of The New York Times were evacuated from their offices for three hours. No bomb went off, however.

French Occupy Atomic Plant to Protest Layoffs

PARIS, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Workers at the French atomic energy commission's plant at Marcoule today occupied the premises to protest a government plan to lay off 2,600 workers.

The occupation came shortly before President Georges Pompidou presided over a special cabinet meeting called to discuss the situation in the atomic energy authority.

Earlier today, unions announced that they were calling a 24-hour strike Monday to protest the layoffs.

The atomic energy commission announced yesterday that it was reducing its 31,000 employees by 8 percent by the end of 1971 to reduce costs and make production more competitive.

Sees 'Perfidious Maneuver'

Hanoi Rebuffs Saigon O To Return 62 Wounded P

By Jonathan C. Randal

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The Saigon regime today offered to release 62 sick and wounded North Vietnamese prisoners of war, but North Vietnam rebuffed the proposal as a "perfidious maneuver" designed to extract an admission of its own aggression against South Vietnam, which Hanoi has always denied.

Saigon Ambassador Pham Dang Lam, who made the offer at the 42d session of the deadlocked peace talks, insisted that his proposal was humanitarian, non-political, unconditional and in keeping with the Geneva convention on prisoners of war.

He suggested that North and South Vietnamese delegations meet to discuss technical problems concerning the return of these prisoners, either here "or through other means."

Familiar Ground

Not surprisingly, the Communist delegations rebuffed the offer on the unspoken ground that such a meeting would go against their persistent refusal to deal directly with Saigon, a "puppet" regime which they claim represents no one in South Vietnam.

However, according to South Vietnamese press spokesman Nguyen Van Trieu, after initial hesitation a Hanoi liaison officer did accept the list. It gave the name, serial number, unit, birthplace, birth date, parents' names, date of capture and nature of wound of each of the captured men.

Both the North Vietnamese and National Liberation Front delegates based their "severe condemnation of the Americano-puppet maneuver" on their steadfast refusal to admit that North Vietnamese troops are fighting in the South.

The Communist argument, presented by NLF press spokesman Duong Dinh Thao, said the Saigon offer was a "perfidious maneuver which tries to prove that the North has committed aggression against the South."

'Self-Defense' Argument

Without denying the presence of North Vietnamese troops in the South, he fell back on the standard Communist line that the Vietnamese people must unite and fight American aggression "as an act of legitimate self-defense."

Mr. Lam, noting that the 62 men involved want to return to North Vietnam, charged that "this is the first time in the history of modern warfare that a regime has rejected its own prisoners."

He said Hanoi's "negative attitude" shows that the "fate of prisoners of war in its eyes is not a purely humanitarian problem, but a political problem and even more a subject to exploit for propaganda ends."

In the light of the Communists' behavior, Mr. Lam wondered "what fate Hanoi reserves for South Vietnamese and U.S. prisoners who are considered enemies." He noted that not even the families of allied prisoners in North Viet whether they are dead o

The Saigon press said some 6,000 North regulars are in South prison camps and that of the Communist for South are North Viet diers.

"Hanoi still wants t aggression in South Vi added, "even while the knows that North troops are there."

In other developmen to newsmen's question munist delegations ind plauded the recent Gen. Duong Van ("H critical of the present gime.

Lodge Adds to Re

U.S. Ambassador He Lodge read into the the recent House reso porting President Nixon policy and a letter fro tors commending the on his efforts in Paris.

In the face of rem war activity at home, told the Communists tinue to rely on fals about events in the Un and South Vietnam is joining us in seeking a with justice for all part

U.S. press spokesma Ledogar said the "very expression of support" showed that "it is vit other side not to mis or miscalculate in mak sessment of Presiden ability to sustain his eff quest for a just peace."

Hanoi's Xuan Thuy gestions that his forces ing on U.S. public opin the war rather than o namese people's "own s

He said that despite t zation of the U.S. machine" behind the these efforts would end table failure."

Big Minh D Bid to Chall Thieu in Ele

SAIGON, Nov. 13 (Duong Van (Big) Minh self out today as a "t political leader and ind port for the governmen ident Nguyen Van Thie

"I have nothing to do bloc or front," said th 53-year-old, four-star ge statement. "I have no to form a third force between the Communist free world blocs."

Gen. Minh indicated t for the Thieu governmen a call for a "referendu tional congress or other to determine the atti aspirations of the peopl Vietnam.

Hanoi Hails Demonstrati In U.S. as Rebuke to Nix

By Stanley Karnow

HONG KONG, Nov. 13 (WP).—North Vietnam has hailed the American anti-war demonstrations scheduled to take place this weekend as the largest and broadest ever seen in the history of the United States or any other "imperialist' country.

An editorial in Hanoi's authoritative newspaper Nhan Dan, transmitted here today, also accused President Nixon of accelerating a "war of aggression" in Vietnam despite his pledge to end the conflict.

Commenting on the President's Nov. 3 speech, the editorial said that instead of coping with "the waves of indignation of the American people," it has "further exposed his obdurate, bellicose and aggressive stand on the Vietnam issue."

The editorial went on to laud "genuine Americans" who have "courageously spoken out in the name of the conscience of America and vehemently condemned the immoral, illegal and losing war." It added:

"The patriotic struggle of the Vietnamese people is precisely the struggle of the American people for peace and justice."

The Nhan Dan editorial came amid a rising number of recent Vietnamese Communist statements attacking the Nixon administration and praising opponents of the President's Vietnam policies.

Reflected in all these statements is the apparent conviction of the North Vietnamese and National Liberation Front leaders that growing pressures in the United States against White House policies will eventually force Mr. Nixon to make concessions.

Meetings in Hanoi

Prominent North Vietnamese and NLF spokesmen have been holding meetings recently to encourage U.S. anti-war activists.

An official Vietnam news agency dispatch received here today, for example, reported that a Hanoi meeting on Tuesday featured Richard J. Barnet, co-director of the "Institute for Policy Studies" in Washington and William Meyers, a director of the "Lawyers Committee on American Policy Toward Vietnam."

According to the Hanoi agency, Mr. Barnet concluded with the message that "the Vietnamese will continue to fight against the aggressors, the same aggressors that we will continue to fight in our own country."

The Nhan Dan editorial President Nixon's "Viet plan as both aggres potentially ineffective of the plan is "merely Vietnamese fight Vietn carry out the U.S. neo policy," it said. At the the editorial went on, the puppet army stand once the American exp corps has withdrawn?"

The editorial also ch President with threaten war demonstrators with " repression" and, among things, menacing Sen. Fulbright in "McCarthy

"It is clear that those dishonoring the United S not the Vietnamese pe are defending their dence . . . but actually t ruling clique," it added.

WEATHE

	C	F	
AMSTERDAM	9	48	Very
ANKARA	16	61	Part
ATHENS	21	70	Part
BEIRUT	23	73	Sunn
BELGRADE	24	75	Very
BERLIN	14	57	Part
BRUSSELS	9	48	Show
BUDAPEST	20	68	Very
CAIRO	25	77	Sunn
CASABLANCA	18	64	Over
COPENHAGEN	9	48	Very
COSTA DEL SOL	20	68	Very
DUBLIN	3	37	Very
EDINBURGH	6	43	Cloud
FLORENCE	22	72	Over
FRANKFURT	11	52	Show
GENEVA	15	59	Very
HELSINKI	7	45	Very
ISTANBUL	17	63	Very
LAS PALMAS	23	73	Very
LISBON	15	59	Very
LONDON	8	46	Very
MADRID	13	55	Part
MILAN	13	55	Over
MONTREAL	7	45	Sunn
MOSCOW	7	46	Over
MUNICH	8	46	Rain
NEW YORK	11	52	Sunn
NICE	16	61	Rain
OSLO	6	43	Very
PARIS	9	48	Very
PRAGUE	11	52	Very
ROME	20	68	Very
SOFIA	18	64	Partly
STOCKHOLM	7	45	Very
TEL AVIV	28	77	Sunny
TUNIS	28	77	Cloud
VENICE	17	63	Rain
VIENNA	10	50	Rain
WARSAW	19	54	Partly
WASHINGTON	11	51	Sunn
ZURICH	13	54	Cloud

Yesterday's temperatures at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.

DEATH NOTICE

The funeral of Mr. Tomás CANTURIAS and of Mrs. NICHOLS-PEDRA was held on and close friends on Wednesday, ber 12, in the Church of St. Cap-Martin (Alpes Maritimes).

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ANNOUNCEMENT

CONTINENTAL TRAVEL LTD. and its subsidiary CLUB ALEXANDER LTD., are no longer associated with the operation of the gambling casino known as CLUB ALEXANDER in Athens, Greece.

WILLIAM J. RAGUSIN
Deputy Vice-President

HENRY M. HAYMANN
Secretary

Maneuver'

ouffs Saig

62 Wound

Jonathan C. Randal

Wide-Open Invitation'

rriman Denies Nixon Claim at Ho's Letter Closed Door

INGTON, Nov. 13 (AP).—Ambassador Averell Harchallenged and the State ent affirmed yesterday t Nixon's contention that in August from Ho Chi ejected a Nixon bid to forward" the Paris peace e it was a wide-open invitation for further discussions." Mr. Harriman said of the late North Vietnamese president's letter to Mr. Nixon. "President Johnson and I would have been highly criticized if we had not recognized and taken advantage" of the correspondence.

Mr. Nixon disclosed the exchange between himself and Mr. Ho in his nationally broadcast Vietnam policy speech Nov. 3. Mr. Nixon said at the time that the response from Hanoi had "flatly rejected my initiative."

Muskie Disagrees

That judgment has become a controversial issue, with some critics, including Sen. Edmund S. Muskie, D., Maine, claiming that it could have been used to open the way to further actions toward peace beyond the weekly Paris conferences.

Mr. Harriman, in a speech here, said that one of the points on which the Paris negotiations had been bogged down when he was representing the United States was Hanoi's insistence that the internal affairs of South Vietnam be settled in accordance with programs of the National Liberation Front, political wing of the Viet Cong.

In his letter to Mr. Nixon, Mr. Harriman said, Mr. Ho referred to those same demands as "a logical and reasonable basis for settlement but had not said 'this must be.'"

Mr. Harriman also said Mr. Ho had declared that with good will on both sides mutual agreement might be found.

The State Department, however, supported President Nixon's assessment of the Ho position in a paper issued by the Bureau of Public Affairs as a summary of the Paris peace talks to date.

Note Private Letter

The paper noted that Mr. Nixon, as he himself disclosed in his Nov. 3 speech, had written a personal and private letter to Mr. Ho on July 15, 1969, saying the time had come "to move forward at the conference table toward an early resolution of this tragic war."

"The president's initiative was rejected," the State Department summary declared.

Mr. Ho's response was received here at the end of August, a few days before his death. In it he restated the basic North Vietnamese demands for the United States to get its troops out of South Vietnam and respect the right of the South Vietnamese and what he called "the Vietnamese nation" to settle their affairs without foreign interference.

Mr. Ho ended the letter by saying that "with goodwill on both sides we might arrive at common efforts in view of finding a correct solution of the Vietnamese problem."

The State Department summary did not go beyond Mr. Nixon's speech in analyzing the Ho letter. It declared that "all U.S. efforts to get serious negotiations under way at Paris have failed for two reasons." It said these are "the other side's insistence that its proposals can be the only basis for discussion" and "its adamant refusal to negotiate with the government of the Republic of South Vietnam on any basis whatsoever."

ssia Backs noi at UN U.S. POWs

Robert H. Estabrook

ED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. —The Soviet Union deast night that Americans North Vietnam are "air and are not entitled to n of the Geneva convenwar prisoners.

assertion by Soviet repre- Nikolai Tarassov came tter debate in the General 's social committee, in lgeria and Cuba defended Vietnam's treatment of n POWs. The United States that it had intervened on of Algerian prisoners in

an delegate Mohammed rgued that North Vietnam de a specific reservation ar criminals" in its adherthe 1949 Geneva convene United States, he said, is "one of the cruelest colos of our times."

sputed U.S. representative user, who had urged UN Tuesday to press Hanoi w representatives of the of Red Cross Societies acthe prisoners. She alleged ny of the POWs, estimated ber as many as 1,400, had streated.

Hauser replied last night e United States had "reto a human demand" and evidence of torture of Alprisoners during the 1958- r with France. The United was largely responsible, she a petition asking UN disn of an International Red report on conditions in prison camps in Algeria.

Comparison Rejected

r. Yazid rejected the com- Earlier he had cited a rethe North Vietnamese Red ating that the Hanoi govt had followed an "ex-" policy on prisoners. Cuba the United States of "imaginary" charges.

day's debate was on queshuman rights and includd exchanges between Arab es and Israel, as well as ces to persecution of Soviet tuals and the difficulties king sure that petitions he UN Human Rights Com-

itish reference to a petition ovict intellectuals last May a Soviet charge that had used "fabricated" inon. Britain also lamented N information centers no are permitted to accept s for relay to headquarters. speakers contended that and "Zionist" violations of rights are largely ignored UN and by the Western

retorted that Mr. Yazid's omparison of Zionism with represented "unspeakably is malice." It declared that had been an inspiration ther national liberation nts" in Asia and Africa— rtion that Mr. Yazid imy denied.

e-nation committee to inthe conditions of Arab nts in Israeli-occupied terestablished by General resolution last Decemheld its first meeting. as indicated, however, that ot admit the investigating mposed of representatives , Somalia and Yugoslavia. ere in the assembly, the tates strongly championed tion of the UN commisthe unification and reon of Korea in the face fort by 18 powers, includSoviet Union and Algeria, ll discussion of the subject

Big Bid Thie

ls Dem Rebuke



Associated Press.

MOBILIZING FOR MORATORIUM—Workers in Washington prepare signs intended for use in the "March Against Death" from Arlington Cemetery to the Capitol.

Nixon Speaks to Congress As National Protest Starts

(Continued from Page 1)

them across Memorial Bridge and past the White House to the Capitol, where the signs were to be placed in coffins. The march was expected to take about 2 1/2 hours for each person.

Mrs. Judy Droz, 23, of Columbia, Mo., was the first person to step off on the march from the cemetery to the Capitol. Mrs. Droz's husband, Lt. David Glenn Droz, 25, was killed in Vietnam last April aboard a patrol boat in the Mekong Delta. Lt. Droz was awarded the Silver Star posthumously, but his widow refused to accept it.

Later in the evening there will be anti-war speeches at American University and other places.

As the demonstrators began streaming in security measures along the march routes and in areas likely to be the scene of demonstrations were put into effect.

Federal buildings were closed at noon today to all but authorized personnel. Uniformed guards checked each person's credentials before allowing him inside.

Meanwhile, 9,000 riot-trained regular troops were on alert in the Washington area, and 2,500 National Guardsmen were standing by.

A spokesman for the Justice Department's interdivisional information unit, which will keep watch on disturbances throughout the nation over the weekend, said that the situation was "calm."

At the Pentagon, the police arrested about 150 persons, including two Episcopal bishops and other clergymen, after they attempted to conduct a "mass for peace" inside the Defense Department headquarters. One of the bishops was the Right Rev. Edward Crowther, former bishop of Kimberley, South Africa.

The arrests were carried out after Pentagon guards warned the group that its presence was obstructing activities there.

On Capitol Hill, support for the moratorium was conspicuously less than for the Oct. 15 demonstration.

Early today Mayor Walter E. Washington and top district officials announced the plans for keeping order during demonstrations.

Police Chief Jerry Wilson said that police reserves and National Guardsmen will increase the size of the patrol forces by 780 men. In addition, leaves were canceled and special extra patrols added.

There were also protests in other cities across the country.

In New York City about 2,000 persons attended a rally near Times Square to hear talks by Dr. Benjamin Spock and Sam Brown, the national coordinator of the Oct. 15 moratorium. Entertainers at the rally included composer Leonard Bernstein, actor Ossie Davis and the cast of the Broadway rock musical "Hair."

In Sacramento, Calif., protesters began reading names of California war dead on the steps of the state capital. More than 200 gathered in a drizzle at Georgia's capitol in Atlanta to hear folk songs and anti-war speeches. Students distributed pamphlets at factories in Providence, R.I., and in Philadelphia train stations, shopping centers and houses.

In Boston, activities began with a "colloquium" sponsored by the Boston Lawyers' Vietnam Moratorium Committee, and in St. Louis, rallies and demonstrations were planned for today and tomorrow.

Minneapolis police estimated that 1,400 persons braved blowing snow and 23-degree cold to encircle the old federal building and chant, "Give Peace a Chance." About 400 of them had marched two miles from a rally at the University of Minnesota. A counter-rally inside the student union drew only 100 persons, campus police said.

Two California groups began anti-war marches to San Francisco, 100 persons from San Jose, 50 miles away and a smaller group from Santa Cruz, 75 miles distant.

In Oregon, an estimated 400 persons attended morning memorial services in Eugene, a small number of students picketed outside Portland State University, and 40 to 50 students and faculty watched an anti-war film at Oregon State University at Corvallis.

Petition in Vienna

VIENNA, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Nearly 150 American students in Vienna marched through drizzle today to present a petition calling for American withdrawal from Vietnam to U. S. Ambassador John Humes. Students from Stanford's Vienna campus and the Institute of European Studies marched from the State Opera to the embassy, a distance of about two miles.

Demonstration Barred

FRANKFURT, Nov. 13 (AP).—The police today forbade an anti-Vietnam war demonstration planned by Frankfurt University students for Saturday because they said it might result in property damage.

'Assembly' Planned in Rome

ROME, Nov. 12 (NYT).—A group of Americans opposed to the war in Vietnam received official permission today to hold an open-air "assembly" in the Piazza Navona here Saturday to solicit signatures on a letter to President Nixon, attacking his policy.

Paris Protest

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The Movement for Disarmament, Peace and Liberty protested again today the government's ban on a proposed march to the Place de la Bastille. However, its English-speaking unit went ahead with plans for a three-day fast and a demonstration at the American Embassy.

Man Breaks Window At 10 Downing St.

LONDON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—An unemployed man hurled a lump of lead through Prime Minister Harold Wilson's front window today in protest against trade unions.

In court later, 27-year-old Michael John Mayne claimed he had been fired from his job because he would not join a union. He pleaded guilty to maliciously breaking a ground floor window of 10 Downing St. and was remanded in custody for two weeks.

Mr. Wilson was not at home at the time of the incident.

Sen. Holland to Retire

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Sen. Spessard Holland, D., Fla., announced yesterday that he would not seek re-election for a fifth term next year because of an increasingly severe heart ailment. Sen. Holland, 77, who came to the Senate in 1946, told a news conference that he has suffered from angina pectoris for the last eight years.

Pentagon Wants To Develop Synthetic Germs as Weapon

By Richard Homan

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Pentagon is eager to begin development of a synthetic germ weapon for which there would be no natural antidote but has postponed research on it because of "growing criticism" of chemical and biological warfare, a top Defense Department scientist has told Congress.

Within five to ten years, at a cost of $10 million, "it would be possible to produce a synthetic biological agent, an agent that does not naturally exist and for which no natural immunity could have been acquired," Dr. Donald M. MacArthur, deputy director of research for the Defense Department, said.

Dr. MacArthur, testifying before the House Defense Appropriations subcommittee, also disclosed that the United States has stockpiled several tons of an exotic chemical agent called BZ that has effects similar to LSD and can mentally incapacitate its victims for two or three days.

The testimony, given in closed session last June, was made public yesterday by the subcommittee.

Rapid Advances

"Molecular biology is a field that is advancing very rapidly," and the Pentagon wants to being research to prevent being caught by "technological surprise," Dr. MacArthur said.

Tentative plans were made to initiate a Pentagon research program, he said, but "decreasing funds in CB, growing criticism of the CB program and our reluctance to involve the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council in such a controversial endeavor have led us to postpone it for the past two years."

Molecular biology deals with germ life that does not exist naturally but is created in the laboratory. All biological agents until now have been germs of naturally occurring diseases which are available to scientists throughout the world for research and preparation of defensive agents.

The new infective micro-organisms "could differ in certain important aspects from any known disease-causing organisms," Dr. MacArthur testified. "Most important," it might repel "the immunological and therapeutic processes upon which we depend to maintain our relative freedom from infectious disease."

"Without the sure scientific knowledge that such a weapon is possible and an understanding of the ways it could be done, there is little that can be done to devise defensive measures," he said.

10 Tons Stockpiled

Dr. MacArthur also said that the Defense Department has stockpiled "less than ten tons" of BZ, an incapacitating agent produced commercially for the government at a cost of $20 a pound—ten times the cost of GB, the lethal nerve gas.

"BZ brings about complete mental disorientation as well as sedation which induces sleep," Dr. MacArthur said.

Though BZ has no chemical relationship to LSD, he said, "some of the effects are similar."

Dr. MacArthur said that the "incapacitating dose" of BZ is about two milligrams, by inhalation. Ten tons would contain about 4.5 billion such doses, but he testified at another point that ten tons would "take care of one battalion"—about 800 men.

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House Panel Blasts Army Gas Testing

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (AP).—Accusing the Army of "lack of candor, deception and disregard of the public interest," a House subcommittee called today for an immediate halt to large-scale open-air tests of gas for warfare.

The panel on conservation and natural resources said the public should know when future open-air tests—already restricted under provisions of an act adopted by Congress last week—are made.

Charging that a "web of secrecy" envelops Army chemical and biological warfare (CBW) operations, the subcommittee said in a report approved by the parent Government Operations Committee, "there is no adequate justification for such secrecy and deception."

The report laid the blame on the Army's nerve agent VX for the death or injury of 6,000 sheep near the Dugway proving ground in Utah last year.

Expensive Sheep

The Army denied it was responsible, attempted to block an investigation by local authorities, but finally paid ranchers $55 a head for the loss of the sheep, the report said.

Not only did the committee accuse the Army of deception in handling the incident, but it said the Army paid too much for the sheep, which local ranchers said were worth $30 to $50 a head.

The military procurement bill, which cleared the House and Senate last week, limits open-air tests to those determined "necessary to the national security" by the secretary of defense.

But the subcommittee investigators said large-scale tests were so "intolerably hazardous to our own citizens" that they could not be justified as being necessary for national security.

The report came shortly after Rep. Richard McCarthy, D., N.Y., asserted that tear gas—described as a nonlethal battle aid by the military—is being used as a weapon of death in Vietnam.

Rep. McCarthy urged President Nixon to resubmit the 1925 Geneva protocol on CBW to the Senate. The protocol, never ratified by the United States, includes tear gas in its ban on the use of all such agents in war.

U.S. Mayor Faces Trial for Tearing Down Hanoi Flag

SANTA CRUZ, Calif., Nov. 13 (Reuters).—The district attorney's office said yesterday that it would file malicious mischief charges against the mayor of Santa Cruz for tearing down a replica of a Viet Cong flag hanging from a house here Tuesday.

Mayor Richard Werner, 74, first asked the police to remove the flag from Larry Bell's home. When police declined, he ripped it down himself.

"I fought in both world wars," the mayor said. "When we saw an enemy flag, we killed everybody in the building, then took the flag down. They [Mr. Bell and his friends)] got off easy."

Mr. Bell, a teacher, said that he displayed a makeshift Viet Cong emblem because he saw several American flags flying Tuesday, which was Veterans Day.

Students, Guards Clash at Fordham

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (AP).—Fordham University students and security guards clashed last night when guards tried to force a barricaded student group out of the president's office.

About 75 students, opposed to ROTC military training on the campus, had taken over the office earlier in the day. At least two guards were injured trying to oust them.

The students eventually fled through windows to avoid city police summoned to the campus. Six were caught and held, police said.

Ten Negro GIs in Germany Shifted as 'Inflammatory'

HEIDELBERG, West Germany, Nov. 13 (AP).—Ten Negro soldiers have been summarily transferred from their posts in Germany for what U. S. Army spokesmen said were "threatening and inflammatory statements" made at all-black meetings.

Army officials at Heidelberg headquarters said in response to queries that the ten men were all stationed in the Augsburg area of southern Germany. Names were not released.

Of the ten, one man was routed out at 3 a.m. and driven to Frankfurt's Rhine-Main Airport where he was put aboard a military transport. Asked why the transfer was made at such an hour, an Army spokesman said it was so the man would be on time for departure of the aircraft.

Three others were given abrupt notice of transfer at 6 a.m. reveille and flown out later that day. In all, six men were returned to the United States and the remaining four were re-assigned in Germany.

According to the Heidelberg spokesman, such transfers of men are ordered because, "this command, from time to time, deems it prudent to remove individuals whose activities have been found to be prejudicial to morale, discipline or good order."

When asked to disclose what constituted breaches of this kind in the meetings the men attended, the spokesman said:

"Statements made in the meetings tended to become threatening and inflammatory and could have led to the type of agitation detrimental to good order and discipline."

The decision to transfer the men to other units came on order of Brig. Gen. George Haywood Young, commander of the 24th Infantry Division's forward elements in Germany.

The transfers occurred in October but were not disclosed then.

In commenting further, the Army spokesman said:

"It was the judgment of the commanders on the scene that the situation could best be handled, before it became more serious, by re-assignment of certain individuals who were involved in varying degrees in the meetings. The actions taken were administrative and preventive in nature."

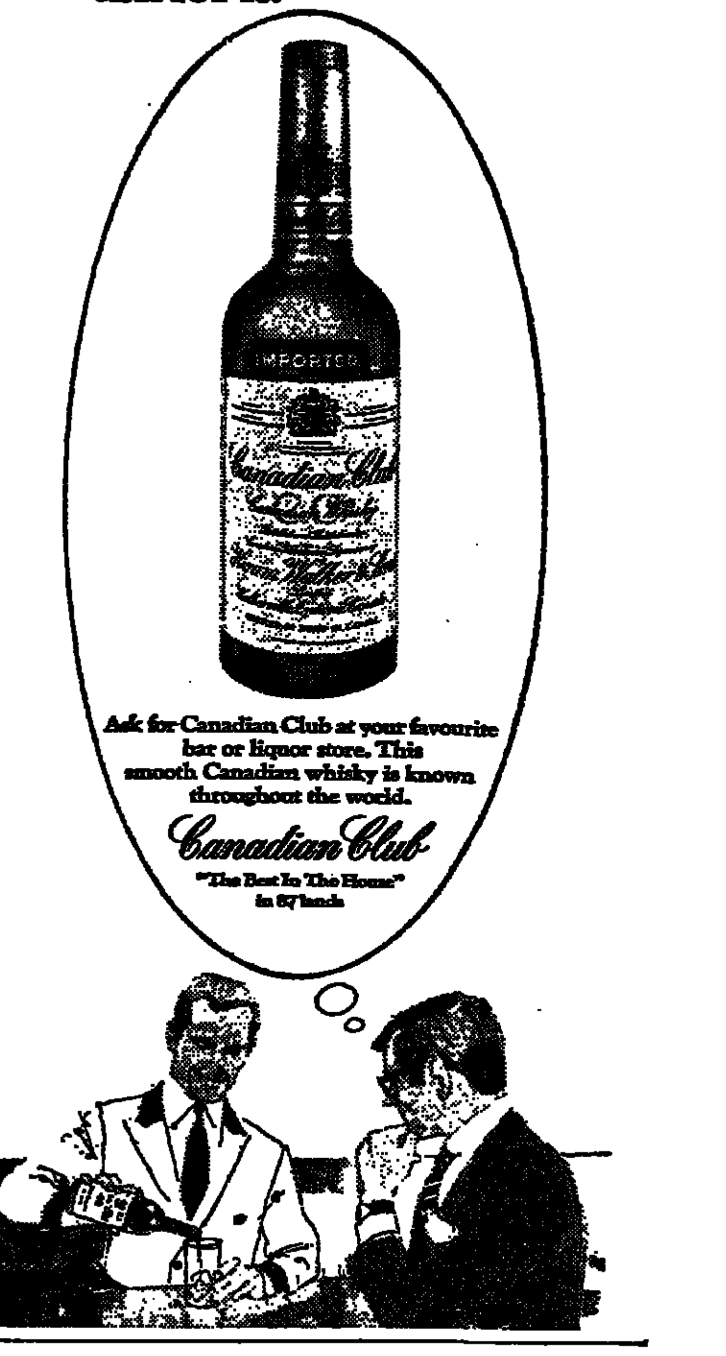
Richardson Sees Schumann in Paris

PARIS, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—U.S. Under Secretary of State Elliot Richardson and French Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann yesterday discussed European security, including a Western initiative for balanced force reductions by NATO and the Warsaw Pact.

Mr. Richardson, who attended a meeting of foreign and deputy foreign ministers and other representatives of the NATO Council in Brussels last week, also discussed other world problems here, including the Middle East and Vietnam.

Mr. Richardson said the proposal to seek balanced reductions in forces would be discussed at NATO's ministerial meeting in Brussels in December.

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Number 'Might Reach 109'

S. Army Officer Accused of Killing Vietnam Civilians

Robert M. Smith

INGTON, Nov. 13 (NYT). rmy has retained a first t on active duty for 2 1/2 beyond his term of service investigates charges that "quite a number" of Vietcivilians.

fficer, Lt. William Laws r., 26, of Miami, Fla., is tained in the Army at ning, Ga. Officers there t on Sept. 5 Lt. Calley charged with the murder specified number of civilVietnam in 1968.

hen, he has been kept on ost as a special deputy to ty post commander, Col ng.

my said that it would not he specifics of the alleged crime "in order not to prejudice the continuing investigation or the rights of the accused."

Officials at Ft. Benning are now trying to determine whether there is sufficient evidence to court-martial the lieutenant.

Lt. Calley's civilian attorney, George W. Latimer, who represented one of the soldiers involved in the recent "Green Beret case," spelled out, however, the allegations against the officer.

He said there are six specifications against the lieutenant and that they allege that he killed "quite a number of people."

Pressed about the number of allegedly slain, Mr. Latimer said, "I would guess that if all the specifications were added together the number might reach 109." He said that had been suggested to him as the figure commonly cited in reports from Ft. Benning.

At the time of the alleged killings, Mr. Latimer said, Lt. Calley was in command of a platoon of the 23d Division, 11th Infantry Brigade. The platoon was part of a task force ordered in March, 1968, to capture several villages in a Viet Cong stronghold called Pinkville, according to Mr. Latimer.

The lieutenant's platoon was to take one village, or perhaps a few villages strung together, six miles northeast of Quang Ngai.

'Multiple Number'

Lt. Calley advanced with his troops into the village and allegedly killed what Mr. Latimer called "a multiple number" of civilians with his rifle.

Mr. Latimer said that the lieutenant was innocent. "It was in the line of duty," the lawyer said.

Mr. Latimer, who was a judge on the U.S. Court of Military Appeals for ten years and now has a law practice in Salt Lake City, said the case reminded him of the Green Beret affair: "We are trying our own people for shooting people who were in the enemy camp."

"They were Viet Cong villages," Mr. Latimer said, "and these people worked for the Viet Cong—carrying ammunition and so on."

The Army said Lt. Calley is under no restraint and is "on a full-duty status."

Pentagon officials said Tuesday that the investigation had reached the stage where the lieutenant's commander at Ft. Benning now has to decide whether he should order the convening of a court-martial.

If the investigation does not turn up enough evidence to warrant a court-martial, in the view of the commander, the charge will be dropped.

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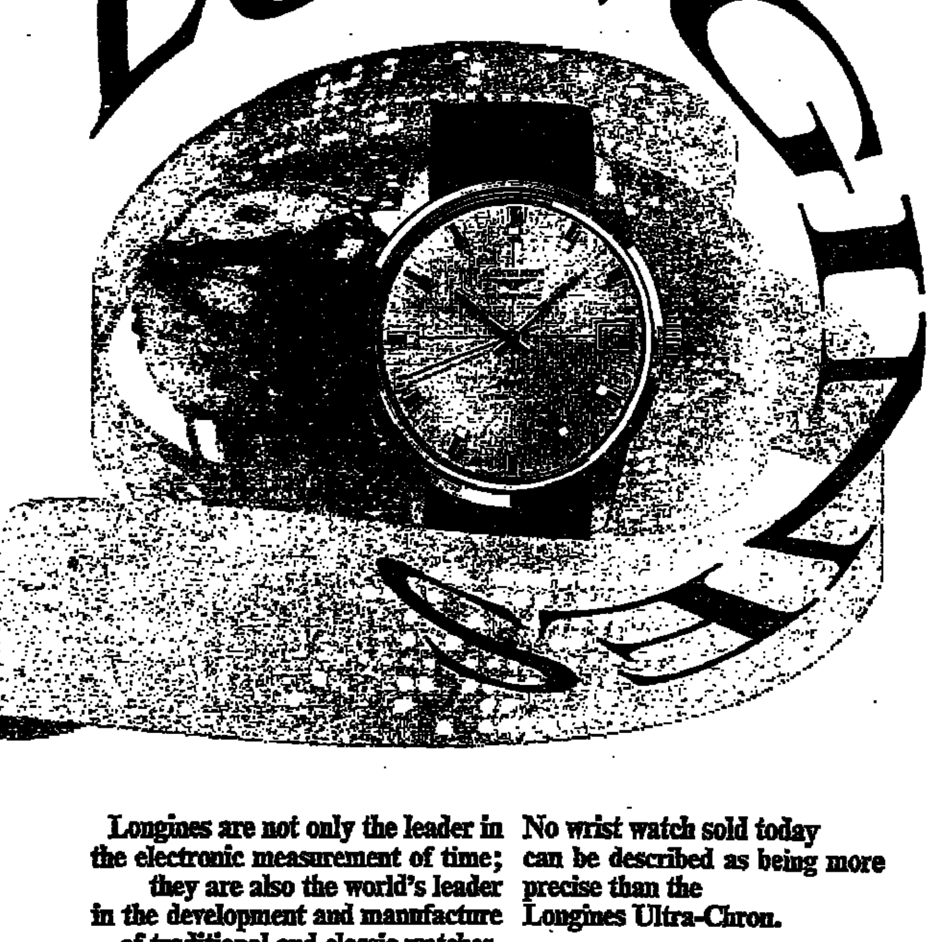
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House Unit Votes $6.6 Billion For Transport, SST Included

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The House Appropriations Committee approved today a $6.614 billion transportation money bill, including $95.9 million for supersonic-transport (SST) development, and calling for a large increase in air traffic control facilities.

But mass transit research was cut sharply.

The committee also voted to reduce the authorized Coast Guard reserve strength by 2,500 men and suggested that the Federal Aviation Administration find enough savings in its budget to begin training 1,000 additional air traffic controllers.

The committee slashed $30.5 million from the administration's request for $252 million in urban mass transportation, largely in research and study funds.

The actions came as the committee gave final approval to a money bill for activities of the Transportation Department and related agencies in the 12 months ending next June 30.

The $6.614 billion total was about $14 million below President Nixon's budget requests after adjustment for the inflation-fighting freeze he ordered on 7 percent of new federally funded construction projects. About $172 million was dropped from the appropriation bill because of the freeze, the committee said. $100 million of it in highway trust funds.

In other developments:

● A Senate subcommittee headed by Sen. Edward Kennedy, D., Mass., proposed a blueprint for improving the life of America's 600,000 Indians, with stress on better schooling and more self-government.

● Roy Prewitt, a Federal Trade Commission investigator, said an FTC study of advertising promotional sweepstakes, popular with mail-order firms, magazines and soap and oil companies, showed that in the last two years fewer than 10 percent of the prizes offered were ever awarded.

He told the House small-business subcommittee that the companies gave away "only a fraction" of the prizes they promised.

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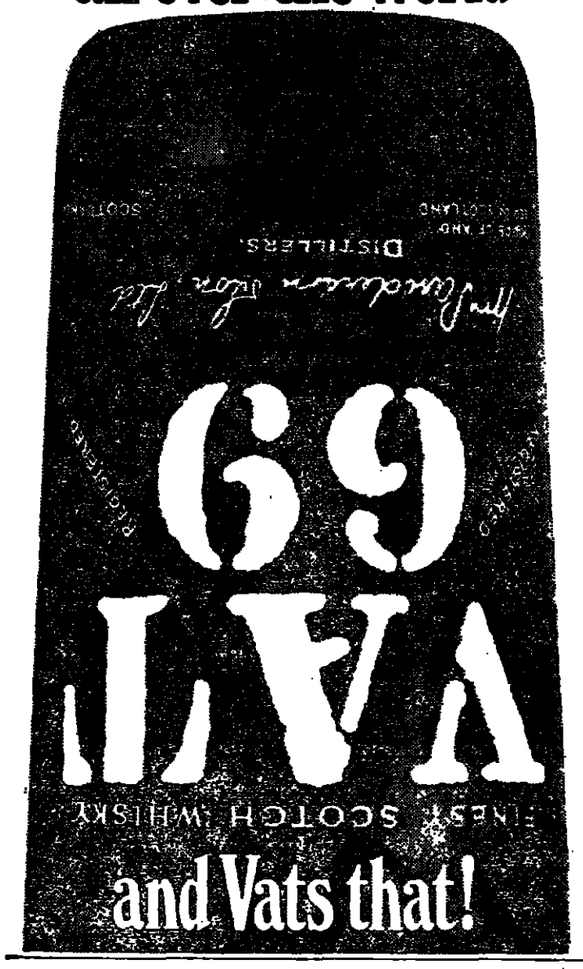
Soviet Marshal Begins One-Week Cuban Visit

HAVANA, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—Andrei Grechko arrived here yesterday on an official visit to Cuba, which is expected to last about a week.

Marshal Grechko is the most important Soviet official to visit the Caribbean Island since Premier Alexei N. Kosygin was here two years ago. A Soviet fleet visited Havana last July.

In Moscow, Marshal Grechko's visit is seen as another step toward improvement of relations.

The scotch that goes down well all over the world



Yippie Leader Returns After Leaving Trial

Judge Revoked Bond, Ordered Arrest

CHICAGO, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Yippie leader Jerry Rubin, who walked out of the Chicago riot conspiracy trial yesterday without the judge's permission, returned to the federal building four hours later and surrendered to U.S. marshals.

"I think the judge is out to get us one by one," Mr. Rubin said as he was taken into custody. Judge Julius Hoffman sentenced black Panther leader Bobby Seale to four years for contempt of court during the trial.

Mr. Rubin said that he left the courtroom about 15 minutes before the session was scheduled to be over to make a flight to New Jersey, where he had been scheduled to make a speech at Rutgers University at New Brunswick. Mr. Rubin said he heard about the judge's order to have him arrested when he was on his way to the airport.

Wearing the wig that he was given when the trial began in September, Mr. Rubin told a news conference that he thought the judge's action was taken to keep him from appearing in Washington at an anti-Vietnam war rally this weekend.

Mr. Rubin was taken to central police headquarters where authorities said he would remain overnight.

U.S. District Judge Hoffman ordered Mr. Rubin's arrest and revocation of his $10,000 bond.

'Misunderstanding'

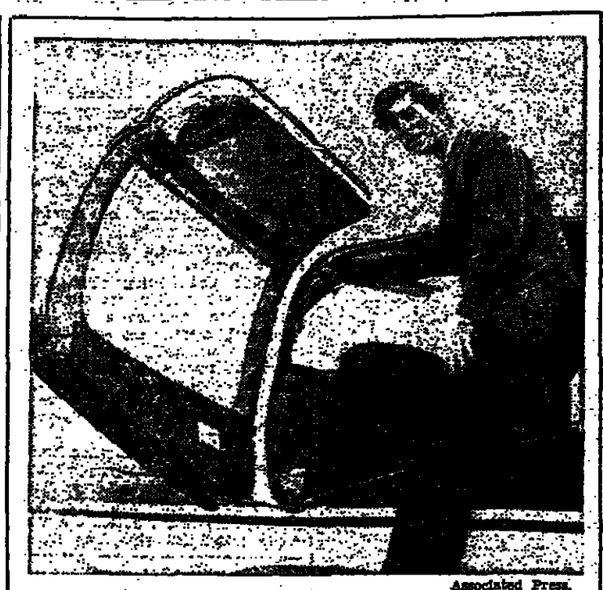
Yesterday, William M. Kunstler, a defense attorney, argued that the incident stemmed from a "misunderstanding" over the defendants' privileges. He said the defendants believed they had the judge's permission to leave the courtroom for brief periods to meet outside commitments. Mr. Kunstler noted that Mr. Rubin had left behind a written waiver of his constitutional right to be present at his trial.

But Judge Hoffman refused to accept the waiver. "We're not quite that informal, sir," he told Mr. Kunstler. "I'm the one to determine when a defendant may leave."

Mr. Rubin's absence from the crowded, cluttered defense table might never have been noticed if his name had not come up in testimony.

It was the first time all day that Irwin Bock, an undercover Chicago policeman, had mentioned Mr. Rubin. According to trial procedure, the prosecutor would then have asked the witness whether he could point Mr. Rubin out in the courtroom.

Instead, Richard Schultz, an assistant U.S. attorney, informed Judge Hoffman that Mr. Rubin was missing.



Associated Press.

COMING OF AGE—Prince Charles, who is 21 years old today, chose this informal pose to mark the event. The photograph was taken at an airfield in Cambridgeshire, where he is training in twin-engined aircraft.

Red Party Unit of Czech Radio Quits to Avoid 'Self-Criticism'

PRAGUE, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The entire Communist party organization of the Czechoslovak radio resigned today, apparently rather than condemn its work during the 1968 invasion of Czechoslovakia.

In making the announcement, Prague radio and the CTK news agency said the presidium of the party committee in the district where the radio headquarters is located accepted the mass resignation at a meeting today.

According to CTK, the radio's party organization "did not show enough ability to assess its past activities objectively and to secure the dedicated realization of current party policy."

This was taken to mean that the group failed to fully "criticize" the radio's activities in the 1968 liberalization period, and especially in the days after the August invasion.

Clandestine Studios

In the period immediately after Russian tanks entered Prague, the radio—with broadcasters moving from one clandestine site to another to avoid discovery—channeled information both to Czechoslovaks and the outside world.

Although the radio's party organization apparently would not comply with demands for a full "self-criticism," Prague radio's management under its new conservative leadership did.

On Nov. 5 the management issued a statement accusing "right-list-opportunist" Czechoslovak radio employees of having used its facilities for "open nationalism, the most vulgar anti-Sovietism" and other offenses.

CTK also said Czechoslovak television's West European correspondent was expelled from the party today, apparently for similar reasons.

The agency reported that Bedrich Rohan, a well-known newscaster based in Paris, lost his membership after rejecting a decision to recall him from his post and writing "demagogical attacks" against current party policy. In the same letter to television officials, Mr. Rohan said he was not returning to Czechoslovakia, CTK said.

Nixon Advocates Major Reforms In Prison System

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (UPI).—President Nixon advocated immediate and dramatic reform today of the U.S. prison system to help protect the public from the criminal who comes out more dangerous than when first arrested.

Mr. Nixon directed Attorney General John N. Mitchell to coordinate a 13-point program with emphasis on rehabilitation, particularly of the young offender.

The President also urged the "concerned citizen" to support prison reform as one of the most effective ways of fighting crime.

"One of the areas where citizen cooperation is most needed is in the rehabilitation of the convicted criminal," he said. "Men and women who are released from prison must be given a fair opportunity to prove themselves as they return to society." The President's program was outlined in a directive to Mr. Mitchell. It included no immediate requests for action by Congress although several studies were proposed which could lead to future legislation.

Voting-Age Bill Advances in Bonn

BONN, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—The West German cabinet today approved a draft bill lowering the voting age from 21 to 18.

The bill would also lower the age at which candidates can be elected to the Bundestag (federal lower house) or to regional parliaments from 25 to 21.

The constitutional change would raise the number of eligible voters in West Germany from the present 38.6 million to just over 40 million. The bill must be approved by parliament, but the opposition Christian Democrats also favor it.

Government spokesman Conrad Ahlers told a press conference the move is intended to increase the political involvement of young people.

French to Try Two In Hijack Thursday

BERLIN, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The two East German hijackers of a Polish airliner will go on trial before a court next Thursday, French military authorities said today.

The two men, Ulrich Juergen Von Hof, 19, and Peter Klemt, 24, forced the pilot of a Polish LOT Airlines turboprop aircraft at gunpoint to land at Tegel Airport in the French sector of West Berlin, Oct. 19. They then asked for political asylum.

Six Students Hijack DC-4 From Colombia to Havana

CUCUTA, Colombia, Nov. 13 (AP).—A DC-4 airliner with 56 passengers and a crew of three was hijacked today by six students who ordered the pilot to go to Cuba, the Avianca airline announced.

The plane landed at Barranquilla, on the Caribbean coast of northern Colombia, for refueling, the airline added.

While the plane was on a flight between Cucuta, at the border of Venezuela, and Bogota, the six air pirates invaded the cockpit to announce Havana as the new destination.

The students were armed but the airline did not specify the type of weapons.

When the plane arrived in Barranquilla, authorities instructed airport workers not to interfere with the refueling for fear the students would use their weapons.

Fourteen other Colombian planes have been hijacked and flown to Cuba. Today's hijacking was the third involving a South American airline in two days.

A small Brazilian airliner, which was hijacked over the Amazon River, landed in Havana today after leap-frogging around the Caribbean to refuel through the night.

Authorities said the plane, a twin-engine Cruzeiro do Sul airliner carrying six passengers and six crew members, was commandeered yesterday by a man with a gun and a hand grenade who approached the pilot and said: "Let's go to Cuba."

Yesterday two Chilean teenagers were overpowered by an airline pilot after trying to force him to fly his Caravelle jetliner to Cuba. After a brief struggle in mid-air, shortly after the plane took off from Antofagasta, the two—aged 15 and 16—were flown back to Santiago bound in ropes.

Bandits in Africa Take Gems Worth $3.6 Million

FREETOWN, Sierra Leone, Nov. 13 (AP).—Bandits threw pepper into the eyes of security men and stole diamonds worth $3.6 million in a daring airport raid, Sierra Leone Selection Trust said today.

The bandits fled after shooting a Sierra Leone police sergeant and another officer, wounding one seriously. They escaped in a security car that was to have been used to carry the diamonds into Freetown from Hastings Airport.

Police said that the car was abandoned at a ferry crossing about 85 miles north of Freetown.

Sierra Leone Selection Trust, a British company, last year sold diamonds worth $28.2 million. It is the dominant force in Sierra Leone's rich diamond industry, which accounts for about 65 percent of the export earnings of this tiny West African nation.

Hijacker's Town Honors Lawyer

ROME, Nov. 13 (AP).—Marvin Mitchelson, the U. S. lawyer for hijacker Raffaele Minichiello, was named an honorary citizen today of Cpl. Minichiello's home town in southern Italy, Melito Irpino.

An aide of Mr. Mitchelson made the announcement last night. This morning, Mayor Gennaro Capasso awarded the honorary citizenship to the 41-year-old California lawyer.

Syria Reopens Its Border With Lebanon

But Warns Beirut On Guerrilla Policy

DAMASCUS, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Syria announced today it has decided to reopen its border with Lebanon, closed 24 days ago at the height of fighting between Arab guerrillas and the Lebanese Army.

But it threatened to take "strict and final" measures if the Nov. 2 agreement reached in Cairo between Lebanon and guerrilla leaders is not implemented.

News of Syria's decision to lift its border restrictions came first when an announcer broke into regular Damascus radio programs. Later the Syrian Arab News Agency issued an official statement which said the decision was taken by the highest authority in Syria—the Political Bureau of the ruling Arab Socialist Ba'ath party.

"The Political Bureau has decided to reopen the border with Lebanon and has instructed the Ministry of Interior to take gradual measures to this end," the statement said.

Observers said it seemed the border would be reopened slowly, checkpoint by checkpoint.

'Promises' to Guerrillas

The statement said Palestinian leaders had "received promises and agreements to protect [their] freedom of movement" and pledges that "Arab progressives and nationalists in Lebanon" who supported the resistance would not be pursued.

The statement said Syria considered its first duty was to put its "material and moral potential and geographical position" at the service of the resistance.

If there was any delay or backtracking on the Cairo agreement, measures taken by Syria "will be strict and final and in line with its responsibilities toward the Arab revolution," the statement said.

(In Beirut, a 1200 GMT newscast from the official radio confirmed the border had been reopened. The radio attributed its information to a dispatch it said the Lebanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs received at 1000 GMT today.)

Indication of 2 Policy Papers

NATO Apparently Returni To Reliance on A-Weapon

By William Beecher

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The North Atlantic Treaty Organization appears to be moving once again toward greater reliance on nuclear weapons to deter any Soviet aggression.

At a two-day meeting in nearby Warrington, Va., the alliance's seven-nation Nuclear Planning Group agreed on two policy papers, according to military and diplomatic sources.

If, as expected, the two documents are approved by allied defense ministers in Brussels next month, they will become part of the alliance's formal doctrine, the sources said.

One paper presents specific guidance for civilian government leaders to their military commanders on what sort of plans to prepare for a variety of situations involving tactical weapons—relatively small nuclear rockets, bombs and artillery shells.

The paper does not commit the alliance in advance to any particular form of nuclear response but rather discusses several choices among which commanders could select at the moment of need. This is the first time such tactical nuclear guidance has been provided in the two years since NATO shifted from a doctrine of massive nuclear retaliation to one of flexible response.

Allied Consultations

The other document treats in greater detail than ever before how the members of the alliance would consult before the use of such weapons. But the planning group rejected the idea of giving any member a formal right to veto the use of nuclear weapons, even on its own territory. Rather, it was agreed, the President of the United States would give "great weight" to the views of the most vitally concerned allied governments before making his decision on using the weapons, furnished by the United States.

The combination of NATO's finally getting down to specific plans on how to use tactical nuclear weapons if deterrence fails and the growing pressure throughout the alliance to cut back on non-nuclear ground and air forces, some officials say, seems to be leading inexorably toward greater reliance on nuclear weapons in the event of war in Europe.

In a communiqué issued at the close of the meetings yesterday afternoon, these two actions were approached in rather general terms.

Diplomats said that since the two papers represent the considered judgment of seven alliance members—the United States, Britain, West Germany, Italy, Turkey, Belgium and Denmark—approval was expected from the defense ministers of the 14 alliance members in Brussels. France no longer participates in NATO military planning.

Compromise Between Nations

The tactical nuclear paper, drafted by West Germany and Britain over a period of two years, is said to represent a compromise between the positions of many European nations and of the United States.

The Germans in particular are known to be determined that the Soviet Union realize that any major invasion would be met fairly quickly with nuclear weapons and that once such weapons are fired, it might be difficult to prevent the war from escalating to an exchange of strategic nuclear missiles.

The Germans are also worried that Moscow might feel that the use of tactical nuclear weapons would be limited to the battle area. Crowded West Germany could suffer as much devastation from that as from strategic nuclear war. Many of NATO's "small" weapons are larger than the 20-kiloton bombs, equivalent to 20,000 tons of TNT, dropped on Japan in World War II.

The United States has been reluctant to commit itself in advance to early use of even small weapons because of a concern that any nuclear exchange might lead to the launching of strategic nuclear weapons against the United States and the Soviet Union.

But on the ground that the 7,000 small tactical nuclear weapons the United States has in Europ stitute a vital part of the all ability to deter war, An planners have argued that it comes clear, after an ung period of time, that an in force can not be halted by ventional forces, then nuclea pons should be used, initia least, only against the in forces in allied territory.

Skirting these and relate ferences, the planning gro cided to chart a whole ra choices and discuss the p and military implications o At the time of crisis, a choice can be made, it was

Rogers Lis U.S. Aims i SALT Talk

(Continued from Page

lowing three U.S. objecti the discussions:

"To enhance internationa rity by maintaining a stab Soviet *strategic* relat through limitations on the ment of strategic arms.

"To halt the upward sp strategic arms and avoid th sions, uncertainties, and c an unrestrained continua the strategic arms race.

"To reduce the risk of a break of nuclear war thr dialogue about issues arisin the strategic situation."

Delegates Off Amid Del

WASHINGTON, Nov. American delegation took of for strategic arms limitation (SALT) with the Russians sinki amid a Senate-admini controversy over the negot

Sen. Albert Gore, D., Ten terday accused the admini of refusing to permit the s tors to tell his Senate D ment Subcommittee what t tend to say and do in Helsi

The senator's allegation interest in view of the fa two of the negotiators some two-score reporters he day about the upcoming m

Sen. Gore, who suppor negotiations, said his subcor asked the State Department Control and Disarmament Monday for a briefing Helsinki negotiators.

He said the State Depa replied that it had been ins to refer all such requests White House's Offices of N Security Affairs or Congre Liaison.

No one from those offi sponded to the subcomm briefing request. Sen. Gore

The delegation, headed r rard C. Smith, was making stop in Brussels tonight.

Mr. Smith, director of th Arms Control and Disarm Agency, was scheduled to br North Atlantic Treaty Or tion Council.

Iskander Mirza Ex-President o Pakistan, Dies

LONDON, Nov. 13 (AP). Iskander Mirza, 75, presid Pakistan until he was depo Ayub Khan in 1958, died London home today.

Gen. Mirza became acting dent of Pakistan in Augus He was elected provisional dent in March, 1956.

Cause of death was no mediately disclosed.

Gen. Mirza was educat Bombay and at the Royal M College at Sandhurst, Br West Point. He rose throug ranks to become defense sec governor-general and even the first president of the I Republic of Pakistan.

By October, 1958, Gen. was faced with a rising ti unrest and violence. He im martial law, dismissed the c and provincial government bolished all political parties abrogated the constitution. weeks later Gen. Mirza h over all his powers to fellow-s Gen. Mohammed Ayub Khan.

A. Wilfred May

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (AP Wilfred May, 69, a financial and former foreign correspon died yesterday after he fell stories from his Plaza Hotel to the roof of the hotel hall

Mr. May suffered from Pa son's disease. At the time o death he was executive edit the Commercial and Fina Chronicle. In his long journa career he had worked for the York Herald Tribune, among publications.

Vasily Y. Chernyshev

MOSCOW, Nov. 13 (Reute Vasily Y. Chernyshev, 61, fo Communist party head of Soviet Maritime Region which cludes the Ussuri River bo with China, died last night heart attack, it was officially ported today.

Mr. Chernyshev was replace Maritime Region head earlier year.

French Farmers Tu Pig, Cow to Protest

BORDEAUX, Nov. 13 (Reute —Militant farmers took a cow a pig up 17 floors of a govern office building today to pro against taxes.

The farmers also took a load vegetables and a barrel of w into the modern office build After their protest the farmers taking their animals and the with them.

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DANCE

lti-Media: A Mixed Reaction

y David Stevens

, Nov. 13.—As the final ain went down on the of the Don Redlich ompany, with the stage entire troupe (all three) covered with torn-up ers and three different of paint, the audience ng in at least four dif- directions. Roughly 25 was heading for the had already made it other quarter was whis- nd booing and another ing and shouting "bra- th equal partisanship, remainder was taking hole scene with baffled ment.

uring the intermissions ed that almost everyone for this second program Paris Dance Festival at atre des Champs-Elysées king about what he had stage. Namely, a high- onal distillation of the porary American dance ranging from Martha to Broadway and be- nd incorporating experi- with film, color, lighting rm.

dominant impression by the eight varied and uneven items on the was that Don Redlich's lar bent—both as a cho- her and as his own al dancer—is for an al- Chaplinesque tragi-comic of the human condition, ed in vignettes that by being zany and end ng upsetting. To say, as ogram does, that he is, all, a creator of comic is to miss half the point.

verextended Anarchy

program ranged, in logical order, from "Jibe," eriment in film, color and g, with the forms of the s only dimly perceived h a translucent plastic , to the somewhat over- ed anarchy of "Slouching ds Bethlehem," in which aint and paper-throwing exhausted the patience of a certain part of the audience.

In between, among other things, came "Couplet," to music by Charles Ives, a love duet that moves from a tender beginning to a confused separation and back to a melancholy reconciliation; and "Cahoots," which seemed to progress from mechanical-doll drollery to childish awareness to adult disillusionment, without losing its humorous touch. There was also "Dance for One Figure, Four Objects and Film Sequence," a choreography by Anna Nassif, in which Redlich live and simultaneously on film enacted a kind of Freudian dream sequence to the schizophrenic accompaniment of Corelli's baroque orderliness on which was superimposed (or vice versa) Ligeti's contemporary chaos.

There were times when the jokes got a bit thin and boredom moved in, but the discipline and inventiveness of Redlich and his two accomplices—Gladys Baffin and Elina Mooney—rarely flagged.



Gladys Baffin, Don Redlich in "Cahoots."

Roge

U.S.

SALT

(Continued

MOVIES IN PARIS

Brigitte Bardot in 'Les Femmes': Still a Pretty Sight

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS Nov. 13.—"Les Femmes" (at the Normandie, the Boul' Mich', the Dragon and the Caméo) is the latest Brigitte Bardot film.

Let us for argument's sake apply the critic Sainte-Beuve's rule of evaluating art in its own terms and say that "Les Femmes" is a work of art.

On its own terms, it is a pleasant, middling sex farce, familiar boulevard fodder but brightened by some diverting dialogue contributed by Cécil Saint-Laurent and Jean Aurel (the author-director) and embellished by shots of its heroine in the all-together. Picture patrons may be accustomed by now to viewing Mlle. Bardot undressing and undressed, but it is still a pretty sight and the color photography on this occasion has the vibrant tones of a slick magazine advertisement.

A Don Juan novelist, exhausted by his countless adventures and threatened with matrimony, is stalled at his writing desk. To inspire him anew, his publisher proposes Mlle. Bardot as a secretary-companion and off they go, the Don Juan and B.B., aboard Le Train Bleu to compose a new bestseller. Her tactics of winning the heart of this jaded and conceited ladies' man is to make him jealous—and she succeeds during the railroad journey. The rest, you may either imagine or inspect at the aforementioned cinemas.

As a comedienne, playing a flirtatious floozy, Mlle. Bardot has attractive gifts. Piquant, amusing and always pictorially beguiling, she sustains the fluffy, light touch, while Maurice Ronet as the spoiled darling of the boudoirs accompanies her on a comically heavier second fiddle, the straight-man to her calculated jibes. "Les Femmes"—which a decade ago would have made many stolid elders blush—is now only restricted to those under 13.

* * *

"More" (at the Rio-Opéra, the Marais, the Saint-Germain-Huchette, the Bonaparte, the Elysées-Lincoln I and the Elysées-Lincoln II, the Cinévog the Studio Raspail and the Mayfair—in English, at all of them) is forbidden to those under 18 and came within an ace of being banned in France.

After its triumphant showing at the Cannes festival, it was held up by the censors who feared it might encourage drug-addiction among the young. Morals, of course, should be left to moralists, but to any objective observer of the war-to-reform-everybody, this film—leaving aside for a moment its aesthetic virtues—appears in the nature of a very strong warning against the narcotic habit.

"More" is an earnest and gripping study of an adventurous young German who, arriving in bohemian Paris, is lured into taking drugs by a siren pusher. Together, they travel to the Spanish coast and conduct all sorts of drug experiments. He becomes an incurable junkie and, half-mad, commits suicide by mistake by taking an overdose.

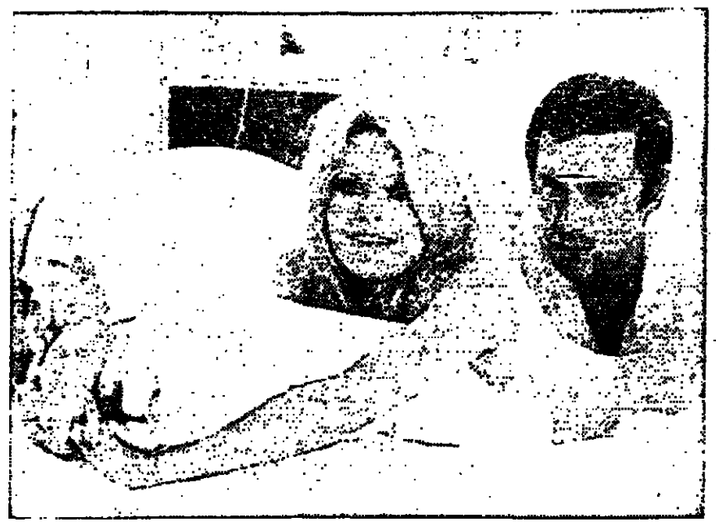
Brilliantly directed by Barbet Schroeder, this film is a depressing case history transformed into a compelling tragedy. There is an utterly convincing performance by Klaus Grunberg as the youth with a monkey on his back and striking work by Mimsy Farmer as the temptress who draws him to self-destruction. The camera captures the beauty of the seascapes and depicts the drugged dreams with real distinction. With his first feature film, Barbet Schroeder has gained a prominent position for himself as a director of originality and unusual talents.

* * *

Sidney Poitier is now at the top of the movie ladder. He recently won an Oscar and is one of the most popular, as well as one of the most gifted, American players. Thus, it is astonishing to find him in such a shoddy B-picture as "The Lost Man" (at the Marbeuf in English).

There was a time when celebrated actors, having signed long-term contracts, were forced to do their employer's bidding. The eminent Sir Herbert Beerbohm-Tree, as a result of a long-term contract, was made to pretend he was a Yankee farmer in "The Old Folks at Home" and the great John Barrymore was, in his declining years, turned into a low comic by his Hollywood bosses. But these are the days of independent production, one-picture deals and free enterprise and certainly an actor of Poitier's rank should have a say on his scripts.

"The Lost Man" rings false throughout and even Poitier's considerable histrionic powers—his performance in "Raisin in the Sun" remains one of the most persuasive the screen has ever seen—fail to make the movie even slightly plausible. In it, a black militant leader decides to raid the safe of a factory office to secure funds for the movement. Dedicated leaders rarely think in such terms and it is well known that they make inept thieves and spies. Perhaps the only grain of truth in this foolish scenario is that the leader bungles the robbery. However, he shoots a man during the get-away and the rest is chase stuff with Joanna Shimkus as a liberal lawyer's daughter trying to help the leader to escape the police. Better material for a fine actor, please.



Brigitte Bardot and Maurice Ronet.

Iskan

Ex-P

Paki

Music in London

No Fanfare for Offenbach

By Henry Pleasants

DON.—Poor Offenbach! ne whole Western musical has been paying homage, year, to Hector Berlioz on 100th anniversary of his , and has, in Great Brit- at least, failed or not to note that 1969 also the 150th anniversary of bach's birth as Jacob in Cologne on June 21,

the Sadler's Wells Opera, revival of "Bluebeard" at oliseum, has intended an ersary tribute, there is no ce of it in the program and none of the London , in their generally favor- otices, has betrayed any ness that a memorable ersary is at hand and al- gone.

ch is, in a way, the finest of all: I mean that a -bleue," which is not Offenbach's finest piece, be played because there public for it and not d up in ritual obeisance istorical figure.

factor bearing on the n. is, of course, the "seri- music critic's disdain of ed light music. In Of- h's time the iniquitous omy of serious and light, and entertainment, was pronounced as it is to- nd music critics in Paris Offenbach just as, in d, they covered Gilbert llivan, and still do.



Offenbach
. . . finest tribute

Nowadays the musical theater is left to dramatic critics despite the fact that a score such as Burt Bacharach's for "Promises, Promises," not to mention Leonard Bernstein's for "West Side Story," is far more sophisticated than anything achieved by Offenbach or Sullivan. But no one seems willing to concede that there is more art in entertainment than in artistic pretension.

As an object of veneration, in this of all years, I would have preferred Offenbach to Berlioz. The latter was the greater composer, to be sure: but our solemn, guilt-ridden, touchy society needs an Offenbach to remind us that society can be silly, to suggest that we come off it from time to time and stop taking ourselves so seriously.

"Bluebeard" is a case in point. Here we have Offenbach sending up the court, the aristocracy, Meyerbeer and even Bluebeard with an infallible eye for the vulnerable point, and doing it so gaily that, when it was new, even the wounded rejoiced—or pretended to. Meyerbeer ordered a ticket for the second night of each new Offenbach production. Offenbach always had him met at the door and escorted to a box especially reserved for him. We haven't had that kind of thing in the theater since "Of Thee I Sing," "I'd Rather Be Right" and "Fiorello!" Outside the theater, of course, we've had Art Buchwald.

The Sadler's Wells production is a delight, a little closer, probably, to Gilbert and Sullivan's Savoy than to Offenbach's Théâtre des Variétés, where "Bluebeard" was first produced in 1866. But then the English can't be taxed for doing even French things in an English way. Least of all when it's all in English, and when they do it so well!

Record Price for Picasso Etchings

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT). —A series of 100 etchings by Picasso brought a record price of $140,000 yesterday at an auction of modern prints at the Parke-Bernet Galleries here.

The etchings, done in the 1930s and known as the Vollard Suite after their Parisian publisher, Ambroise Vollard, were bought by a Boston dealer, Robert Light. The set, never before sold at auction, was the star offering in a sale that brought a total of $621,070; said to be a record for modern print auctions in this country.

Other Picasso lots went for high, though not record, prices. A complete set of "Les Saltimbanques," 15 etchings and drypoints done in 1905, brought $63,000 from a private collector here. And a series of 45 linoleum cuts issued between 1958 and 1962 was bought by Reiss-Cohen, a New York gallery, for $100,000. The series had never been auctioned before.

Although some lots in the two-part sale sold for less than had been expected, the auction in general confirmed the soaring trend of prices for modern prints. Several amounts, in fact, elicited gasps and applause from the international audience of dealers and private collectors.

Matisse's "Le Renard," for example, a 1929 lithograph of a woman in a fox stole, fetched an unexpected $9,500—a world record for a Matisse print. It had been sold in the early 1960s for less than $1,000.

"Homme Debout et Soleil," a 1963 lithograph by Alberto Giacometti, brought $3,000, a record for a Giacometti print. And a complete set of "Fleurs du Mal," 12 aquatints by Georges Rousault, went for $6,000.

On the Arts Agenda

Lukas Foss, the American composer and conductor, will conduct the opening concert of the Domaine Musical season Nov. 17 at the Théâtre de la Ville de Paris. The program will include the conductor's own "Paradygm" and works by Ives, Stravinsky, Wolf, Cage and Riley. The same program will be repeated the following evening at the Maison de la Culture in Bourges.

* * *

The sixth winter season of the Association Musicale Lucchese opens Nov. 16 with the oratorio "Il Giuseppe Riconosciuto," by Luigi Boccherini, conducted by Herbert Handt, artistic director of the organization. The series, which comprises five more concerts, concentrates on the music of composers particularly associated with Lucca.

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ED. PENDLETON
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The pilgrim's guide to a great American feast.

le Bon voyage
You are cordially invited to attend a most beautiful banquet: that great American event called Autumn. Air France will fly you home for the harvest. We'll pick you up in any one of 72 European cities in 22 countries and land you at your own little Plymouth Rock, be it in New York, Boston, Washington, Chicago, Los Angeles or Philadelphia. On the way you'll have a chance to sample all the things that go into making our own movable feast. The service. The food. The wines. Then we'll turn you on to Thanksgiving in New York, it's a whole meal in itself. So come with us. A land of plenty awaits you. And there's plenty for you and for any passing pilgrim. After all, Air France is le bon voyage.

le Grand dîner
Help yourself to turkey and all the trimmings at some of New York's superb crop of classic American restaurants:
Fraunces Tavern 54 Pearl St. New York's oldest building and the scene of Washington's farewell can be the scene for your Thanksgiving meal.
Coach House 110 Waverly Pl. Early American atmosphere in the heart of Greenwich Village. If you're tired of turkey, order their prime rib.
Peter's Back Yard 64 W. 10th St. And if you're tired of prime rib, then try the steak here. It's broiled on an open charcoal hearth.
Gene Schoor's Steakhouse 230 E. 44th St. Enjoy your pumpkin pie amidst authentic Colonial decor.

Pour l'indigestion
A good, old-fashioned, overstuffed feeling calls for some good, old-fashioned measures. Stock up on cure-alls from:
Caswell-Massey Co. Ltd. Lexington Ave. at 48th St. The last of the great drugstores. They've been handing out prescriptions for belly-aches since 1752.
J. Leon Lascoff & Son 1290 Lexington Ave. Everything from Alka-Seltzer to motherwort can be had at this century-old establishment.
Goodman's Volksapotheke 1634 Second Ave. Dispensers of herb remedies for almost every ailment of the alimentary canal.

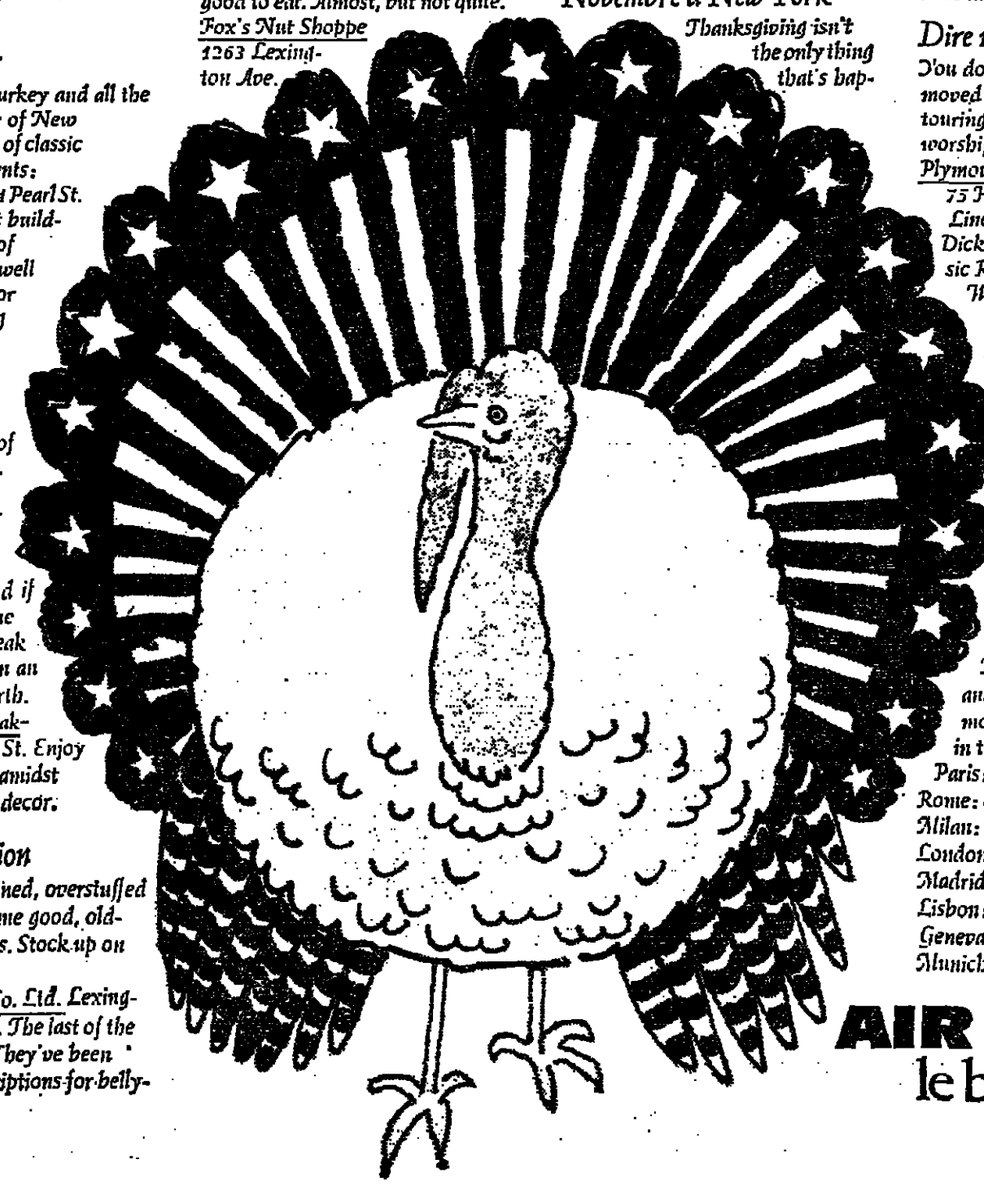
Cadeaux pour la fête
If you're going to be someone's guest for the holiday, or just in the mood to treat yourself, here are some great shops specializing in Thanksgiving-time goodies:
The Marzipan Shop 240 E. 86th St. It's worth a visit just to see the window display of pilgrims, Indians and gobblers, all done in marvelous mouth-watering marzipan. It's almost too good to eat. Almost, but not quite.
Fox's Nut Shoppe 1263 Lexington Ave. The perfect thing for the season. Get the house specialty: seven assorted kinds, all roasted on the premises.
Nat Sherman Cigars 1400 Broadway. A great dinner merits an equally great after-dinner cigar.

la Grande parade de Macy
What's a holiday without a parade? And what's Thanksgiving Day without Macy's? Beginning 9:00 a.m. at 72nd Street and Central Park West, it continues south to Columbus Circle and on down old Broadway to Herald Square where the magnificent marching bands and big stars will entertain you. You'll see giant floating figures of Popeye, Donald Duck and, in person, the one and only Santa Claus.

Novembre à New York
Thanksgiving isn't the only thing that's happening in the big city. Come early in November while the fun is just beginning. Just a sampling of what's in store:
"Indians," a new play by Arthur Kopit, at the Brooks Atkinson Theater. The New York Giants vs the Philadelphia Eagles at Yankee Stadium. November 2.
The National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden. November 4-11.
The National Rod and Custom Car Show at New York Coliseum. November 20-23.
An exhibition of Hudson River Drawings at the Brooklyn Museum. November 25th on.
The American Association of Inhalation Therapists Convention at the New York Hilton. November 28-29.
November in New York is also clearance month on men's shoes.

Dire merci
You don't necessarily have to be moved to give thanks to take in some touring of these fascinating places of worship around New York.
Plymouth Church of the Pilgrims 75 Hicks St., Brooklyn. Abraham Lincoln, Mark Twain and Charles Dickens worshipped in this Classic Revival building. Henry Ward Beecher once said a few good words from its pulpit.
St. Marks-in-the-Bouwerie Second Ave. at 10th St. Built on the site of Peter Stuyvesant's family chapel, this well-preserved building is worth a visit.
Old Quaker Meeting House 137-16 Northern Blvd., Flushing. Built by old Quakers in 1696, this fascinating shingled house is still in use.

Numéros de téléphone
If you're going over the ocean and through the woods to Grandmother's house, or anyplace else in the U.S.A., call Air France at:
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AIR FRANCE
le bon voyage.

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 6— Friday, November 14, 1969 *

Problems of Party

At a time when the United States is gravely debating the defects of its party system in practice, and when Britain, the birthplace of the parliamentary party, is questioning whether parties, per se, are not obsolete, and should be replaced by ad hoc pressure groups, India is wrestling with the very concrete troubles stemming from the devolution of its only national party.

The break between Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and the conservatives within the Congress party is not simply a struggle for personal authority. Primarily, it is a belated recognition that the Congress party comprised too many disparate elements to be a functioning political organization after independence—the one great purpose of the organization—had been achieved.

True, momentum, and the personality of Jawaharlal Nehru, held Congress, and India, together for a time. But any grouping that comprised free enterprisers and radical Socialists, with all shades in between, could hardly maintain real unity in the face of the infinite complexity of India's structure and India's problems. The tragedy of the Congress party is not that it is falling apart, but that no viable organization seems available to take its place.

Mrs. Gandhi has been charged with paying too much attention to politics and too little to the great issues of substance that India confronts today. But, given the nature of Indian politics, this was inevitable. Political programs may be—and usually are—sets of slogans for electioneering purposes, to be adapted to circumstances when a party achieves power. But when a party is as amorphous as Congress is today, when the opposition is as fragmented and as parochial as in New Delhi, when provincial centrifugalism is as powerful as India experiences, the mere maintenance of some kind of political hegemony becomes a tragic preoccupation.

Some new grouping, or set of groupings, is certain to emerge from the fight between The Syndicate and the prime minister. But the urgent question is whether this will happen soon enough, and along sufficiently national lines, to make this huge, multiracial and multilinguistic state governable. Parties can decay, old alignments can become obsolescent, techniques of party leadership can change. But in some form, the party—as an organized, responsible tool of government—is essential to a democracy. India may be an extreme case, but it is an illuminating one.

Official War Against DDT

The doom of DDT has long been overdue. For some years scientists and others concerned over the increasing pollution of our environment have been demanding that use of this pesticide be abandoned. Their efforts have been resisted by some because of the effectiveness of DDT in controlling agricultural pests and various organisms that are deadly to man. As use of the stuff has increased, however, it has become clearly evident that the cure is worse than the pests it is used against.

The public should realize, however, that no government action can suddenly eliminate the DDT from our environment. Its use has become pervasive. More than 100 million pounds of DDT have been released into the environment each year. Even if its use could be suddenly cut off, residual amounts of the poison will remain in the soil, water and food supplies and, indeed, in human tissues over an extended period because of the extraordinary chemical stability of DDT.

What is now in the works is a governmental movement against DDT on a broad front. Some weeks ago the Environmental Defense Fund asked the Food and Drug Administration to reduce the tolerance of DDT in raw agricultural projects to zero. The law seems to require such action. But if the Department of Health, Education and Welfare acted alone, it could well produce a crisis of another sort, since DDT residues are found in nearly all human foods. Environmental Defense also moved against the Department of Agriculture.

Agriculture is undoubtedly the key agency in the fight, for it has permitted the use of DDT as a pesticide. Presumably the announcement Wednesday of a multi-agency agreement to outlaw the use of DDT within two years, except for "essential uses" for which there is no suitable alternative, means that Agriculture will withdraw the registration of DDT, at least for general use. HEW can then move progressively toward its elimination in our food supplies.

The necessity for action under the law seems clear enough. The Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act provides that "no additive shall be deemed safe if it is found to induce cancer when ingested by man or animal."

In recent years many scientists have produced unimpeachable evidence that large doses of DDT cause cancer in mice. That seems to give HEW a mandate to move against food containing DDT as promptly as is feasible. The danger to human life is said to be more than marginal because the reservoirs of DDT built up in the human body may release their poison in concentrated volume in the milk of women who have recently given birth.

We think the whole country will be relieved that a broad program to eliminate this new man-made menace in our environment has been launched. We hope that action will not be lost in interdepartmental bureaucracy. A new enemy recently supposed to be a friend to mankind has been amply identified. The country must devote extraordinary efforts to the elimination of this cancer-producing agent which was mistakenly supposed to be harmful only to insects.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

Minichiello Case

If, as seems likely, the young Minichiello is considered of unsound or semi-sound mind, and therefore not or not completely punishable, our contemporary society will have to meditate on a more serious responsibility which is our own. . . . The tremendous responsibility for a war which kills not only people who fall in the field, but kills the very personality and humanity of a young 20-year-old man.

—From L'Osservatore della Domenica (Vatican City).

Best Eastern Policy . . .

There is no objection to Chancellor Willy Brandt's apparent intention to go to Moscow. However, there are objections to nourishing illusions about Soviet policy. Having been Berlin mayor for many years, Mr. Brandt should be free of such illusions. There are no indications of a possible miracle in German-Soviet relations. German freedom is guaranteed only by the West. Therefore, if Mr. Brandt and Foreign Minister Walter Scheel go to Moscow, they should always keep in mind a statement by former EEC president Walter Hallstein: "The best Eastern policy is a good Western policy."

—From Bild Zeitung (Hamburg).

U.S. Military Pullback

President Nixon's recent speeches indicate that in military policy the accent will be on a dismantling of conventional forces. An important point in this program is the reduction of the American presence in Vietnam. At least 180,000 men may be withdrawn from Vietnam by the end of 1970. In the years following, the Asian-based U.S. armed forces will be virtually disbanded. Under Mr. Nixon, the United States does not want to maintain in Asia and in Europe differently structured and equipped operative forces with divergent combat strength. This in turn means that the United States cannot furnish traditional military assistance to any country in danger.

The strategic conclusion from this is that America's allies have to give priority to strengthening their own military potential.

—From Frankfurter Allgemeine.

Polarized India

Polarization between left and right is sometimes advocated as a healthy development for India. When Congress is replaced at state level by a more dynamic regional party, as has happened in Madras, this could help to make for a healthier federation than one unified by the Congress "old boy net."

At the center a vigorous opposition remains an essential watchdog. But real polarization on the British pattern would impose too heavy a strain on Delhi, where there would be no effective mediator if the battle got out of control. In so diverse and problematic a country a consensus at the center is needed. Mrs. Gandhi has the makings of one. To consolidate it, she will need good luck as well as skill and nerve. So far she has all three on her side.

—From the Guardian (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

Nov. 14, 1894

PARIS—The French government has at last replied to the interpellations put to it on the subject of Madagascar more than a month ago, and the reply was such as might have been expected. France is going to send 15,000 men to Madagascar; this will cost her 65 millions, but will give her a protectorate (that is to say practical, if not legal, possession) over one of the most fertile islands in the world.

Fifty Years Ago

Nov. 14, 1919

WASHINGTON—The all-important Lodge reservation, which relieves the U.S. of any obligation under Article X and which President Wilson characterized as cutting the heart out of the League of Nations' covenant, was adopted by the Senate by a vote of 46 to 33 last night. Whether Europe will agree to participate under these circumstances and whether the administration will, only time will tell.



'Shall We All Agree That There's No Hurry?'

The Long, Long Search

By C. L. Sulzberger

PARIS.—The most perplexing aspect of the Vietnam revolutionary war is that nobody has yet devised a means than can demonstrably settle the conflict except by extreme alternatives.

President Nixon is now looking for the same middle way sought before by Presidents Johnson and Kennedy—that is to say, a solution that is neither patent victory nor patent defeat. The tragedy of the U.S. Moratorium demonstrations is that they want no middle way—only disaster.

I have recently been rereading notes on conversations with Gen. de Gaulle in 1954, the year when the Dien Bien Phu defeat decisively altered both French and United States policy by pushing the former out of Southeast Asia and sucking the latter in. It is astonishing how little the situation's fundament has changed since.

On Jan. 21, 1954—weeks before the fatal Dien Bien Phu campaign even started—Gen. de Gaulle (still a political exile) said he could see no compromise solution to the struggle then being waged against Ho Chi Minh.

'No Direct Interest'

"Solution?" he mused. "I can't see anything but evacuation of Indochina or a continuation of the present situation. For a military solution a new method and a new effort would be required. But France does not want to make that effort.

"We have no really direct interest in Indochina. That is a reality. What is taking place there now is merely a prestige war. Not even the prestige of France is involved any more. Indochina is of international interest more and more and of French interest less and less. There are only two real authorities in Indochina—France and Ho Chi Minh. There is nothing else. There are no other 'authorities.'

"Ho is a reality. He represents independence, nationalism, Communism, Asia. France is a reality. She represents the Occident. Now there is no more French authority in the country. Everything has been given up. Therefore [remember, this was before Dien Bien Phu] inevitably the French must get out.

"They will get out when they have enough. We will regret it greatly—but we must go. In 1863 Napoleon III went to Mexico. He supported Maximilian but all the United States was against him. He had to get out. It is the same in Indochina."

On Nov. 10, 1954, after the Geneva conference had partitioned Vietnam, the general repeated his previous analysis, insisting: "All of Indochina is gone and it is folly to think otherwise. There were only two real forces in Indochina—Communist nationalism and the French Army. The French Army is now being pulled out so all of Indochina is lost."

Much later, after Gen. de Gaulle had created the Fifth Republic and become its president, he maintained that the best to be hoped for Indochina was creation of some kind of neutral federation guaranteed by both great power blocs. Dec. 12, 1963, he said:

"I have thought for a long time about this and I have told this to the Americans. I told it to President Kennedy. I have pointed out that in the present situation of Asia and Southeast Asia armed intervention—and indeed any form of intervention—simply cannot help. We French have experimented with such intervention and now you are doing so.

"But it doesn't work. That is a zone where the only possibility is to establish neutrality as between East and West. Of course, any such arrangement must be guaranteed by the Communist countries as well as by the West to have any validity.

"But were it to be arranged, a sort of peace could be established that would end the perpetual battle—such as we now see in Laos and Vietnam—and it would provide for a detente. Then the area could begin to develop and prosper in peace. In the end that is what will come about. That is the reality."

The trouble is that this formula seems to envision as part of the guaranteed neutral area one united Vietnam—under Hanoi. And this is not agreeable to hundreds of thousands of Vietnamese including refugees from butchery and abomination in the North 15 years ago.

The ultimate goal envisioned by Gen. de Gaulle—a prosperous, neutralized Southeast Asia—is what everybody wants. But after 15 years a formula for attaining this is still lacking—and the leaders of Moratorium demonstrations have yet to provide any reasonable answer.

Billy Budd, Strategist

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON.—Billy Budd, the hero in Melville's poignant story of that name, is killed young because he has only one way of expressing his pure ideals—an act of passion. To survive, he needed a strategy.

So it is with the peace movement and its act of passion, the march on Washington. The build-up for the march has exposed glaring weakness. Unless the leaders develop a strategy for staying the course, the peace movement, and all its Billy Budds, will be in bad trouble.

The most serious weakness is the danger of confrontation, Chicago-style. For if widespread violence develops, or even just a whiff of chaos, the Vietnam protest would be discredited throughout most of the country. When protest relies entirely on plebiscitary democracy, every act is a potential boomerang.

The more so as demonstrations have only a sharply limited value. The Walls of Jerico do not usually fall only because the trumpets blow. Lyndon Johnson did not yield just because of demonstrations: it took the primaries of New Hampshire and Wisconsin. But if the students hang everything on demonstrations, they will be frustrated and turn sour and give up. Then the truly bad guys will take over, and turn the peace movement to their own ends.

Focus on President

A second weakness lies in focus on the presidency. To be sure, Mr. Nixon is the author of the Vietnam policy which strikes so many of us as a recipe for no exit from the war. It makes sense to address petitions to the man with the remedy. And to my mind, anyhow, there is no case for coddling the President—especially on Vietnam where so much of the trouble comes precisely from President-coddling.

But the President is the head of state. The national interest, by no mere symbolism, tends to find its center in his office. Thus to attack the President, and only the President, is to invite the patriotic counterattack. It is to throw away the flag to the hawks now clustering around such slogans as "Honor America" and "Tell It to Hanoi."

Lastly, there is the danger of one-issue fetish. Vietnam is not the only problem confronting this country. By making it seem so, the peace movement unnecessarily sets itself apart from people who are more concerned about the economy or pollution or crime. It becomes possible for Vice-President Agnew to draw a line between the peace movement and the whole rest of the country.

No doubt there are many ways around these traps. But probably the best approach is to focus on the Senate as well as the White House. The Foreign Relations Committee needs to be prodded beyond the general inquiries into the psychological roots of American foreign policy that are, with all due respect, so dear to chairman J. W. Fulbright. It now needs to organize a serious investigation of what has been going on in Vietnam policy.

Senate Elections

Then there are the coming senatorial elections. The lists are full of doves—Philip Hart of Michigan; Albert Gore of Tennessee; William Proxmire of Wisconsin; Vance Hartke of Indiana; Quentin Burdick of North Dakota—who require an added measure of support if they are to stay in. More invitingly, numerous hawk senators are up, who can be made to lose, or breathe much harder, through active opposition. The tempting targets include Thomas Dodd of Connecticut; George Murphy of California; Hiram Fong of Hawaii; Gale McGee of Wyoming; Robert Byrd of West Virginia and Harry F. Byrd jr., of Virginia.

These senatorial contests are ready-made for intervention by the students who have been so central to the Moratorium and Mobilization. For one thing, they offer the students a realistic objective capable of being achieved over time. As last year's presidential primaries showed, the students are particularly well suited to serve as canvassers and drum-beaters in statewide elections. They could begin immediately by circulating pledges of opposition to certain senators in the event they keep up their hawkish ways.

They would participate in primaries this spring and summer, and in the general election campaign next fall. They might not win every contest, but they would certainly win some. And they could probably achieve an even bigger objective—which is to turn the 1970 senatorial elections into a Vietnam referendum.

Perhaps most important of all, the students would be fitting their idealism into the wide variety of confusing circumstances and conflicting pressures that make up real life. They would have to mix Vietnam with other issues. They would need to blend attacks on the President with support for other candidates. They would have to move beyond the acts of passion. The Billy Budds would become strategists.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

On Trial in Chicago

Justice and the Lau

By Tom Wicker

CHICAGO.—Irwin Bock is a well-combed, soft-spoken young Navy veteran who worked himself up to be a member of the steering committee of the National Mobilization for Peace while working as an undercover agent for the Chicago police. Wednesday he blew his cover with the Mobilization by testifying openly against the "Chicago seven" being tried here for conspiracy to incite last year's Democratic National Convention disorders.

Mr. Bock's memory seemed extraordinary, since he was able to recall precisely where people had been sitting and standing at crowded meetings held more than a year ago, but it failed him at one point and he named defendant John Froines when he meant defendant Lee Weiner. This evoked laughter from the defense table, which in turn brought a flash of anger from Richard Schultz, one of the prosecuting attorneys.

"Mr. Kunstler's laughing because he's trying to influence the jury," Mr. Schultz protested to Judge Julius J. Hoffman, the acidulous master of this antic trial.

Defense attorney William K. Kunstler declared solemnly that he had too much respect for the jury's intelligence to do anything calculating like that. He is contending that the Bock testimony is largely "following a script" and sometimes, he told Judge Hoffman, "I happen to think it's absurd and when it becomes too absurd I laugh."

But if Mr. Schultz so lacked respect for the jury that he thought a little laughter could influence it, Mr. Kunstler went on, "there's nothing else I can say."

"That's reassuring," said Judge Hoffman—looking, in his black robe and with his lofty brow and glittering spectacles, rather like Lester G. Maddox delivering a commencement address.

Perfect Setting

So it goes in Judge Hoffman's dark-paneled courtroom, a perfect setting for this case. Severe and impressively manned by large United States marshals, it looks like just the place where long-haired and dissident types like Mr. Weiner, Abbie Hoffman and Jerry Rubin should be hauled before the majesty of the law.

The clangor and drama of Judge Hoffman's clash with Black Panther leader Bobby Seale—who drew a four-year sentence for contempt—was long gone Wednesday. Perhaps because of that, and because the focus of attention this week is on the forthcoming Mobilization demonstrations in Washington, there was little tens the courtroom and plenty of spaces in the church-style reserved for press and publ

But even on the relative key of his exchange wit Kunstler, Judge Hoffman's for the defendants and the torneys is plain to see. It noticeably at the end of day when Mr. Rubin was fo have left the courtroom hour early and without the consent.

Mr. Rubin was obviously wrong, and his departure Mr. Kunstler a tongue-lashi the judge; and despite torney's explanation that fendant would be back morrow's session, perha absence merited a bench for his arrest and termina his bail bond, as Judge H ordered.

Scorn From Benc

What the written rec episodes such as this will convey, however, is the sco animosity that flickers fr judge's bench, no doubt stir by the obvious irreverence defendants and their at frequent wrangle with the tion and the judge. It atmosphere, rather than leg clusions a layman cannot that raises questions abo trial.

It is, after all, the te test of the conspiracy statut Congress passed it followi urban race riots; and man authorities question the c tionality of that statute. M radicals like Mr. Rubin a other defendants here have pictured themselves at wa a social system, and that legal apparatus now has t trial; their adversary itself might say, is sitting in ju on them.

In these circumstances, a of trial behavior was devo be wished for both to prov most searching test of a tionable statute and to gu the even-handed justice tha radicals believe the system As in every case, but with cular impact here, justice law are on trial, too.

Maybe they will be vi and maybe the atmosphere court will have nothing either with the verdict the ultimate disposition of t in the appeals court. If th dict should be guilty. Bu nesday's session left the impression that the defenda reverence, which is consi was as much a factor as th duct last summer.

Letters

Saigon Regime

According to President Nixon, Hanoi demands "our unconditional acceptance" of the following terms: "That we withdraw all American forces immediately and unconditionally and that we overthrow the government of South Vietnam as we leave."

Most people believe that the Saigon regime will crumble after American support is withdrawn—if not before. But Hanoi's terms, unaltered since 1965, are a matter of record (though I wonder how many American newspapers have publised them); and they nowhere stipulate that the United States must require ARVN to surrender or must get rid of the Saigon junta.

The President of the United States does not tell lies. Perhaps a panic-stricken White House adman substituted "as we leave" for "by leaving" when he saw that he might be deviating into sense.

DAVID DORRANCE.

Paris.

* * *

I suspect that I might be part of that "silent majority" President Nixon is talking about. At least I've been silent, am over 30, come from a traditional conservative background and am generally an idealistic-American type. But I am feeling a little desperate and confused.

How in the world does supporting the South Vietnamese regime fit in with our traditional values? It seems shockingly obvious that we are supporting a dictatorship that doesn't even have a *respaldo popular*. I have always suspected that the case might be the same in our attitude toward Nat China.

Could some other member "silent majority" adequate tionalize our position for m

PAULINE B. PI

Madrid.

Seale Hunting

If Bobby Seale, accordin New York Times editorial Nov. 8-9), is entitled to "just just procedures," are not the ing judge and the general entitled to some protectio Seale's unruly behavior a language which the edito mits "has been intensely p tive"? When any foul-mou so disrupt the decorum of of law and go lightly pu when burning and looting foul-mouths are countenan local authority and become acceptable, then indeed are society in love with our o struction.

RAYMOND LIP

Lugano, Switzerland.

Comic Relief

Politics apart, gentlemen be fair now, that was a very line of the vice-president's— to "tightened sinews and co ed sphincters" (IHT Nov. 7)

Mr. Acheson and Mr. Rus have a very pretty wit, wasn't apparent from your Of the remarks quoted, I'd for sphincters any time, e the risk of further offendi delicate soul who covered h at the dinner.

PAMELA GRAH

Boulogne, France.

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Turkey (air) $	17.50	33.50	
U.A.R. (air) $	23.50	44.50	
U.S.A. (air) $	36.00	72.50	
Yugoslavia (air) $	17.50	33.50	
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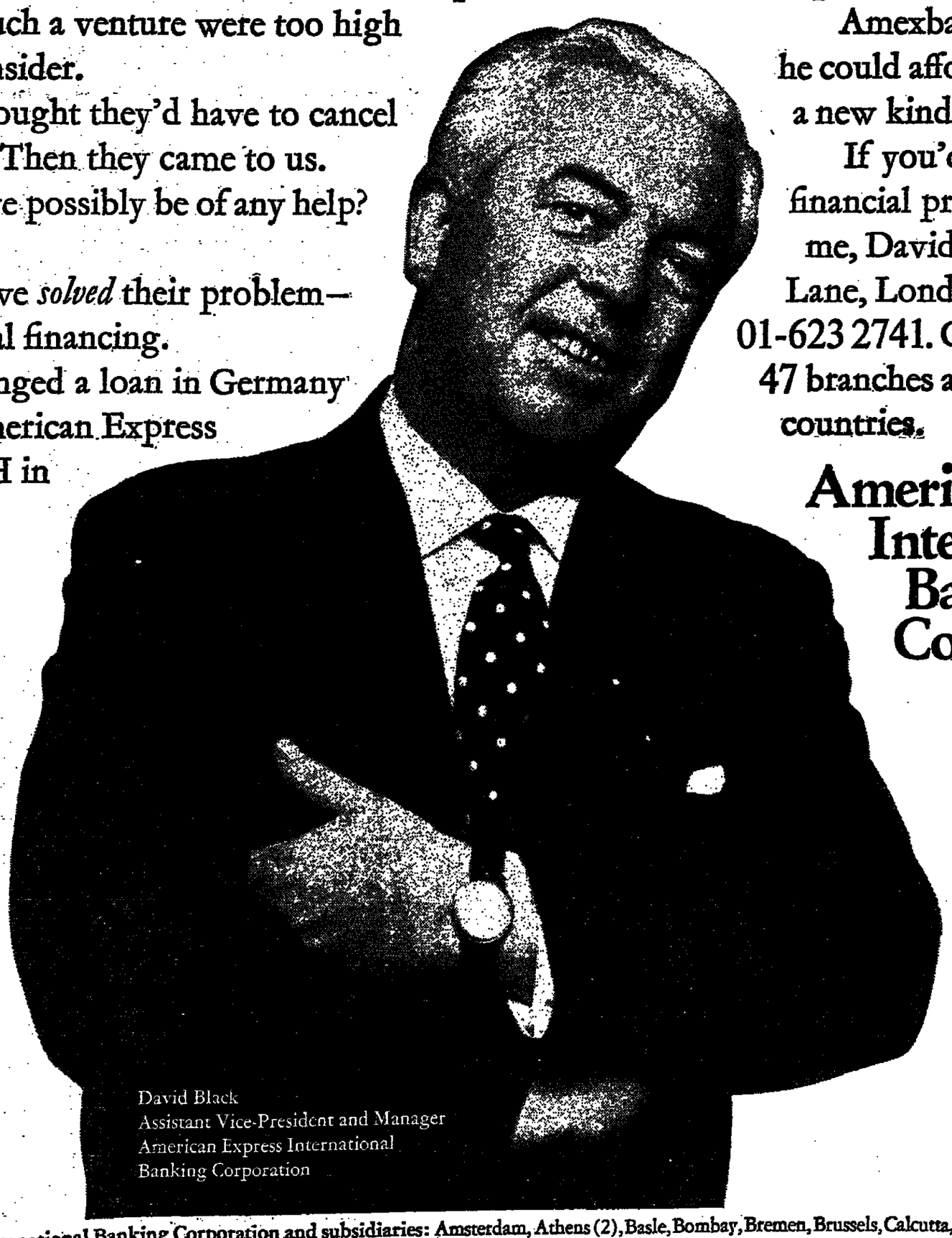
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New York Stock Exchange Trading

— 1969 — High. Low.	Stocks and Div.	Sls. In $	100s. First. High. Low	Last.	Chge.
38½	21⅝	Abacus .49f	29	30¼	31	30	30½	+ ½
77⅜	64⅛	AbbtLab 1.10	166	74½	74¾	72¼	72½	—2¼
66¼	41⅞	ACF Ind 2.40	27	49⅝	50½	49⅝	49⅞	+ ⅛
30⅝	21	AcmeCl 1.40a	23	23⅜	24⅜	23¾	24¼	+ ⅜
54⅛	37½	Acme Mkt .20	14	44¼	44¼	43½	43½	
20¾	12⅛	AdamE 1.61g	32	15½	15½	15⅛	15¼	— ⅛
22⅜	11⅜	Ad Millis .20	23	16½	16½	16	16	— ⅜
85	59½	Address 1.40	76	71⅜	72	70¾	71½	+ ⅜
22⅛	14⅛	Admiral	39	17⅞	18	17⅜	17¾	— ⅛
65⅛	33	AetnaLit 1.40	195	40½	40⅝	39⅞	40⅛	+ ⅛
41¼	33	AetnaLit pf 2	4	38⅞	39¼	38⅞	39¼	+ ⅛
22½	15	Aguirre Co	24	18½	18⅝	17¾	18	— ⅛
46⅞	31⅜	Air Prod .20b	33	37⅛	37⅝	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
129	110	Air Pd pf4.75	1	114¼	114½	114¼	114¼	— ¾
34½	16⅞	AirRed 1.15g	316	20	20⅛	19⅜	19¾	— ⅛
18⅝	7⅝	AJ Industries	53	7¼	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	— ⅛
20½	15¼	Ala Gas 1.10	1	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼	
38½	35¼	AlbertoC n.28	26	37¾	38	37⅛	37¾	— ⅛
32⅝	21	AlcanAlu 1.20	210	27⅞	27⅞	27⅜	27½	— ⅛
29¾	20	Alleand 1.26	130	22⅛	22⅜	22	22⅜	+ ⅛
30½	22⅞	Alexanders	77	29¼	29¾	28¾	27⅞	+ ¼
28⅞	13½	Allog Cp .10g	59	15½	15¾	15½	15½	— ⅛
62⅛	39⅝	AllegLud 2.40	11	41¼	41⅞	41¼	41⅜	+ ⅛
66	43	AllegLud pf 3	17	45¼	45¾	45	45	— ¼
25⅝	20	AllegPw 1.28	66	23	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
37⅞	25½	AlliedCh 1.20	149	29	29⅛	28¾	29¼	— ⅛
36½	25	AlliedMnl .40b	17	36	36¼	35⅝	35¾	+ ⅛
35¾	24	AlliedMill .75	8	34	34⅜	34	34	
51⅜	25½	Allied Pd .68	16	37½	37½	36¾	37	— ½
41⅞	31¾	AlliedStr 1.40	65	34½	34½	33⅜	33⅝	— ⅛
65½	56	AlliedSl pf 4	z10	58½	58½	58½	58½	+1
21	14	AlliedSup .60	38	15⅞	16⅛	15¾	15⅞	— ⅛
32⅜	21⅞	Allis Chalm	49	27½	28⅛	27¼	27½	— ⅛
2	1¾	AlphaPC .40g	14	20⅜	20¾	20¼	20⅜	— ⅛
84	64⅜	Alcoa 1.80	70	74⅛	74⅜	73⅜	73¾	— ½
38⅜	25¼	AmaiSug 1.60	9	27	27	27	27	+ ⅛
30¼	15	AMBAC .50	127	21½	21⅞	20½	20⅝	—1
37⅜	19⅛	AmerEx 1.20	7	25	25	24½	24½	—1
61⅜	35¼	AmHess .07g	169	37¼	37¼	36¼	36¼	— ½
126	76	AmeH pf3.50	43	80¼	80¼	79½	79½	—2
37⅜	23⅛	AAirFilt .80	51	37¾	38	37	37½	+ ⅛
38½	23½	Am Airlin .80	221	35⅜	35⅝	35⅛	35⅜	+ ⅛
32¾	11½	A Baker .75p	34	14⅜	15	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
22⅛	19⅜	AmBk Note 1	9	32	32	31½	31½	— ½
41⅜	32⅜	Am Brands 2	238	38¾	39⅛	38⅜	38⅝	— ⅛
76½	45½	AmBdcst 1.60	52	58	58	57⅛	57⅜	— ⅛
58½	43⅛	Am Can 2.20	58	47¾	48	47¾	48	+ ⅛
30¾	25	ACan pf 1.75	9	26⅜	26⅝	26	26⅛	— ⅛
21¾	10¾	Am Cem .60	44	12½	12⅝	12¼	12⅛	— ⅛
43	30	A Chain 1.60	24	31¾	31¾	31¼	31½	+ ⅛
29¼	18⅛	AmCredit .90	37	24½	25¼	24¼	25¼	+ ⅛
37⅜	23	ACrySug 1.30	9	27⅛	27⅜	26¾	26¾	— ⅛
33½	25½	AmCyan 1.25	131	30	30¼	30	30¼	+ ⅛
28½	21	Am DistIll 1	8	21½	21½	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅛
30½	26¼	ADistTel .30g	13	27½	27⅝	27¼	27½	+ ⅛
19½	10⅜	ADualVI .12g	16	11½	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
14⅝	12⅜	ADual pf.84a	5	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
40¼	28½	AmElPw 1.64	423	31¾	31¾	30¾	31	— ¼
32¼	25½	Am Enka 1	7	27⅜	27⅜	27	27	
50½	23½	Am Exp 1nd	44	27¾	27¾	27⅛	27⅝	— ⅛
80⅞	65	AExInd pfA6	z130	66½	67	66½	66½	+1
27E	19⅛	AGenIns .50	75	25½	25¾	24¾	25⅛	— ⅛
38	30¼	AGnIn pf1.80	60	36½	36⅝	36¼	36¼	— ⅜
25¾	12⅜	AmHolst .30	330	15½	16	15¼	15¾	
68¼	52½	A Home 1.40	147	66½	66⅞	65¾	65¾	—1⅛
100¾	77½	A Home pf 2	1	98¼	98¼	98½	98¼	—1¼
42⅜	31¼	Am Hosp .22	268	41½	41½	41	41⅛	
26⅛	16½	AmInvst 1.10	13	18¾	18¾	18½	18½	+ ⅛
27⅞	18⅞	AmIndTy .90	77	21⅞	21¾	21½	21½	— ⅛
34⅝	28	AMetCl 1.40	54	33⅜	33⅞	33	33⅜	+ ⅛
85½	76¾	AMetCix pf4	1	86	86	86	86	+ ½
14	8	Am Motors	621	11½	11½	11⅛	11¼	— ⅛
43⅞	31⅛	AmNaiGas 2	72	34¾	34¾	34½	34½	— ⅛
17½	9⅜	Am Photo .12	148	12½	12½	11⅝	11⅞	— ⅛
89¼	44	AResDv .10h	47	84¼	84¼	83½	83½	—3½
32¼	21½	Am Seat 1	24	23¾	24	23½	24	+ ¾
32¼	16¼	Am Ship .60	13	20	20	19½	19½	— ⅜
42	27	Am Smelt 2.50	446	34⅜	35	33⅞	34½	— ⅛
69⅞	36½	AmSoAir .70	42	37½	37¾	37¼	37¾	+ ⅛
		AmSAir pf.70	5	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	
47	31	Am Std 1	188	35¾	36	35¾	35¾	+ ⅛
126	97⅜	AmStd pf4.75	27	107½	106½	106½	107½	+2½
34⅞	23¾	Am Starll .48	9	32½	32½	32¼	32¼	+ ½
23⅜	13¾	A Sugar 1.60	23	26½	26¾	26	26	
11	7⅝	AmSug pf 6B	19	9½	9½	9½	9½	
58½	50	Am T&T 2.40	1399	52½	53⅛	52	53⅛	+ ⅞
14¾	10	AmWWks .56	18	10½	10½	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
20	16¾	AWWSpf 1 25	z150	17½	17½	17¼	17¾	— ¾
19¼	16	AW pref 1.25	z200	16¾	17	16¾	17	+1
26⅛	20	AW 4.1pf 1.43	z220	21⅜	21¾	21	21	— ⅛
32⅞	21⅜	Ametek .60	14	23¼	23¼	23	23	— ⅛
42¾	43⅛	Amfactinc .80	17	53⅜	53⅝	53	53	— ⅛
85¼	21⅛	AMK Cp .30	162	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30⅛	— ½
58	32¼	AMP Inc 90	17	56⅜	56⅝	55⅞	56⅛	— ⅛
49⅞	32½	Ampex Corp	41	47½	47½	47	47⅜	— ⅛
53¾	34⅜	Amsted 2.40	13	38¼	38⅝	37⅞	38	— ⅛
27½	14¾	Amtel .22	20	16	16	15⅝	15¾	— ⅛
66	26⅝	Anacond 1.90	378	31¾	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
49	36	AnchHock .80	28	44⅝	44⅞	44⅛	44⅜	
53½	19½	AncorpNSV 1	9	22⅛	22¼	21⅞	21⅞	— ⅛
49½	32½	And Clay 1.20	2	41⅜	41⅝	41⅜	41⅝	— ⅛
38¼	17¾	ApecheCp .20	11	27⅞	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛	— ⅛
45⅜	30	ApcoOil 1.42f	130	42½	43	42½	43	+ ⅛
52¾	31	Aqua Chem	47	49	49¼	48¾	49¼	+ ⅛
121	97½	ARA Svc 96	29	120	122½	119¾	122½	+2½
68	42½	ArchDan 1.60	13	58¾	58¾	56¾	56⅝	—1⅜
27¾	20	ArizPSvc 1.08	35	22⅛	22⅜	22	22⅛	— ⅛
40⅞	26	Arlans DS .20	26	25⅝	26¼	25⅝	26	— ⅛
33⅞	26¼	ArmcoSf 1.60	74	30	30¼	30	30	
74½	41½	Armour 1.60	1	49	49	49	49	— ⅜
71½	58½	Armr pf 4.75	2	60½	60½	60½	60½	— ¼
41¾	34	ArmstCk .80	476	37¾	38	37¼	38	+ ⅛
56⅜	33¾	ArmRub 1 60	58	37½	38¼	37½	38¼	+ ⅛
30½	18¼	Aro Corp .90	60	20	20	19½	19½	— ⅛
43⅛	23	Arvin Ind 1	22	26	26¼	26	26¼	— ⅛
55	28¼	Ashld Oil 1.20	95	32½	32½	30½	30½	—1½
16⅞	9	Assd Brew	99	13	13	12½	13	⅛
53	42⅛	Assd DG 1.20	44	48	48	47½	47½	— ⅛
19	12	AssdTran .40	7	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
29¾	22	AtlCtyEl 1.30	26	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝	+ ⅛

— 1969 — High. Low.	Stocks and Div.	Sls. In $	100s. First. High. Low	Last.	Chge.
119	96⅞	AtlCEl pf5.87	1	99½	99½	99½	99½	+ ⅛
72½	61	AtlCtyEl pf 4	z10	63½	63½	63½	63½	+ ¾
135¾	91¾	Atl Richfld 2	726	99¼	99¼	95¾	98⅜	—1⅜
229	155½	Atl Rich pf	3	167	167	162	162	—8
85⅞	62½	AtlRch pf2.80	80	67⅜	67⅜	66(	67¼	— ½
31¾	22½	Atlas Chem 1	83	23	23	22¾	23	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅜	Atlas Co p	84	4⅝	5	4⅞	4⅝	
29⅜	12½	ATO Inc .18a	89	14⅜	14½	14⅛	14¼	
21	12⅞	Aurora Pas	77	18¼	18¼	18	18⅛	
21⅜	10½	Automtn Inc	77	13⅜	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
49⅜	23¾	Avco Co 1.20	81	26⅞	26⅞	26¼	26⅝	— ⅜
99	50	Avco pf3.40	9	57	57	56½	56½	—1½
66½	46⅜	Averry Pd .32	9	55	56½	55	56⅛	+1½
32⅞	30½	Avery Pd wi	1	33½	33¼	33¼	33¼	+ ⅛
36½	11⅞	Avnet Inc .40	128	13¾	14	13⅜	13⅝	— ⅛
176¼	62	Avnet pf2.50	1	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	—1¼
174¾	125¼	Avon Pd 1.80	76	168½	169¾	168	168¾	+ ⅜
17	12⅜	Aztec Oil Gs	49	14⅝	14⅞	14⅜	14½	

B

40½	20⅛	Babck W 1.36	210	23⅞	24¼	23¾	23⅝	— ⅛
25⅞	17	BakrOilT .65	98	24⅜	24⅜	24	24	— ⅛
37	29¼	BaltGE 1.70	211	33¼	33¼	33	33	
68	56½	BaltG pfC4	z100	56½	56½	56	56	— ½
50⅜	20	BangPunt .60	28	21¼	22	21½	21⅜	— ⅛
57½	30⅛	BangP pf 2	2	38¾	38⅝	38¾	38⅝	— ⅛
77⅛	57⅜	Bank Tr 2.84	481	60	60½	59¾	60	+ ⅛
87⅞	50	BarbOil 2.36f	23	57½	57¾	56	56½	—1¾
58⅜	43	Bard CR .25	4	57	57⅜	57	57⅜	
22⅜	13¾	Basic Inc .80	11	16½	16½	16	16	— ⅛
17⅝	9⅛	Bates Mfg	8	11	11	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
15¾	14½	Bates Mf pf 1	6	15¾	15¾	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
28⅝	20¼	Bath Ind	52	24¼	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
68⅜	49	BathIn pf2.50	11	60½	60½	57	57	—3½
81⅜	51	BauschLb .80	27	77¼	77¾	76¾	77½	+ ¼
32¼	27½	BaxtrLab .10	129	30	30	29¾	29⅞	— ⅛
21	10⅜	BayukCig .50	6	11¾	11¾	11⅜	11½	+ ¼
48⅜	33½	Bearings 1	12	48¾	48¾	48	48⅜	+ ⅛
41⅞	32¼	Beat Fds 1	175	40¾	41	40	40½	+ ⅛
106	85	Beat Fds pf 4	3	103	104	103	104	+1½
43½	43⅝	Beckman .20	42	59¾	59¾	59	59½	— ⅛
61⅜	41½	Bect Dick .30	62	60¼	60⅞	59⅝	59⅜	—1⅜
21⅛	18	BeechAr .75b	60	19¾	20	19	19	— ⅞
48⅜	20	Belco Pet .50	43	28¾	28¾	27	27	—1½
31¼	18¼	BeldngH .60b	12	20	20¼	20	20¼	
80	54¾	Bell How .60	45	59½	59¾	58½	58½	— ⅜
17	8½	Bell Intercon	151	11¼	11½	11¼	11½	+ ⅜
36⅜	23	Bemis Co 1	97	23¾	23¾	23½	23⅝	
49⅝	37	Bendix 1.60	128	38	38¼	37¾	38	
80	42¾	Bendix pf 3	6	65	65	64	64	— ½
57½	36	BenefFin 1.60	444	53½	54	52⅜	52⅜	—1½
171	121½	BenfIF pf5.50	86	158½	159⅜	158½	158½	—3¾
67	58	BenfIF pf4.50	z50	59	59	59	59	
67¼	60¾	BenfIF pf4.30	29	78½	79½	78¼	79	— ¼
38½	33½	BenF 5pf2.50	z170	34	34	34	34	
29⅞	11½	Benguet	1191	15⅜	16	14½	14⅝	— ⅜
		Benguet fn	29	14¾	15¼	14¾	14⅞	
44½	14⅜	BerkPho .77f	218	21¼	21¾	20½	20½	— ¾
27⅜	7⅜	Bermec Corp	148	8	8⅛	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
36⅝	26	Beth Stl 1.80	287	29¼	29⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅝
28	19	BHM Ind 1.2	16	21⅜	21⅜	21½	21½	
30½	33¾	Big Three .60	21	47⅜	47⅜	46¾	47⅛	— ⅜
75	37⅜	BlackDk 1.20	13	42½	42¾	42¼	42¾	
28⅛	17¾	BlairJohn .48	13	25½	25½	24¾	24⅝	— ⅜
24⅜	21¼	Bliss Laug 1	7	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	— ⅜
60⅜	52¾	Block HR .24	33	58	58¼	58	2538¼	+ ⅜
67¼	46	Blue Bell 1.50	18	57¾	58	56½	56¾	— ¾
22⅜	14⅜	Bobbie Brks	52	19¼	19½	18⅞	19¼	— ⅛
61½	30	Boeing 1.20	317	34	34⅛	33¼	33⅝	— ⅛
80¼	57¼	BolsCas .25b	334	79½	80⅛	77¾	77⅞	—1⅜
34¼	22⅜	Bond Strs 1	1	25	25	24¾	24¾	— ⅜
34	19	BookMth 1.28	109	23⅞	23⅞	23⅜	23⅜	—1⅛
35⅜	24	Borden 1.20	299	25½	25⅝	25¼	25⅜	— ⅛
36½	25	BorgWar 1.25	52	28½	28⅞	28½	28½	— ⅛
27½	15⅜	Bormans .80	104	18½	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
46½	31¼	Bos Edis 2.08	111	34½	34½	33⅜	33	—2
29½	16½	Bourns Inc	55	27	27⅜	26¼	26⅞	— ⅛
23½	10¼	BrantAir .50	67	13⅜	13⅜	13⅛	13¼	
57½	46¼	BriggSt 2.40a	1	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	— ⅛
7.0½	5¼	Brist My 1.20	55	7.0⅜	7.0⅜	7.0	7.0	
48¼	39½	BristMy pf 2	14	47	47¼	46½	47¼	
45	36	BdWy Hale 1	19	43⅜	43½	42½	43	+ ½
46⅜	39	BwyHs pf A2	4	46½	46½	46⅜	46½	— ⅛
33⅞	26	BklynUG 1.72	14	26¾	26⅝	26¼	26⅝	— ⅛
18⅜	10	Brown Co	6	12⅜	12⅜	12½	12½	— ⅛
27⅜	16⅛	Brown Cp pf	14	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
25	16⅜	Bwn Sharp 1	22	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
57¾	31⅛	BwnShoe 1.50	4	33½	33¾	33½	33⅜	
25	15	Brunswk .10g	263	19	19¼	19	19	
20½	19¾	BuckEye 1.20	15	21	21½	21	21	
33⅞	16	Budd Co .80	54	17¾	17¾	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
8¾	7¾	Budg F pf.60	9	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	
23¾	12	Budget fn .64	7	15⅜	15¾	15¼	15½	
38⅜	30¾	BuffForg 1.10	56	37	37⅝	35¾	35¾	—1
40¼	31½	Bulova W .60	1	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	— ¼
17⅜	9½	Bunk Ramo	330	15⅜	15⅜	14⅞	15⅛	
53¼	30½	BunkR pf1.50	8	45½	45½	44¾	45	— ⅞
46⅜	32¼	Burl Ind 1.40	47	39	39¼	39	39⅛	+ ⅛
36⅛	27½	Burndy .20	23	28⅝	28⅝	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
167½	120¾	Burrghs .60	531	145⅛	152⅞	145¼	152⅞	+7½
35⅛	19½	BshUnv 1.62f	20	20½	21¾	20¾	21¾	+1⅛

C

38⅞	26⅝	Cabot Cp .60	17	32⅝	32⅞	32	32½	— ⅜
13⅜	8⅝	Cal Fmani	64	10¼	10¼	10⅛	10¼	
38¾	21⅜	CallahM .73f	154	28¼	28½	27¾	28⅛	+ ⅛
49⅜	17¾	CampRL .45a	28	18¾	19½	18¾	19½	+ ½
35¼	28¾	CampSp 1.10	125	35	35	34½	34¾	— ⅛
13¾	7¾	CdBrew .40a	95	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
93½	66	Cdn Pac 3.20	8	72⅛	72⅛	71	71	—1¼
35½	21⅛	CanaNRd 1.10	14	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24½	+ ⅛
37⅜	26	Cap C Bdcst	122	35⅜	35⅜	34¾	35	— ⅛
56½	40¾	Carbrun 1.40	14	45¼	45½	45¼	45¾	— ⅛
23½	15¼	Carlisle .60	25	16	16	15¾	15¾	— ⅜
81	68	Caro C&Oh 5	z70	70½	70½	70	70	
40¾	29⅛	CaroPLt 1.42	48	33¼	33⅜	32⅝	32⅝	— ½
44	26¼	CarpTch 1.60	51	32¼	33	32	32½	— ¼
43½	33	CarrierCp .60	49	40⅝	41⅜	40¾	40⅞	+ ⅛
44⅝	14⅜	BerkPho .77f	218	21¼	21¾	20½	20½	— ¾
27⅜	7⅜	Bermec Corp	148	8	8⅛	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
36⅝	26	Beth Stl 1.80	287	29¼	29⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅝
28	19	BHM Ind 1.2	16	21⅜	21⅜	21½	21½	
30½	33¾	Big Three .60	21	47⅜	47⅜	46¾	47⅛	— ⅜
75	37⅜	BlackDk 1.20	13	42¼	42¾	42¼	42¾	
28⅛	17¾	BlairJohn .48	13	25½	25½	24¾	24⅝	— ⅜
24⅜	21¼	Bliss Laug 1	7	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	— ⅜
60⅜	52¾	Block HR .24	33	58	58¼	58	2538¼	+ ⅜
67¼	46	Blue Bell 1.50	18	57¾	58	56½	56¾	— ¾
22⅜	14⅜	Bobbie Brks	52	19¼	19½	18⅞	19¼	— ⅛
61½	30	Boeing 1.20	317	34	34⅛	33¼	33⅝	— ⅛
80¼	57¼	BolsCas .25b	334	79½	80⅛	77¾	77⅞	—1⅜
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36½	25	BorgWar 1.25	52	28½	28⅞	28½	28½	— ⅛
27½	15⅜	Bormans .80	104	18½	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
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29½	16½	Bourns Inc	55	27	27⅜	26¼	26⅞	— ⅛
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57½	46¼	BriggSt 2.40a	1	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	— ⅛
7.0¼	5¼	Brist My 1.20	55	7.0⅜	7.0⅜	7.0	7.0	
48¼	39½	BristMy pf 2	14	47	47¼	46½	47¼	
45	36	BdWy Hale 1	19	43⅜	43½	42½	43	+ ½
46⅜	39	BwyHs pf A2	4	46½	46½	46⅜	46½	— ⅛
33⅞	26	BklynUG 1.72	14	26¾	26⅝	26¼	26⅝	— ⅛
18⅜	10	Brown Co	6	12⅜	12⅜	12½	12½	— ⅛
27⅜	16⅛	Brown Cp pf	14	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
25	16⅜	Bwn Sharp 1	22	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
57¾	31⅛	BwnShoe 1.50	4	33½	33¾	33½	33⅜	
25	15	Brunswk .10g	263	19	19¼	19	19	
20½	19¾	BuckEye 1.20	15	21	21½	21	21	
33⅞	16	Budd Co .80	54	17¾	17¾	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
8¾	7¾	Budg F pf.60	9	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	
23¾	12	Budget fn .64	7	15⅜	15¾	15¼	15½	
38⅜	30¾	BuffForg 1.10	56	37	37⅝	35¾	35¾	—1
40¼	31½	Bulova W .60	1	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	— ¼
17⅜	9½	Bunk Ramo	330	15⅜	15⅜	14⅞	15⅛	
53¼	30½	BunkR pf1.50	8	45½	45½	44¾	45	— ⅞
46⅜	32¼	Burl Ind 1.40	47	39	39¼	39	39⅛	+ ⅛
36⅛	27½	Burndy .20	23	28⅝	28⅝	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
167½	120¾	Burrghs .60	531	145⅛	152⅞	145¼	152⅞	+7½
35⅛	19½	BshUnv 1.62f	20	20½	21¾	20¾	21¾	+1⅛

— 1969 — High. Low.	Stocks and Div.	Sls. In $	100s. First. High. Low	Last.	Chge.
35½	29⅜	CarrGn 1.92g	2	31⅜	31½	31⅜	31⅜	— ⅛
24	16⅞	CarterW .40a	86	31⅜	31¾	30⅞	30⅞	— ⅜
22⅛	12¼	Case JI .40	48	14¾	15	14⅜	14⅝	+ ⅛
27	20

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
PARIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1969

Surplus in Trade Sharply in October

By John M. Lee

Nov. 13 (NYT).—ed today that its unrplus continued into at a rate greatly that of the previous

Trade figures, which ed recent confusion

t Union id to Be ng Gold

H. Farnsworth

v. 13 (NYT).—Some ntral bankers believe nion has sold small gold in Western mart weeks.

mark the first time at the Russians have posals for their hard ds in trade with the

sold mainly to raise Western wheat pur- years of poor Sov-

Since 1965, Soviet has improved dramare have been recent wer, that the current fall below targets be weather in the Caukraine.

ssians are selling. It account for the sharp free market price in Zurich, to below $38 is week from a high rch. Today the price ghtly in London, up the day to $37.80.

tors behind the dehigh interest rates, sellulators now convinced e no increase in the an ounce price in the the improvement in y climate after parity France and West Gered demand from inrs who built up their earlier in the year, South Africa and the reate Special Drawing

the mechanics of the are unknown, one ker cited reports in gold was being offermania, which was actermediary for the

e monetary crisis that olishment of a two-tier official) market in 8, the Soviet Union, ern European countries were reported among tive buyers of gold at ce.

k for International in Basel estimated ases by non-Western etween October, 1967, 1968, at $300 million.

FCA
Mutual Fu ch it go
Charvet
fine shirts and ties
Vendôme, Paris

and even provoked a parliamentary debate, showed a surplus of exports over imports equivalent to $7.2 million, computed on a balance of payments basis which takes into account freight and insurance charges.

Government officials said the October figure was affected by the chance bunching of an extra $24 million in exports in that month following under-recording in earlier months. Without this factor, the trade position would have shown a $16.8 million deficit.

A Marked Reversal

The reported October surplus of $7.2 million compares with a revised surplus of $60 million for September and a surplus of $96 million in August. These surpluses marked a sharp reversal of customary, although declining, deficits, such as the $88.8 million in July.

Confusion has arisen over government efforts to adjust its figures following its announcement last spring that many exporters were not filing required export documents or were filing them improperly. Three distorting factors have been detailed by the Board of Trade.

First, there has been an underlying net under-recording of exports, which the board estimated at $24 million in July, $19.2 million in August and $12 million in September.

Under-Recording Declined

The board said the under-recording had declined again in October to "a level which can now be disregarded."

Second, some documents were lodged belatedly from earlier periods, and officials tried not to count these exports twice. These late documents were a significant factor in the third quarter but fell to a negligible level in October, the board said.

Third, some documents have been submitted quicker than before.

Total Probably Overstated

If allowance is made for the combined effects of all three factors, the October export total is probably overstated by $24 million, officials said.

Exports were reported as declining $9.6 million last month to the still-formidable figure of $1.47 billion. Re-exports dropped $4.8 million to $52.8 million. Imports rose $16.8 million to $1.65 billion.

The apparent discrepancy of a reported trade surplus while imports exceed exports was explaining by the fact that the trade surplus or deficit is computed by transferring freight and insurance charges included in import prices to British export earnings when these services are provided by British companies.

A further plus factor in the balance of payments arises from so-called invisible earnings from investment, shipping, tourism and the like. The central statistical office estimated that the surplus on invisibles was running at about $96 million a month.

Libya Ends BAT Pact

TRIPOLI, Nov. 13 (Reuters). — Premier Mahmoud Soliman said last night that the Libyan government has cancelled its agreement with British American Tobacco under which BAT ran the state tobacco factory here. A BAT spokesman in London said the firm was "shocked and disappointed" by the move, but that the "Libyan business accounted for a very small percentage of our profits."

For Interurban Transport

French-U.S. Partnership To Promote the Aerotrain

By John L. Hess

PARIS, Nov. 13 (NYT).—A Franco-American partnership has been formed to promote 250-mile-an-hour monorail systems for interurban transit in the United States.

Société de l'Aérotrain announced today agreement on the joint venture with Rohr Corp., a builder of fuselages and of trains for the future San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit System.

The project is the first foreign operation for the aerotrain, a monorail vehicle riding on an air cushion and lifted and propelled by two turbojet engines. A full-scale model has glided at 150 miles an hour in tests and is designed to cruise at 250 miles an hour.

The craft is described as unusually smooth-riding, with an internal noise level comparable to that of a jet transport in flight.

Noise Levels

Witnesses have termed the external noise tolerable, but this is subjective, and the Orleans test track is in open country. Noise has been considered an obstacle to the introduction of jet-powered transportation in urban areas.

An alternative solution that is under study here is to replace the jets with linear electric propulsion, a magnetic system using the track as a pole, with no moving parts.

The promoters maintain that the aerotrain is far better suited than the airplane to great urban complexes such as the Washington-to-Boston megalopolis, much faster than standard trains and no noisier. Its elevated track occupies less space than a railroad line.

Financing Question

During the current budget debate in the National Assembly, however, the aerotrain was mentioned among other subsidized "prestige" projects that had not yet proved economic. Transport Minister Raymond Mondon, who accompanied a Canadian mission aboard the aerotrain today, appeared to rebut this criticism in describing it as "a complete success" that had now been confirmed by the American venture.

In exchange for an unstated outlay over five years, Rohr will obtain a 60 percent interest in Aeroglide Systems Inc., the rest being held by the French developers, according to the announcement. The joint subsidiary will seek to market the system, while Rohr would build the vehicles.

J.C. Penney Profits Rise; Philips' Sales, Earnings Up

EINDHOVEN, The Netherlands, Nov. 13 (Reuters). — Philips, the giant Dutch electronics and electrical equipment firm, reported today that net earnings in the third quarter of the year had risen almost 24 percent, to the equivalent of $31.92 million from the $25.76 million of the year-ago quarter.

Revenues for the quarter also jumped, to $830.2 million from $733.32 million in the year-ago period.

The third-quarter gain brought earnings for the first nine months of the year to $91.56 million, about 17 percent ahead of the $78.4 million in the year-ago period. Revenues in the nine months rose to $2.4 billion from the year-ago $2.12 billion.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (Special). J.C. Penney Co., the department store and mail order house, reported today that third-quarter net earnings edged up to $30.9 million, 60 cents a share, from the $30.71 million, also 60 cents a share, in the year-earlier period.

Revenue jumped to $942.7 million in the year-ago quarter.

For the first nine months of the year earnings climbed to $67.54 million, $1.31 a share, from $65.97 million, $1.28 a share, in the year-ago period, while revenue rose to $2.5 billion from $2.23 billion.

Kayser-Roth		
First Quarter	1969	1968
Revenue (millions)..	122.5	105.7
Profits (millions) ...	5.7	5.19
Per Share	0.93	0.86
Hershey Foods		
Nine Months	1969	1968
Revenue (millions).	227.7	217.0
Profits (millions) ...	8.61	15.06
Per Share	0.73	1.26
Max Factor		
Third Quarter	1969	1968
Revenue (millions).	43.5	38.2
Profits (millions) ...	3.47	3.23
Per Share	0.35	0.32
Nine Months		
Revenue (millions).	112.0	107.0
Profits (millions) ...	10.44	9.62
Per Share	1.04	0.95
Sunbeam Corp.		
Second Quarter	1969	1968
Revenue (millions).	103.8	95.2
Profits (millions) ...	3.95	3.39
Per Share	0.34	0.30

Mitsubishi Tie-Up With Chrysler Set

TOKYO, Nov. 13 (Reuters). — Chrysler Corp. has agreed to tie up with Mitsubishi Heavy Industries of Japan to assemble and sell Japanese cars in other countries, a Mitsubishi spokesman said today.

The plan takes effect immediately in South Africa, where Mitsubishi's 1,100-cubic-centimeter five-seater will be assembled by Chrysler South Africa SA, the spokesman added. Initial production target will be 5,000 units a year, he said.

Chrysler and Mitsubishi earlier this year agreed to organize joint ventures in Japan for handling exports and imports of their cars and for manufacturing U.S. models in Japan, subject to approval by the Tokyo government.

Workers Reject Offer At American Motors

KENOSHA, Wis., Nov. 13 (Reuters). — Members of United Auto Workers Local 72 voted by a 70 percent margin last night to reject an offer designed to settle a work standards dispute and end a four-week strike at an American Motors Corp. plant here.

Company officials earlier had said that a rejection by the workers "would put the future of American Motors in the auto industry in danger."

U.S. Banks Raise Eurodollar Stake

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—Eurodollar borrowings by U.S. banks from their foreign subsidiaries have moved up following two consecutive declines, the Federal Reserve reported yesterday.

The liabilities of U.S. banks to their overseas branches increased $727 million in the week ended Nov. 5, bringing the total to $14.36 billion.

The increase follows a $675 million decline the previous week, the second largest decline of the year.

Level of U.S. Inventories Shows Jump

Auto Firms Report Small Gain in Sales

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—Business inventories in September increased by $1 billion for the third largest monthly advance this year, the Commerce Department reported today.

It said September's gain matched August's upward revised level but fell short of July's $1.4 billion advance, which was the largest in any month in 1969.

August inventory growth was previously estimated at $500 million.

The Commerce Department said September's inventory growth came from a $500 million rise each in manufacturers' and retailers' stocks. However wholesalers' stocks held close to the August level.

September's big inventory buildup brought the accumulation of stocks for the third quarter to $3.4 billion, well above the second quarter's $2.9 billion level.

The department noted that most of the third-quarter rise was attributable to increased holdings of durable-goods retailers, especially auto dealers. Manufacturers' stocks grew at about the same rate as in the second quarter, while wholesalers cut their rate of increase considerably, the department added.

Inventories at the end of September approximated 1.54 months' sales, the same as August's ratio, but slightly higher than the September, 1968, figure of 1.53.

The September growth pushed total stocks to a seasonally adjusted record of $162.69 billion from August's revised $161.66 billion and July's $160.63 billion.

Ford, Chrysler Sales Up

DETROIT, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Major U.S. automobile companies reported yesterday that their dealers sold 214,366 new American-made cars from Nov. 1 to 10, up 2 percent from 209,306 a year before and the highest early November sales since 1965.

Ford and Chrysler accounted for the gain, with sales at General Motors and American Motors down from the year before.

GM's sales were down 2 percent from a year before at 114,077. Ford and Chrysler showed 10 percent gains each, to 60,616 and 55,139 respectively. American Motors, suffering from a month-long strike, showed a 30 percent drop to 4,071.

The industry gain in early November was a change from past 1969 sales patterns, which generally showed declines from the year-before weeks.

Lynn Townsend, Chrysler chairman, said in a speech here yesterday:

"In view of the many uncertainties with regard to federal policies affecting business conditions in the months ahead, it is still far too early to make anything like a confident forecast about automobile sales for 1970 as a whole.

"I will say, however, that, with any kind of improvement in the inflationary situation, leading to a relaxation of the federal campaign to slow down economic activity, total U.S. new-car retail sales in 1970 could rise above the 1969 level."

Retail Sales Dip

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—Retail sales in the week ended Nov. 8 fell 1 percent to $6.3 billion from $6.37 billion the previous week, the Commerce Department reported today.

They were 2 percent above the $6.69 billion in the same week a year ago.

Durable-goods-stores sales dropped to $2.1 billion from $2.34 billion the week previous, while nondurable-goods sales were up slightly to $4.7 billion from $4.53 billion.

McCracken Sees No Alternative To Risking 'Over-Staying' Restraint

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (WP).—Unexpected recent strength in key economic indicators has persuaded the Nixon administration to stay with its tough anti-inflation policy a bit longer than it had hoped, despite the risk of recession.

"We have no alternative but to risk over-staying with policies of restraint," Council of Economic Advisors Chairman Paul W. McCracken said in an interview.

Thus, contrary to the urging of such diverse economic minds as Milton Friedman (an unofficial Nixon adviser) and former CEA chairman Walter W. Heller, the administration has stated its belief that the time is not yet ripe to press the Federal Reserve Board to ease its tight money policy.

Rumors of U.S. Prime Rate Hike Fly, Are Flatly Denied

PARIS, Nov. 13.—Financial centers were buzzing today with rumors—quickly and flatly denied—that the prime lending rate of U.S. banks was about to be boosted to 9 percent from the current record level of 8.5 percent.

The source of the rumor could not immediately be tracked down, and although few where inclined to take it very seriously, most bankers here admitted that such a move could put severe pressure on what has been a quiet European scene since the question of revaluation of the West German mark was cleared up.

There has been much uneasiness expressed in Europe about the contagion of high U.S. interest rates being transmitted through Europe via the Eurodollar market, and talk of possible increase evoked predictions of government controls on the now unregulated Eurodollar market.

Both here and in New York, Chase Manhattan Bank said: "There is no truth whatever to the rumor." In New York, a First National City Bank spokesman said no increase is being considered at this time. Morgan Guaranty Trust representatives both here and in New York also said there was no truth to the rumor.

What seemed to puzzle banking people most was that both economically and politically a move to raise the prime rate seems unjustified at present.

Several major U.S. banks are on record as saying that interest rates as well as U.S. inflation have already peaked out. Unemployment is rising and industrial production declining, with a concomitant lessening in the pressure for new loans.

Also, while the major U.S. banks are cash-tight as a result of domestic deflationary policies, their balance sheets are still looking relatively good. Even at major New York banks, with heavy Eurodollar commitments at over 9 percent, earnings rose an average of about 8 percent in the first nine months of the year.

And on political grounds, there is the memory of the outcry caused by the most recent hike in the prime rate. At that time, a threat of anti-trust measures was raised in response to what some considered an unfair interest rate burden on the consumer.

Bankers also noted that the Senate has put off until next year consideration of the House-approved measure regulating one-bank holding companies. The House version would prohibit all such companies formed after May 19, 1956, from engaging in business not functionally related to banking.

If approved, more than 800 holding companies would be affected—including virtually all of the leading U.S. banks. The political hostility incurred by a new rate hike, at a time when the industry is fighting the House measure, would be counter-productive, bankers said.

Eurodollar Rates Likely to Stay Up, Says U.S. Banker

PARIS, Nov. 13.—Eurodollar rates are likely to remain high, a prominent U.S. banker said here today, even if American banks ease up on their demand.

Ralph F. Leach, vice-chairman of the board of Morgan Guaranty Trust Co., told a businessmen's luncheon here that "there are a number of demand factors likely to put upward pressure on rates from time to time in the future, quite apart from use of the market by U.S. banks as a replacement for certificates of deposit.

"Any fresh wave of currency speculation is likely to rely on Eurodollar loans for a substantial part of its financing. Corporate takeovers anywhere in the world are a potential source of heavy demand for Eurodollar credit."

Mr. Leach also cited "the periodic adjustments U.S. corporations must make in their international position under the balance-of-payments rules imposed by the Commerce Department.

Mr. Leach also called for a "thoroughgoing reform of central bank practice. The ultimate goal of reform should be implementation of monetary policy through the level of reserves in the banking system, without interference in specific markets."

He was particularly critical of the Federal Reserve's Regulation Q, limiting to 6.25 percent the interest banks can pay on certificates of deposit. Because of the high interest rates prevailing elsewhere in the market, "the banking system has lost about $12 billion in CD funds," he said.

Bond Yields Climb Again

By John H. Allan

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Despite accumulating evidence that the economy is slowing down, undiminished heavy demand for capital at a time of continued tight credit pushed interest rates yesterday to the highest levels in American corporate history.

The Bell System raised $125 million by selling a bond issue that was priced to give investors a return of almost 8.5 percent, a record yield for an investment rated triple-A.

At the same time two triple-A electric utility bond issues, offered earlier at lower yields, dropped sharply in price as investment bankers decided they could not sell them.

As a result of the increase in bond yields this month, interest rates have more than retraced all the distance they declined in October when traders in the credit markets were more convinced that inflation would decrease relatively soon and that the Federal Reserve would move to loosen its tight grip on credit conditions.

In the pace-setting Bell System financing, the South Central Bell Telephone Co. accepted a bid of 99.63 percent of face value for $125 million of debentures maturing in 2001. The interest rate was set at 8.5 percent. These terms resulted in an interest cost to the company of 8.533917 percent.

Sharp Decline On Big Board Fed by Rumor

Profit-Taking a Factor Also; Volume Drops

By Philip Greer

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (WP).—Rumors of an upcoming increase in banks' prime lending rates pushed slumping prices on the New York Stock Exchange even further along their downward path today. Trading was routine.

The rumor reached the Street late in the morning. Prices, which had opened on the down side, quickly dropped to a loss of more than six points, as measured by the Dow Jones industrial average. After denials of the rumor, the selling dropped off, but there was no rebound.

The Dow industrials finished the day with a loss of 6.14 at 849.85. It was the third loss in a row for the blue chip Dow and, for the second day, the investment-grade stocks lost relatively more than the broad market.

Standard & Poor's 500 gave up 0.47 to 97.42 and the NYSE index lost 0.30 to 54.56.

Activity Eases

Trading activity spurted in the first hour, got a boost from the prime rate rumor in the second hour and then slacked off. At the close—with no threat to the ticker tape's reporting capacity—13.09 million shares had changed hands, down from 12.48 million yesterday.

Declining stocks ran ahead of advances for the fourth straight day, by the lopsided margin of 936 issues down and 420 ahead.

There was no special business news to account for the decline, but brokers hesitated to blame it on the prime rate story. Most observers were still pinning the slide on normal profit-taking and consolidation, with some year-end tax switching thrown in.

Autos Down

In some instances, even good news had little effect. Auto companies, for one, reported an increase in sales for the first ten days of November, but the entire group was lower. General Motors slipped 1/8 to 74 3/4 and American Motors was off half a point to 11 1/4. Both those companies were hit by shortages due to strikes and AMC also announced it is recalling 24,000 cars for possible defects. Ford edged off 1/8 to 44 1/4 and Chrysler was down half a point to 39 1/4.

The big losers in the blue chips were Owens-Illinois, off 2 1/8 to 63 1/2, United Aircraft, down 1 7/8 to 45 3/8, International Nickel, a 1 1/2 loser after settling a long strike, and International Paper, which gave up a point to 41 3/4.

Among the 15 most active stocks, there were 12 decliners and three gainers.

City Investing again led the most active list and eased 3/8 to 30.

Swingline trade a 200,000-share block near the bell and lost 1/4 to 29.

In merger news, Northeast Airlines fell 5 to 13 7/8 as it traded for the first time since announcement of merger plans with Northwest. The plan values the Northeast stock well below previous market value.

Storer Broadcasting owns 86 percent of Northeast's stock. It fell 2 to 40 after gaining 5 yesterday. Northwest was off 3/8 to 34 1/4. Stocks of other carriers were mixed.

Regulation Q Extended

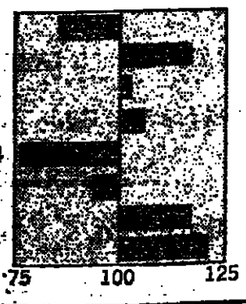
WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 (Reuters).—The Senate today passed legislation extending Regulation Q—the Federal Reserve Board's authority to regulate rates of interest paid by financial institutions on time and savings deposits.

The regulation extended until Sept. 22, 1970, was to have expired Dec. 22. The legislation now goes to the House.

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RMANY+5.2
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THERLANDS—5.3
LY+17.3
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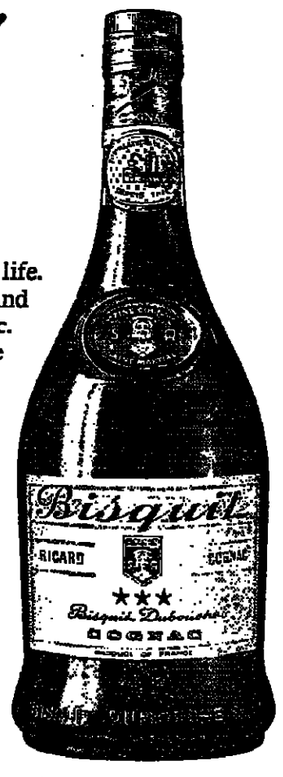
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New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from Page 8)

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge.
50	20¾	JapanF .49g	30	43⅝	43¾	42¾	42¾	—1
		Japn fn1.49g	15	39	39¼	38¾	38¾	
37	24⅞	JeffnPilot .80	56	32⅝	32⅝	32	32	— ¼
22¼	16¾	JergensA .50	13	22½	22¼	22	22	— ½
66⅝	55	JerCPL pf 4	z60	56½	56¾	56½	56¾	+ ¼
55¾	43	Jewel Co 1.50	14	51⅝	51⅝	51	51	—1
40	27¾	Jim Walt .40	30	36⅜	36⅝	35½	35½	— ⅜
44⅜	36¼	JimW pf1.60	9	41¾	41⅜	41¼	41⅜	— ⅛
117	84	JimW pf1.20	1	107½	107½	107½	107½	+3½
42⅝	31	JohnMan 1.30	124	33⅛	33⅝	32⅝	33	+ ⅜
157½	101	JohnJhn .80a	667	155	157	153½	153½	—4
31⅜	24¼	Johns Svc .80	8	30½	30¾	30¼	30¼	+ ⅛
58⅝	47	JohnSvc pf 2	1	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	
60¾	45	JonLogan .80	63	60⅝	62⅝	60⅝	61	+1
34¼	20¼	JoneLau 1.35	48	20½	20½	20⅛	20½	
30⅝	23⅛	Jorgensn 1.30	5	23⅞	23⅞	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
37½	27¾	Jostens .60	2	35	35	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅛
37⅞	25¼	Joy Mfg 1.40	44	34½	34¾	34	34⅜	— ⅜
41⅞	29½	Kaiser Al 1	82	36¼	36⅝	36⅛	36⅜	+ ⅛
95	72½	Kais 57pf4.75	2	78	78	78	78	— ¼
95½	71	Kais 66pf4.75	1	77	77	77	77	+1½
85	62¾	KaisAl pf4.12	5	68¾	68¾	68	68	—2½
40	36	Kal 4.75pf2.37	z300	37	37	37	37	+ ⅛
27½	17¾	Kais Cem .80	41	26½	26½	26⅜	26⅝	+ ⅛
60½	41	KaisC pf2.50	10	56	56	56	56	+ ¼
27⅞	20¼	KaisC pf1.37	6	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	+ ⅛
39⅝	31⅛	KanC PwLt 2	114	35½	35⅜	34⅜	34⅝	—1⅛
61½	52½	KC PL pf3.80	z100	52	52	52	52	— ½
56¼	34	KC SoulInd 2	25	42¼	42½	42¼	42½	
16⅞	14¼	KC Sou pf 1	z210	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅜
29⅝	20½	Kan GE 1.36	78	22⅜	22⅞	22½	22½	— ⅜
24⅝	19½	KanPwL 1.18	40	22	22¼	22	22	— ¼
28⅞	1	Katy Ind	32	13¾	13¾	13⅛	13½	
50¾	29½	Kauf Brd .24	38	47½	48¼	47⅝	47⅝	
32⅜	18¼	KawecB .20b	67	25⅜	26¼	25½	25½	
40¼	25¾	KayserRo .60	6	34¼	34¼	33¾	33⅞	— ⅜
46¼	32⅛	Keebler 1.20	3	45	45¼	45	45¼	+ ¼
63	17¼	Keller Ind .50	7	24⅞	24⅞	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
45	39⅛	Kellogg 1.60	77	45	45¼	44¼	44⅝	— ⅜
53	32	Kelsey 1.30	10	33½	33½	33¼	33¼	
50⅝	35⅜	Kendall .60	50	49	49⅝	48¼	48½	—1¼
36	24⅝	Kennmet .80	4	34¼	34⅞	34¼	34⅞	+ ⅞
55½	37	Kenncott 2.40	514	44⅜	44⅞	44⅜	44⅜	— ⅜
55½	35	KFCh Del .10	203	51½	51½	51	51⅛	— ⅜
33	26¾	Ky Util 1.48	16	31	31	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅜
124¾	80⅝	Kerr Mc 1.50	43	100⅞	101½	100¼	100½	— ⅜
107¾	75½	KerrM pf4.50	7	81	82	81	81½	— ⅜
38⅝	28	KeystConIn 2	4	28½	28½	28½	28½	
66½	34½	KiddeCo 1.65t	185	58⅜	58⅜	56½	57	—2½
79¾	60½	KimbClk 2.20	34	79¾	79¾	78½	78¾	—1
25⅞	14⅝	KingsDSt .40	108	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	— ¼
39½	19	KinneyNS .25	69	32⅛	32⅛	31	31½	— ½
65	37¼	Kinney pf1.25	24	63	63	61¾	62	—1
50	39¾	Kirsch Co 1	14	49⅝	49½	49⅛	49¼	+¼
85⅝	50½	KLM A 2.49g	46	57¾	57⅝	56	56⅝	—1¼
51½	36¼	KnightN .25g	39	49¾	49¾	48¼	48¼	—1¼
48⅝	27⅝	Koehring 2	21	28⅜	29	28⅝	29	— ¼
59	38½	Koehr pf2.75	1	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	— ½
48¾	30¾	Koppers 1.60	8	42¼	42½	42¼	42¼	+ ⅛
66¼	57	Koppers pf 4	z200	58½	59	58½	59	+1
16¼	12⅛	Koracorp Ind	137	14½	15⅛	14½	14⅝	— ⅜
48	36⅜	Kraftco 1.70	156	39½	39½	39	39⅜	— ¼
61	37¾	Kresge SS .40	226	58¼	58⅞	58¼	58⅞	+ ¾
39½	22½	Kroehler .80a	13	25⅛	25⅛	24⅞	24⅞	— ½
41⅛	31⅝	Kroger 1.30	75	34	34⅛	34	34⅛	+ ⅛
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32	24	Lamsn Sess 1	10	26¾	27	26¾	26⅞	— ⅛
40½	31½	LaneBry 1.20	2	38½	38½	38½	38½	— ¼
43⅝	30¼	Lanv Ritz .60	7	42½	42½	42	42	—1
34⅞	16⅝	LatrobeSt .60	15	18½	18½	18¼	18¼	— ¼
27½	16½	Lear Sieg .50	316	21⅞	21⅞	20¾	20⅝	— ⅞
67½	48	LearSg pf2.25	114	53½	53½	51	51	—3½
54	22½	Leasco Data	202	28⅛	28⅝	27½	27¾	— ⅜
84½	37¾	LeasD pf2.20	72	45¾	45⅝	44	44½	— ½
36⅜	20	Leasewy .50b	3	26⅜	27	26⅜	27	+ ½
36⅜	20¾	LeedsNor .50	47	23½	23½	23	23	— ⅜
53⅝	21	Leesona .40	62	24	24	23½	23⅝	— ⅜
21⅜	15¼	LehPCem .60	9	17	17	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
16	6¾	Leh Val Ind	172	8⅛	8½	8	8¼	+ ¼
24½	20	Lehmn 1.61g	47	21⅜	22⅛	21⅜	21¾	+ ⅛
20⅞	13¾	LeonardR .60	8	16	16	15¾	16	+ ¼
13⅛	10⅛	LeverFd Cap	33	11⅜	11⅜	11½	11½	— ⅛
13	11	LevFinc .75a	7	11⅜	11½	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
20⅛	11	LFC Financl	54	13⅜	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅛
34⅞	17¾	LFE Corp	25	28⅞	28½	27	27⅜	— ⅞
59¾	44	LibOFrd 2.80	86	46½	46½	45¾	45⅜	— ⅜
95¾	74¼	LibOF pf4.75	24	76½	77	76½	76¾	+ ¼
17½	7⅞	Libb McN L	31	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	
24⅝	14	LibertyCp .20	2	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
27	15½	LitbyLn 1.30g	5	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18¼	
24½	16⅝	LibyLn pf1.25	6	17⅝	17½	17¼	17¼	— ½
49	33¼	Ligg My 2.50	49	34¼	34½	34⅛	34¼	— ⅛
119	91½	Ligg My pf 7	z50	101	101	101	101	+1
84½	61¼	LincInNt 1.80	217	74	74	73	73½	—1¼
85¼	71	Linc Nat pf 3	22	78½	78½	77½	77½	—2
97¾	29¼	Ling TV 1.33	69	34⅜	34⅜	34¼	34½	— ⅝
83	25	LingAA 2.71t	2	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ½
115½	58½	Ling TV pf 5	1	64	64	64	64	
19	9	Lionel Corp	86	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	
74½	37⅛	Litton 1.89t	419	55⅝	55⅝	54⅝	55	— ⅜
81	40	Litton ptc pf	48	60	60½	59¾	60½	— ¼
140	82	Litton cvpf 3	2	116	116	116	116	
57¼	34½	Litton pf B2	9	43½	43½	43	43¼	— ¼
50	21	LockhdA 1.20	336	22¼	22½	21½	22	—1
61½	25	LoewsThe .12	296	36⅜	36⅜	35⅛	35¼	—1⅛
40½	14¼	Londntwn .30	34	16	16	15½	15¾	— ¼
27½	20½	LoneS Cem 1	52	25¾	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	17⅜	LoneSGa 1.12	105	20¼	20½	19⅝	20	— ⅜
30	22¾	LongIsLt 1.30	59	24⅝	24⅝	24	24	— ⅛
114	94	LIL pf 1 5.75	3	101	101½	101	101½	+1
19⅞	8¾	Loral Corp	58	11⅞	12⅛	11½	12⅛	— ⅛
76¼	49¾	La Land 1.90	75	56½	56½	55½	55¾	— ⅛
35	28⅛	LouisGE 1.48	25	33⅜	34	33⅜	33⅞	+ ⅜
95¾	75	Lou Nash 4a	9	81½	82	81½	82	+ ¾
30	21¼	Lowenstn .90	69	24¼	24⅛	23½	23½	— ⅝
65	48	Lubrizol .60	10	64½	64½	64¼	64¼	— ⅛
33¾	26	Lucky Str .80	84	30¼	30½	30	30¼	+ ⅜
43¼	27½	Ludlow 1.08	14	34⅝	34⅞	34	34¼	+ ¼
35⅞	24	Lukens Stl 1	14	29	29	28½	28⅝	— ⅜
26⅝	19⅝	Lums Inc	338	24½	24½	23⅞	24	— ⅜
13¾	7½	LVO Corp	91	10	10	9⅝	9¾	— ¼
22	13¾	Lyk Yng .30g	117	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅝	+ ¼
48	34½	LykYg pf2.50	59	36	36⅛	35⅝	36	
		M						
37½	16¾	MacAnF .20b	40	27⅜	28⅛	26⅝	26¾	— ⅜
24½	9⅞	MacDonld .60	57	10½	10⅞	10½	10½	
29½	14½	Macke Co .30	28	19⅜	19½	19	19	— ⅜
39⅛	20⅜	Macy RH 1	34	39⅛	39⅞	39	39⅛	— ⅛
71½	61½	Macy pf 4.25	z40	59¼	59⅝	59	59	— ¼
34½	23⅝	Mad Fd 3.56g	96	26¼	26⅛	25⅜	26	— ⅛
12⅞	6¾	Mad Sq Gar	115	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅜
56½	39⅞	Magnavox 1.20	370	41¼	41⅜	40½	40⅞	— ⅞
65¼	38¼	Mallory 1.80	20	51⅞	51⅞	51¼	51⅛	— ⅝
38⅝	16½	Man Ind .56b	5	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
54⅝	36⅝	Manpowr .72	20	53	54	53	53¼	+ ¼
70	52½	ManHan 2.50	37	69	69⅝	69	69¼	+ ¼
34	19½	MAPCO .70	15	26	26½	26	26⅛	— ⅛
59¾	36⅛	Marathn 1.60	105	39¾	40¼	39⅝	39⅝	— ⅜

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge.
64½	41¼	Marcor Inc 1	82	50¼	50½	49⅝	49⅞	— ⅝
65	46	Marcor pf A2	36	55⅜	55⅞	55⅛	55⅜	— ⅜
21¾	12⅛	Maremnt .77f	8	12⅞	13	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
42½	33¾	Mar Mid 1.60	109	41¼	41½	41⅛	41¼	
58	38⅛	MarionLb .24	7	57¼	57⅛	57	57	
50⅛	37⅛	Marlennan 1	77	47	47⅞	47	47½	+ ½
22¾	13⅞	Marq Cm .60	40	15⅛	15⅞	15⅛	15¼	— ¼
37⅞	29¼	Marriott .84f	95	37	37⅜	36⅞	37	+ ⅛
29¾	22⅛	MarshFd 1.10	16	28⅜	28⅞	28½	28⅞	
28⅝	18¼	MartinM 1.10	114	22⅛	22⅛	21⅞	22	— ⅛
50½	40⅝	MrylCup .40b	3	49⅝	49¼	49⅛	49¼	
53	37⅝	Masco Cp .24	13	48¾	49	48⅛	48¾	
69⅞	53	Masonite 1.20	3	69	69¼	69	69¼	+ ¼
25¼	15¼	Massey F 1	60	18¾	18¾	18½	18⅝	
69¼	44¼	Mattel .20	26	68⅝	68⅞	67⅛	67⅛	—1
40½	25	MayDStr 1.60	213	30	30⅜	30	30¼	+ ¼
36⅞	28½	MayD pf1.80	1	30½	30½	30½	30½	— ½
24⅝	18	Mays JW .50	8	23⅞	24	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
32¼	24¼	Maytag 1	10	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	
44½	20½	MCA Inc .60	133	23½	23⅝	23	23	—1¼
49⅝	37	McCord 1.20b	14	42½	42¾	41¾	42	+ ⅛
36	22¾	McCrory 1.20	1	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	— ¼
87	75¼	McCrory6pf 6	z30	76	76	76	76	+ ¼
92	61¼	McDermott 1	700	66¼	66¼	63½	64⅝	—1⅝
44⅝	26	McDonald Cp	182	41¼	41¾	39¾	40⅜	— ¾
49¼	23¼	McDonnD .40	134	27⅝	28	27¼	27½	— ¼
38¼	29⅝	McGrEd 1.40	341	37¼	37½	36½	36⅞	— ¼
39½	24	McGHill .60a	108	31½	32	31⅜	31½	+ ¼
11⅝	6½	McGrgDA .40	26	7	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	
133½	85	McIntyre 2	z200	134	134	134	134	+1½
45¾	25	McKee 1.50	12	26½	26¼	25⅝	25⅜	— ½
65	42⅜	McLean .80a	2	53¾	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	
48¼	28½	McLouth 1.60	21	30⅜	30⅝	30¼	30⅝	+ ½
28¾	16⅜	McNell .70	30	17¾	17½	17¼	17⅛	+ ⅛
33½	21	Mead Corp 1	27	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23½	— ¼
65	45½	Mead ptA2.80	1	47	47	47	47	—1
66½	45¼	Mead pfB2.80	8	47	47	46	46	—1
41	26½	MedusaC 1.20	28	30⅞	30⅞	30⅜	30½	— ⅛
73	52½	MelvSho 1.30	135	71¼	73	71¼	72½	+1½
70	59½	Melv Sh pf 4	z220	64⅜	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	+ ⅝
167	65	Memorex Cp	728	151	156	148¼	156	+4½
74¼	53¼	MercanS 1.40	3	65⅝	65¾	65⅝	65⅝	— ⅝
109⅝	82½	Merck 1.80a	33	107⅜	108¼	107	107¼	— ¼
59¾	32½	Meredith 1.30	3	45¼	45¼	45	45	— ½
12½	8⅛	MesabiT .72g	85	9	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
43	31	Mesta Mch 2	3	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
44½	25	MGM .60p	56	33⅛	33¼	32⅞	33	— ⅛
53¾	17½	Metrom .50b	335	23	23¼	22½	23	
62¾	50	MetEd pf3.90	z310	54½	54½	53⅝	53⅝	—1⅜
60	42½	MGIC Inv .20	97	56⅜	56⅜	54⅝	55¼	— ⅜
19¼	14⅛	MichGasUt 1	2	15⅛	15½	15⅛	15½	
27¾	16⅛	Mich Tube 1	8	17	17	16½	16½	— ¼
32⅞	17½	Microdot .40g	48	26⅞	26⅞	25½	25½	—1⅛
25¼	17⅝	MidCnTel .84	30	24⅝	25⅛	24	24	—1⅛
25⅞	18¾	MidSoUtil .88	90	23¼	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
35½	22⅛	Midld R 1.40	36	24⅞	24⅞	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
109	77¼	Midwst Oil 3	5	825	82	81½	81½	— ½
73⅝	54⅜	MileLab 1.20	14	72⅛	72⅜	71⅜	71⅞	— ⅛
40	24½	Milt Brad .60	15	28	28⅝	27¾	28⅛	+ ⅜
36⅜	11	Minn Enterp	36	16¼	16¼	15⅞	16	— ⅜
118	94	MinnMM 1.60	109	118	118½	117½	118	+ ½
25⅞	19¼	MinnPLt 1.20	95	20½	20⅝	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
165	90	MissnCp 2.35	z30	98½	100	98½	100	+2
28⅝	17¾	Miss Riv 1.20	23	18⅝	18¾	18⅝	18½	— ⅛
87	65	Mo Pac A 5	1	70½	70½	70½	70½	— ½
36¼	21⅛	MP Cem 1.60	7	25⅜	25⅝	24⅞	24⅞	— ¼
26½	21⅛	MoPubS .80b	7	24¼	24¼	23¾	23¾	— ¾
69⅝	49⅜	Mobil 2.20a	190	51⅜	52	50¾	50⅞	—1⅛
43	28⅝	Mohasco 1.10	87	30⅜	31	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
47¼	26½	Monarch 1.20	11	26½	26¾	26½	26¾	+ ¼
61¾	24¼	Monogm Ind	162	25⅝	26¼	24⅝	24⅞	— ⅞
31⅞	22⅜	Mon RR .25g	1	24	24	24	24	— ⅜
40	30½	MonroEq .60	353	37¾	37¾	37½	37½	— ¾
55⅞	36¼	Monsan 1.80	259	41¼	41¾	40½	40½	—1⅛
55⅞	49¾	Monsa pf2.75	6	53	53	52½	52½	— ½
36½	28	MontDUt 1.68	19	30⅜	30⅞	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅝
35⅝	26½	Mont Pw 1.68	17	28⅛	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞	— ½
24½	12¾	Moor McCor	20	17½	18¼	17½	18¼	
64⅛	51½	MorganJ 2.40	77	62⅜	63⅝	62⅜	63⅛	+ ½
40½	29	MorseSho .60	7	33½	33¾	33½	33¾	+ ¼
46	24¼	Mor-Nor .80	37	36	36	35½	35½	— ½
166	102¾	Motorola 1	116	147	147	144½	144½	—1½
1 15-16	1⅜	Motorola rt	1808	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	—3-16
34⅝	27¾	MtFuels 1.80	8	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32¼	
24⅞	21	Mt St TT 1.24	25	22⅞	22⅞	22⅛	22⅝	— ¼
46¾	21	MSL Ind .40	64	22⅝	23¼	22⅜	22¼	— ⅛
38⅝	18½	Munsingwr 1	19	19½	0¼	19½	20¼	
35½	24	Murphy 1.20	12	29¾	30¼	29¾	30	+ ¼
26⅝	9½	Murphin .28p	1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
50½	21⅞	MkrphOil .60	144	22¾	23⅝	22½	23⅛	+ ¼
128½	78½	MurpO pf5.20	1	81	81	81	81	
		N						
63	50⅛	Nalco Ch .70	2	61	61	61	61	
50½	34⅜	Narco Sci .60	10	38½	39	38½	38⅝	— ⅜
49⅝	36½	NashuaCp .44	9	44⅝	44⅝	44	44⅛	— ⅛
47½	26¼	Nat Airlin .40	206	33½	33½	33	33⅛	— ⅝
43½	23¼	NAviat 2.55g	20	27½	27¾	27	27¼	— ⅛
55	47	Nat Bisc 2.20	46	49⅝	49½	48¾	49⅛	— ¼
75⅝	53½	Nat Can .80	44	72½	73	72½	73	+ ⅜
67¼	48⅜	N Can pf 1.50	3	65½	65½	65	65	
150½	108	NatCash 1.20	149	148¼	148¾	144⅜	148	— ⅜
65½	37	Nat Chem .50	1	63½	63½	63½	63½	— ½
38¾	17½	NatCityL .90	2	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
21¾	16½	Nat Distil .90	14	19¾	20	19⅝	20	+ ⅛
36⅝	30⅞	NDist pf2.25	1	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	
31	23⅝	Nat Fuel 1.68	21	24½	24¾	24½	24⅝	+ ⅛
46¼	18⅝	Nat Genl .20	101	21½	21⅞	21⅛	21⅜	+ ¼
34⅜	23	NatGyps 1.05	153	26½	26⅝	26¼	26⅜	
74½	62	NGyps pf4.50	z100	63½	63½	63½	63½	+ ½
24⅝	8⅞	NatInd .46f	59	10	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
23½	15⅛	NatInd pf1.25	7	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	— ⅛
37⅝	28⅜	NatLead .85g	177	28½	29⅛	28½	29⅛	+ ⅜
39⅞	29	NatPresto .90	29	30⅜	31⅛	30¼	30⅞	— ⅛
22⅜	19½	NatSvcIn .60	14	21	21	20⅞	21	
43	28	Nat Stand .75	22	36	36⅛	35⅞	35¼	— ⅛
39	30⅝	NatStarch .60	28	33	33	33	33	
56⅞	41½	Nat Steel 2.50	81	44⅜	44⅝	44	44¼	+ ⅜
16¾	12⅞	Nat Tea .80	6	13⅜	13⅜	13¼	13¼	— ¼
39¼	19⅛	NatUnEl .90	26	20⅜	21	20½	20½	—1
130½	34½	Natomas .25	335	64⅞	64⅞	62⅞	62½	—1⅞
35⅝	18⅛	Neptune .74	59	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	24⅜	+ ⅜
49⅞	42	Nev Pow 1.0 8	2	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅛
38	25¼	Newberry 1	43	32¼	32⅜	31⅞	32	
29½	22	NEngEl 1.48	41	24⅛	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	— ¼
43	35	NEngTT 2.36	80	36	36	35⅝	35⅝	— ½
35¾	24½	Newmnt 1.04	84	28⅛	28⅝	27½	27⅞	— ¼
109	88½	Newmt pf4.50	2	95	95	94½	94½	— ½
59¾	29½	NY Hon .75d	157	44	44	42½	42½	—1⅝
42	29¾	NYSIEG 2.08	109	31⅜	32	31⅜	31⅝	— ⅛
59½	49⅝	NY SE pf3.75	z160	56	56	55½	55½	—1½
22⅝	16⅜	Niag MP 1.10	220	17⅝	17⅞	17⅝	17¾	+ ⅛
98½	81¾	NiagM pf6.10	z60	80½	81½	80½	81½	— ½
63½	52	NiagM pf3.90	z330	52	52	51	52	
56	48	NiagM pf3.60	z100	49	49	49	49	— ½
54½	46¾	NiagM pf3.40	z90	47	47	46½	46½	— ¼
22	16⅛	Niag Shr .55g	5	22¼	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅜
110⅝	87⅛	NorfolkWst 6	65	87½	87¾	86	86⅛	—1⅜
30¼	17⅜	NorrisInd .80	21	22¼	22⅞	21¼	21⅜	— ⅜
35¾	19¾	NoAmCar 1	39	25	25	24⅜	24⅝	— ¼

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge.
28¼	14⅞	NAmCoal .60	12	17⅛	17¾	17⅛	17¼	— ⅛
59¾	35¼	NorAmPhil 1	31	58⅛	59	58⅛	58¾	+ ⅛
42⅝	25⅝	NoAmRock 2	196	27⅝	27¾	27⅛	27⅜	— ¼
104	66	NoARk pf4.75	1	72	72	72	72	
26	22⅝	NoARk pf1.35	13	24½	24¼	24⅛	24⅛	— ¼
19⅞	14⅜	Noeast Ut .9a	172	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅜
35	28⅝	NoIllGas 1.68	15	30⅛	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜	+ ⅛
34¼	23⅝	NorInPS 1.14	31	28⅝	28⅝	28	28	—1
65	42¼	NoNGas 9 oc	45	49	49⅝	48½	48½	— ⅜
107	103	NoNG pf6.48	z1300	104¼	104½	103	103	—2
93	78	NoNG pf5.80	z110	79	79	77½	77½	—1⅝
91	75	NoNG pf5.30	z10	76¼	76¼	76¼	76¼	
89½	77¾	NoNG pf5.50	z210	81	81	81	81	+1
66	41¾	Nor Pac .60	31	43⅛	43⅝	43	43⅝	
30⅞	23¾	NoStaPw 1.60	37	25⅛	25⅛	24⅞	25	— ⅛
101	91	NoStaPw pf 7	z780	91½	91½	90¾	90¾	— ¼
102½	91½	NSPw pf6.80	z130	91	91	90	90	—2
65	53½	NSPw pf4 1.	z20	55	55	55	55	—1⅛
58⅝	47⅝	NSPw pf3.60	z160	52	52	51	51	—1
53½	33	Northrop 1	22	39⅛	39⅛	38⅛	38½	— ⅜
51	33⅝	Northp pf1.45	8	39⅞	39⅞	38⅞	38⅞	— ⅛
35⅝	24	Nwst Airl .45	248	34⅛	34⅝	34	34¼	— ⅛
38	29⅛	NwtBanc 1.20	40	36½	37	36⅛	36⅝	+ ⅜
27⅞	14⅜	Nwst Ind 1.40	85	16⅞	17	16⅛	16⅛	— ¾
138½	49½	NwtInd pfA5	17	58½	58½	58	58	— ½
59⅞	47⅝	NwtInd pfC5	44	56½	56½	56	56⅛	— ¼
106	41⅛	Nwstln pf4.20	29	48⅛	48⅝	48	48⅛	— ⅜
84	43⅜	NwstnStlW 2	26	80¼	80⅞	80⅛	80¼	+ ¼
44⅝	30¼	Norton 1.50	1	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	
51¾	39⅜	NortSim 1.22f	39	49	49	48	48⅛	— ⅞
49⅝	37	NoSim pf1.60	8	44½	44½	44⅜	44½	— ⅛
28	16	NVF Co	43	17½	17⅞	17⅜	17⅜	
		O						
29½	14	Oak Elect .64	49	17¼	17¼	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅞
27⅝	21	Oakite Od .80	12	27	27¼	27	27	— ⅛
51½	23½	Occidnt Pet 1	2119	26⅝	26½	25½	26⅛	+ ⅜
150¼	69	OccidPet pf 4	4	77¾	78	77⅛	78	+1⅜
154⅝	69½	OccidP pf3.60	27	80	80⅜	77⅞	78½	+ ½
79	36½	OccidP pf2.16	3	42	42	41½	42	
30⅝	19	Ogden Cp .60	53	23⅝	23⅝	22⅞	23⅛	— ⅜
65½	32	Ogden pf1.87	5	38	38	37	37½	— ½
30½	23	OhioEdis 1.52	79	24½	24½	23⅞	24	— ½
77	63½	Oh Ed pf4.56	z150	65	65	64⅝	64⅝	— ⅜
73½	60½	Oh Ed pf4.40	z150	65¼	65⅝	65	65	
64	53½	Oh Ed pf3.90	z10	57¼	57¼	57¼	57¼	+ ¼
25⅜	19½	Okla GE 1.68	10	21⅜	22	21⅜	21¾	
13⅝	12	Ok GE pf.80	z150	12	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
24	18	OklaNGs 1.12	26	19⅞	20	19⅝	19¾	
33⅜	22¼	Olin Corp .88	91	23⅜	23⅞	23¼	23⅝	— ¼
33⅜	19⅝	Omark Ind 1f	21	21¼	21¼	20⅜	21	— ¼
32¼	16	OneidaLt .70	18	19⅛	19⅜	19⅛	19½	
28⅝	18	Opelika 1	2	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ¼
32	22¾	OrangeR 1.20	33	23⅜	23⅜	23	23¼	+ ⅛
52⅝	39⅜	Otis Elev 2	115	49½	49⅜	48⅞	49½	
43¼	25⅜	Outbo Mar 1	9a	29⅛	29¼	28½	29	— ½
30⅝	16¾	Outlet Co .65	17	21⅛	21¼	20⅝	20¾	— ⅜
34½	19½	Over Trans 1	11	22½	22½	21¾	22	— ¾
93¾	68½	OwensCa 1.40	19	86¼	87	86¼	87	½
77¾	61¾	OwensIll 1.35	57	65¼	65¼	63½	63½	—2⅛
125	104	OwenIl pf4.75	1	108	108	108	108	—
25⅜	14¾	OxfdIndA .60	23	15⅛	15¼	15	15	— ⅛
		P-Q						
39½	30⅝	PacGEl 1.50	52	35¼	35½	35¼	35½	
33½	15	PacInEx .20e	7	17⅞	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜
30⅛	25⅛	PacLtg 1.60	17	26⅝	26⅝	26	26⅝	+ ⅜
43⅝	22⅛	Pac Pet .25g	189	28⅞	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛	— ¾
24⅞	18¼	PacPwL 1.28	30	20	20	19¾	19⅞	— ⅛
28⅛	12⅞	PacSwA .30p	69	26¼	26⅞	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
23⅞	19¾	PacT&T 1.20	78	20½	20⅝	20¼	20½	
106	88	PacT&T pf 6	z20	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	
20⅝	13	Pac Tin .6e	44	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19⅝	— ¼
25¾	18	PalmBch .25	15	24⅞	24⅝	24	24	— ⅜
35½	15⅜	PanASul .77g	71	15¾	15¾	15⅛	15⅜	— ½
31¾	14	Pan Am .20p	301	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14¼	— ¼
40	27	Panh EP 1.60	121	35	35¼	34⅝	35	— ⅛
37¾	25⅛	Paprcrft .44b	9	35⅜	35½	35	35½	+ ⅛
30	19	Pargas .2	25	23⅜	23½	23	23½	+ ⅜
38¼	24¾	ParkeDavis 1	180	36⅜	36⅜	35⅝	35⅜	—1
59¼	45⅞	ParkHan 1.40	26	54	54⅝	54	54⅛	— ⅝
33¾	16¾	Park Pen .80	2	19	19	19	19	— ⅛
71¾	29⅝	PennCen 2.40	1156	29½	29½	28¾	29½	— ¼
35⅞	16¼	PennDIx .60	79	17⅝	18	17⅝	18	+ ¼
21¼	10¼	Penn Fru	10	10¾	11	10¼	11	+ ½
57⅛	46	Penney JC 1	693	55¼	55¼	53¼	53⅜	—1½
84	65	Pa Co pf4.60	1	67	67	67	67	
34½	25	PaPwLt 1.60	49	26¾	26⅞	26¼	26¼	— ½
75½	59⅞	PaPL pf 4.50	z180	65¼	65¼	64⅞	64⅞	— ½
74	57	PaPL pf 4.40	z50	65	65	64⅛	64½	—1⅛
65¼	31⅜	Pennwl 1.20a	100	35⅝	36⅞	35⅝	36⅞	+ ⅞
33	23⅝	Perwlt pf1.25	29	26¼	26⅜	25½	26⅜	+ ⅜
58¼	28	PennzUn .60	88	38⅛	39¼	38	39⅛	+1⅛
83	47	PenzU pf1.33	10	54½	56	54	56	+1
35⅞	19⅞	PeopDrg 1.10	12	20⅞	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ¼
39⅞	31⅛	PeopGas 1.96	59	33¼	33¾	32⅞	32⅞	— ⅛
54⅞	43⅜	PepsiCo 1	248	54⅜	54⅞	53⅜	53¾	—1
27¼	16½	PepG Bot .80	27	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21½	+ ⅜
68½	11½	Perfect Film	16	17	17	16⅜	16⅝	— ⅛
55⅝	39¾	Perkin Elm	37	46	46	45⅝	45⅞	— ½
46	35¼	Pet Inc 1.10	49	37⅞	38	37	37¼	
25½	19½	Pet Inc pf 1	4	20⅜	20⅝	19⅞	20	
25	19¾	Pet Inc pf.80	2	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	½
50¼	28	PetePaul 1.20	7	29	29	28½	28½	— ¾
48⅜	36	Petrolane .90	2	45	45	45	45	
34¾	29½	Petrol pf1.37	1	32	32	32	32	
29⅞	19	Petrim 2.12g	8	21⅞	22	21⅝	21⅝	
104⅛	69⅝	PfizerC 1.40a	127	104	104½	103¼	103½	— ½
52½	39½	Phelps D 2.10	60	48½	49⅜	48¼	49⅛	+ ¼
32⅛	23⅞	Phila El 1.64	151	25⅜	25⅜	25	25	— ⅛
103	96	PhilaEl pf 7	z200	97¼	97½	97¼	97½	— ½
75½	58	PhilEl pf4.40	z60	62½	63	62½	63	+ ½
63	51	PhilEl pf3.80	z50	55	55	55	55	
36⅜	25⅛	Philip Morr 1	211	34⅛	34⅛	33½	33⅞	— ¼
67	52	PhilMor pr 4	z40	56½	56½	56½	56½	+1
64	50½	PhilM pf3.90	z200	54	54	54	54	+1
35	20¼	Philip Ind .16	236	25	25½	23	25½	+ ¼
40⅜	31	Phil Ind pf 1	33	30½	31¾	30½	31¾	+ ¼
38¼	24⅝	Phill Pet 1.30	577	26⅛	26⅛	25½	26	— ¼
29¾	20	PhilVH 1.60f	17	21¼	21⅞	21⅛	21⅞	+ ⅝
60½	41¾	Pillsbury 1.36	26	60	60	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅛
20½	13½	PionNGas .80	66	14¾	14⅞	14½	14½	— ½
41⅞	30	PitneyBw .68	27	40	40¼	39½	40	— ¼
22	13¼	Pit Forg .80	3	15⅛	15⅛	15	15	— ⅜
112	96	PittFtW pf 7	z60	96½	96½	96¼	96¼	— ¼
72¼	48½	Pittston 1.20b	25	67⅝	67⅞	66⅞	66½	—1½
48⅜	23⅞	Plan Resrch	50	48	48⅝	47⅞	48⅜	
78⅝	57½	PloughInc .68	38	74¾	75½	74½	75	+ ⅝
145¼	102⅝	Polaroid .32	338	140	141⅞	139¼	141	+ ¼
32⅛	19	Portec 1.20	8	19¼	19¼	19⅛	19¼	— ¼
84⅝	69¼	Porter pf5.50	z20	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+ ½
24½	19	PortGEl 1.22	17	20	20	19⅞	20	
21¾	12⅞	PotomEl .55ds	204	14¾	14⅞	14⅝	14¾	— ¼
50	36½	Pot El pf2.44	9	39⅝	40¼	39⅝	40¼	+1⅛
42	32¼	PPG Ind 1.40	x88	36¼	36⅜	36¼	36⅜	⅛
111⅛	82	ProctGa 2.60	142	111¼	111⅜	110⅜	110⅜	— ⅝
34⅜	14⅞	ProdRsch .28	18	18½	18½	18	18	— ⅜
28	8⅝	PubSCol 1.06	336	21⅝	21⅞	21⅜	21⅝	
37	25½	PSvcEG 1.64	127	28½	28¾	28½	28¾	+ ¼
84	71	PSEG pf5.28	z250	74	74½	73	74½	— ¼
80½	66½	PSEG pf5.05	z100	71	71	71	71	+ ¼
69¼	57½	PSEG pf4.30	z30	60	60	60	60	

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge.
66½	56	PSEG pf4.18	z360	58	58	56½	56½	—1½
66½	55	PSEG pf4.08	z50	57	57	57	57	—1⅝
23⅝	20	PSEG pf1.40	9	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	
49½	34½	PubSvIn 2.08	38	39⅝	39⅝	39	39⅝	— ½
58½	50½	PSInd pf3.50	z70	52	52	52	52	
17½	14⅛	PSInd pf1.08	z100	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	— ½
17	13⅞	PSInd pf1.04	z30	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	— ¼
15⅞	8	PubIkIod .45f	21	9¼	9¼	9⅛	9¼	
26¼	20	Pueb Sup .28	73	20⅝	20⅞	20¼	20⅝	+ ⅜
24⅞	16¼	PR Cem 1.10	52	17	17⅛	16⅞	17	
37⅞	26⅞	PugS PL 1.76	13	30⅛	30¼	30	30	— ¼
60⅝	43	Pullman 2.80	15	47½	47⅝	47⅛	47½	— ¼
33	22⅝	PurexCp .84b	120	25⅞	26⅛	25½	26	+ ⅛
67¼	51½	Purolatr 1.60	9	64½	65	64½	65	
67¾	47½	QuakOat 1.40	33	66½	66⅞	66¼	66⅜	— ⅜
74⅞	62¼	QuakOat pf 3	8	74½	75	74½	75	+ ½
51	37⅛	QuakStO 1.60	2	51	51	50¾	50¾	— ¼
25⅞	25	QuakStOil wi	3	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	
35	17	Questor .50	16	21⅞	22¼	21⅞	22¼	+ ⅜
		R						
28½	21⅞	RalstonP .60	179	27⅛	27⅛	26½	27¼	+ ¼
39⅜	31⅜	RalstP pf1.20	8	38	38	37⅝	37⅞	+ ⅛
47⅜	24¼	Ranco Inc .92	13	26⅝	26½	26⅛	26½	+ ⅜
45⅝	18½	RapidAm .75	52	21⅛	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝	
59⅝	44½	Raybestos 3	2	49¾	50	49¾	50	+ ½
31	14⅞	Raym Int .80	7	17	17	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
50⅛	30⅝	Raytheon .60	65	38	38⅜	37⅝	37½	— ⅜
54	34	Rayth pf1.12	6	38⅛	38⅛	37½	37½	—1½
48⅝	35½	RCA 1	183	40½	41	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅛
108½	80	RCA cvpf 4	3	95½	95½	94½	94½	+ ½
64	53⅛	RCA pf3.50	z90	57	57	57	57	
26⅜	16⅛	Reading Co	16	16½	16⅛	16	16	— ½
25	14⅛	Reading 1 pf	5	15⅛	15⅛	14½	14½	—1
23⅞	14	Reading 2 pf	7	14⅞	14⅞	14⅛	14⅛	— ¼
48¼	16¼	RdgBates .25	145	28½	28⅝	27⅜	27⅝	— ¼
49⅝	26¼	ReeveB 1.50b	58	27½	28	27⅛	28	+ ⅜
49½	12⅛	ReichCh .50	34	14⅞	14⅞	14⅛	14½	
17⅞	10	ReliabStr .40	38	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	— ⅛
62½	49⅛	RelianEl 1.40	8	59½	59½	59⅜	59½	
31⅜	30	Relian El wi	4	29⅞	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
53⅛	20¼	Republic Cp	83	34⅛	34⅛	32⅜	33½	—1⅛
53⅞	36⅛	RepubSt 2.50	62	38½	38⅝	38⅛	38⅝	— ⅛
26	17⅝	Revco DS .20	15	23⅝	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
38	22⅛	RevereC 1.50	15	24¼	24¼	23⅞	23⅞	— ¼
102⅞	75	Revlon 1.40	85	102	102¼	100	100	—2
44¼	30⅝	Rex Cha 1.50	8	32⅜	32⅜	32¼	32¼	— ¼
49⅛	29½	ReynMet .90	193	34⅝	35¼	34⅞	35⅛	+ ¼
104⅝	74⅝	ReyM pf4.50	5	85	85½	84¼	84¼	
38	34⅞	ReyM pf2.37	1	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
50⅝	36⅛	ReynTob 2.40	520	47¼	47⅜	47	47	+ ⅜
51	36⅛	ReyTb pf2.25	79	51½	52⅛	51½	52	+1
34⅛	20⅛	Rheingold .20	37	29⅞	30	29⅞	29⅞	
32⅜	21	Richrdson .80	4	23⅛	23⅛	23	23	— ½
65	46⅜	RichMerr .50	88	58⅛	59⅝	57⅝	59	— ⅜
30⅝	19⅜	Riegel Pap 1	118	22½	22½	21¼	21¼	—1⅜
34⅝	15⅜	RiegelTxt .80	19	15¾	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	
20	11⅛	RioGrand .60	21	12⅞	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅜
13⅞	10⅛	RioGrn pf.80	51	10½	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
31	25⅛	RivianaF .80	24	27	27½	27	27¼	+ ¼
9½	3⅞	Roan Sel .85g	238	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
43⅝	30¾	RobshCon .70	61	43½	43⅝	41¾	41⅞	—1¼
38⅝	20½	RobrtnH 1.10	4	25	25	24⅝	24⅝	— ¼
44⅞	34⅝	RobinsAH .40	24	42¼	42¼	41¼	41¼	— ⅜
34	22	Roch GE 1.20	36	28⅛	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅛
41¼	33	RochTel 1.10	8	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	
35⅝	25½	RockMfg 1.40	20	31½	31⅞	31½	31⅞	+ ¼
120	83	RohmH 1.60b	17	95	95	93¼	93¼	—2⅛
39	26¼	Rohr Cp .80	113	28	28½	28	28⅜	+ ½
42⅜	30⅛	Rollinsinc .18	13	42¾	42¾	42⅛	42⅛	— ½
25⅛	11⅞	Ronson .50b	66	12⅜	12⅝	12	12	— ¼
45½	35¼	Roper Cp 1	15	30⅜	30⅜	30¼	30¼	— ⅜
38⅝	17½	RorerAm .70	39	27⅞	28	27½	27¾	— ½
26	15	RoyCCola .54	108	15¼	15¼	15	15¼	— ⅛
56⅝	42⅝	Royal Dut 2d	184	44	44⅛	43⅝	43⅝	— ¾
		Roy Dut fn2d	107	44	44	43¾	43¾	
25⅝	9½	Royal Ind	132	13⅞	14⅛	13⅝	14⅛	+ ¼
23	321⅛	RTE Corp .24	17	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
50¾	33½	Rubrmd 1.04	28	49	49	48	48	—1
30¼	13⅜	Rucker Co	93	17½	17½	16¼	17¼	— ¼
42⅝	14¾	RussTogs .68	30	17⅝	17⅝	17	17	— ⅝
51¼	30¾	RyderSys .50	182	47⅛	47⅛	46⅝	46⅝	— ⅛
		S-T						
30¼	23½	Safeway 1.10	190	27¼	27¼	27	27¼	— ½
39⅝	28⅜	StJosLd 1.80	31	37¼	38	37⅛	38	+ ⅜
21¾	16⅛	StJosLP 1.04	6	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
57¾	40	StLSanF 2.40	51	44	44⅛	42¾	42¾	—1¼
49¼	35⅜	StRegisP 1.60	43	39⅞	39⅞	39½	39¾	
28	21¾	SanDieGas 1	125	26¼	26⅜	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
61⅞	22	Sanders .30	125	29	29¼	28⅝	29⅛	— ⅛
43½	19¼	Sangamo .40	124	33	34	31	31¼	—2⅛
40	26⅛	SaFeInd 1.60	113	27⅞	27⅞	27¼	27⅜	— ¼
13	9	SFe Ind pf.50	8	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	
53½	35	SanFeInt .30	25	39⅛	39¼	38⅜	38⅜	— ⅞
24½	14⅛	SarWalSci .50	15	19¼	19⅜	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅜
31⅞	14	Saturn Ind	33	15⅛	15⅜	15¼	15½	— ⅜
23½	17	SavanhE 1.08	10	19⅝	19⅝	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
54	30½	Schaefer Cp	39	52	52	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅜
44⅝	22	Schenley 1.40	2	25½	25½	25½	25½	+ ¼
9⅞	7⅝	Schnley pf.50	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	
59½	40½	Schering .80	61	57⅞	57⅞	56⅝	57⅛	— ⅜
14⅞	6⅝	Schick	14	7	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
80¼	50	SchlitzBr 1.40	22	77¾	77¾	77	77	—1
110½	82	Schlmbr 1.40	43	105	105	104½	104½	—2½
26½	10⅛	Scient Resrc	229	16⅝	16⅞	15⅝	16	— ⅜
35¼	19¾	SciRe pf1.24k	6	24⅜	24⅜	23½	23½	—1½
47⅛	27⅞	SCM Cp .60b	153	28⅜	28⅜	27¾	28	— ⅛
24¾	14	SCOA Ind .60	17	22	22¼	22	22¼	
32½	21	ScotLadF .60	38	31⅝	31⅝	30⅝	30⅝	—1
29⅝	15⅜	ScottFetz .80	30	17⅞	17⅞	17⅛	17⅛	
32⅝	20⅞	ScottFore .60	10	25⅜	25⅜	25⅛	25⅛	
34⅞	26½	Scott Paper 1	113	33	33	32¾	33	+ ¼
56½	39	ScovillM 1.40	x8	46⅝	47⅛	46⅝	47⅛	+ ⅛
70	48½	Scovill pf2.50	x2	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	+ ½
24⅝	11¼	ScrewBt .20g	9	14⅞	14¾	14½	14⅝	— ⅛
8⅞	6	Scud DuoVst	54	7⅜	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	— ⅛
9¼	8	Scuddr pf.59g	8	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
48½	33¼	SbCLInd 2.20	14	38⅜	39⅛	38⅛	38⅞	— ⅛
36⅝	16¼	SbdWorld Air	55	20⅛	20⅛	19½	19⅝	— ⅝
60½	27¼	Seagrve .50b	55	34⅝	35	33⅞	34	—1⅛
48½	35⅛	Searl GD 1.30	60	39	39⅛	37¼	38⅛	— ⅞
74⅞	60¼	SearsR 1.20a	457	70	70½	69¾	70⅛	
31¾	18	Seatrain Line	105	27⅛	27⅞	27	27⅛	— ½
34½	22⅝	SEDCO .08	38	32⅛	32⅛	32¼	32¼	L ¼
25⅝	6⅞	Sellon 1.05t	14	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	+ ¼
49½	27¾	Servmat .50b	249	31½	31½	31	31	—1
73½	48⅛	Shell Oil 2.40	118	53⅛	53½	52	52⅛	— ⅝
47	31½	ShellTrn .73g	1	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ⅛
41	22¼	ShellerGl .80	14	25¾	25⅞	24½	24⅝	— ⅜
23¼	19¾	ShellGl pf1.40	1	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	—
41½	24½	ShellGl pf1.35	5	25⅜	25⅝	25	25⅛	— ¼
59¼	45½	SherwnWm 2	68	57	57½	56½	57	
47⅝	27⅛	Shulton .80b	42	39⅛	39½	39	39	— ⅛
25⅛	12⅛	Siegel HI .48	26	12½	12⅝	12¼	12½	
26	16	SierraPac .72	8	19⅞	19⅞	19½	19½	— ¼
42	26	SignalCo 1.20	125	27	27	26½	26⅝	— ⅜
82¼	52½	n.signal pf2.20	11	54	54	53½	53½	+ ½
35¼	22¼	Signal pf 1	1	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
51	33⅝	Signode 1.10	2	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	+ ¼
31	10	SimmPre .10	35	11⅞	11⅞	11¼	11⅝	
59	44	Simmn 1.40a	37	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	
84½	63⅛	SimpPat .80b	3	84	84	83¾	83¾	— ⅛
87⅞	62	SingerCo 2.40	183	87	87	84	85	—2⅛
112¾	81	Singer pf3.50	7	111	111	110	110	—1½
67⅞	37	Skelly Oil 1	37	41¼	41⅝	40⅜	40⅝	— ¾

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge.
48¼	28	Skil Corp .90	70	38	38½	38	38¼	+ ¼
41⅞	32¼	Skyline .16	612	33	33⅞	32⅞	33½	— ⅜
43	28⅛	Smith Intl .36	51	41⅜	42¼	41⅜	42¼	+1⅜
53	36	Smith KF 2	89	47⅝	47⅝	45⅝	46⅝	— ½
26	12⅜	SolaBasic .30	49	14½	14½	13¾	13¾	—1
44¼	26	Soo Lin 2.25g	9	30⅞	31¼	30⅞	31	+ ⅜
31½	19¼	SOS Cons .40	15	23¾	23⅞	23¼	23⅜	
33½	24	SCarEG 1.19	27	27⅛	27⅛	26⅝	27½	— ⅞
31½	24	SouJerG 1.46	7	24⅝	24⅝	24⅜	24⅜	
57⅞	52⅛	Southdwn Inc	13	57½	57⅝	57¼	57⅜	— ⅛
24⅞	14⅝	SoeastPS 1.08	5	17	17	16½	16½	— ⅛
39⅝	30	SouCalE 1.40	130	33⅜	34	33⅜	33⅞	— 1
29⅝	24⅛	South Co 1.20	183	27⅝	28	27½	27½	— ⅛
39	28¼	SouInGE 1.60	17	33	33	32⅜	32⅝	— ⅜
51⅞	37⅛	SouNGas 1.40	69	46⅝	47	45½	46⅛	— ¾
46½	30⅝	Sou Pac 1.80	97	37½	37¾	37⅛	37⅝	— ⅛
66	44⅝	Sou Ry 2.80a	102	47	47	46⅛	46½	— ⅛
17⅝	14	Sou Ry p 1	77	14	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
30⅛	11½	Swest Airmot	25	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
13¼	10¼	Swest PS .70	64	11⅞	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	
26⅞	18½	Spartan Ind	97	24⅛	24⅜	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
27	18½	SpartanA .60	58	24⅜	24½	24	24	— ½
16	10⅜	Sparton .40	23	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
57⅝	40½	Sperry Hut 1	31	57	57	57	57	
80⅝	64¼	Sperry H pf 3	1	80	80	80	80	— ⅜
55½	38⅝	SperryR .47g	168	45⅝	45⅝	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅛
34⅞	16½	Sprague .40	131	33½	33⅞	32	32¼	—2
23⅛	18	SquareD .80	305	22¼	22½	21¾	22	— ½
67½	44⅝	Squibb B 1.50	87	64	64⅞	64	64⅞	+ ⅜
70	50	SquibbB pf 2	11	68⅛	68⅛	68	68	—1
50⅝	42¼	St Brand 1.50	54	49⅝	51	49⅝	51	+1¼
63	54½	StdBrd pf3.50	z120	56⅛	56⅛	56	56	
32	20¼	StBrPaint .32	12	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
27⅜	14⅛	Std Intl .24b	22	18⅞	18⅞	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
31¼	11½	Std Kollsman	17	13⅞	13⅞	13	13⅛	—
75	55	StOCal 2.80b	421	57⅝	58⅛	57⅛	58	— ⅛
70¾	50	StOilInd 2.30	138	50½	50⅞	50⅛	50⅛	— ⅜
85⅞	64½	StOilNJ 3.75g	610	64⅝	64⅞	64½	64⅝	— ⅛
119⅞	65¼	StdOilOh 2.70	98	102	102	100	100⅞	—2
20⅝	10⅛	St Geckaging	72	11⅛	11⅛	10¾	10¾	— ⅞
61	36	St Pkg pf1.60	1	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	+ 1
28	11	Std Press .44	147	15½	15½	15	15⅛	— ⅛
15¾	9⅛	StPrudent .66	35	12⅛	12⅛	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
54	41⅝	StanWks 1.40	1	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	
33⅞	15	Stanray .60	17	16¾	17	16½	17	+ ¼
50	32¾	StauffCh 1.80	62	35⅝	35⅝	35⅛	35½	
50	36	StaufC pf1.80	3	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	+ ⅛
16PO8	8¼	SterchiBr	48	6 12¼	12¼	12	12¼	+
44⅝	32⅝	SterlDrug .75	109	43½	44	42⅝	42⅞	— ⅜
82⅝	62	SterlD pf1.50	1	80	80	80	80	—1
65	41¼	Stevens J 2.40	28	45⅝	45⅝	45¼	45⅝	
50½	33½	S&EWWar 1.80	18	39⅜	39⅜	39	39	—
38⅛	21⅞	Stoke VanC 1	96	35	35¼	34¼	34⅝	— ⅜
16⅝	14	StokeVC pf 1	z800	14⅛	14⅛	14	14	— ½
51	33½	StoneW 1.90	7	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	+ ⅛
19⅞	13	StoneCont .36	8	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	
62	24½	StorerBdcst 1	145	39⅞	39⅞	37¼	38	—2
60⅞	32½	Studeb Worth 1	67	47⅞	48⅛	46⅛	46½	—
107	63	Stu Wor pfB5	4	80	80	80	80	
46⅜	26½	StLW ptA1.40	5	35⅝	35⅝	34½	34½	—1¼
30	18¼	SuburbCo .68	72	19¾	19⅞	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
42¼	29⅜	Sub Prop 1.60	13	34⅞	34⅞	34	34	— ⅜
22⅞	13⅞	SuCrest .80	11	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14⅝	
43	28	SunChem .40	df7	36½	37	36	36	— ⅜
76¾	50	Sun Oil 1b	17	51¼	52	51	51⅛	+ ¼
58¼	39¼	Sun Oil pf2.25	125	40⅞	40⅞	40⅛	40⅝	— ⅛
28⅜	23½	Sunbeam .80	37	26½	26½	26¼	26½	
67	25⅛	Sundstrnd .80	50	31⅝	31⅞	31⅛	31⅞	+ ¼
75⅝	49	Sunds pf3.50	2	56½	56½	56½	56½	+1
27½	13¼	Sunsh Min .52	68	18¼	18¼	[illegible]	17¾	
47⅞	24¼	Sup Valu 1.10	3	24½	24½	24½	24½	
235	147¾	SuperOil 1.40	17	158¼	160½	158	158½	+1½
41¼	20	SupmkGn .40	4	29½	29½	29¼	29½	
47	26	Supmk pf1.30	1	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅜
8⅞	6¾	SurvyFd .80g	55	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
26¾	14¼	Swank .60a	17	18⅜	18⅜	[illegible]	[illegible]	— ⅛
35¼	21¼	Swift Co .60	150	30⅜	31	30	30	— ⅛
32⅝	22	Swingline .40	2170	29⅜	29⅞	29	29	— ⅛
38½	27	SybronCp .60	31	37⅝	38⅛	37¼	37⅛	+ ⅛
68	52¾	Sybron pf2.40	3	62	63	62	62	+ ¼
32⅝	13⅝	Systron Donn	35	30½	30¾	29⅜	30½	+ ⅜
43¼	27½	Taft Brd .60	11	30⅞	31⅜	30⅞	31½	+ ¾
100½	18	Talcott Nat 1	81	24	24	23½	23½	— ½
61	26	Talley Ind	86	39⅛	39¼	38⅝	38⅞	+ ⅛
29⅝	19¾	Tampa El .76	18	24¼	24¼	24	24	+ ⅛
68⅞	41	Tandy Corp	32	65¾	65⅞	65⅛	65½	— ⅛
27⅞	19½	TappanCo .40	56	26⅞	26⅞	25½	26	— ⅞
12⅝	6¾	TechMat .23f	15	8¾	8⅞	8¾	8¾	
71½	51½	Tektronix	31	65¾	66	65⅜	66	+ ⅛
45½	28¼	Teledyne	126	41	41	40⅝	40½	— ½
209	112	Teledy pf3.50	2	164	165	164	165	+1
86⅜	76	Teledyne pf 6	3	85½	86	85½	86	+ ¼
24	17⅛	Templein .25	35	22⅛	23	22½	22⅞	— ⅛
31¾	23⅝	Tenneco 1.32	237	25⅝	25⅝	25	25¼	
115½	86	Tennec pf5.50	44	91	91⅜	90¾	91⅛	+ ⅜
29½	30	Texaco 1.60	979	30⅛	30⅜	30	30	— ⅜
35	22¼	TexETrn 1.40	101	25⅝	27	25¾	26⅞	+1⅛
41	24¼	TexGasT 1.48	58	32⅛	33	32¼	32⅝	+ ⅜
39⅞	21	TexGSul .60	360	23⅝	24	23½	23⅝	— ⅛
38¼	26	Texas Ind 1b	17	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37¼	— ⅛
140¼	94¼	TexasInst .80	64	124⅝	[illegible]	124½	125⅝	+ ⅜
46¼	32⅝	TexOilGs .05	52	44⅝	46	44⅝	46	+1⅜
24¾	17⅛	TexP Ld .45g	15	19¼	19¼	18½	18½	— ⅜
59⅝	50¼	TexUtil 1.68	24	58⅛	58⅛	57	57	—1⅛
51⅜	35	Textron .80	31	37⅝	38	37⅜	38	+ ⅛
42¼	23¼	Textrn pf1.40	12	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	+ ⅛
22⅜	11⅛	Thiokol .40	95	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13½	
50⅝	40⅞	ThomBet 1.84	2	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	— ¼
25⅜	18	Thom Ind .40	4	21½	21½	21¼	21⅜	— ⅛
30⅜	17	ThriftyDr .60	105	21⅜	21⅞	20½	21⅛	+ ¼
100⅝	36⅜	Timein 1.90a	77	51⅜	51⅜	51	51½	— ½
49¼	38⅝	TimesMir .50	18	44¼	44⅝	44	44	— ⅛
40⅝	30½	Timk RB 1.80	40	31½	32	31½	31⅞	+ ⅛
35	20⅛	Tish Rlty .36	54	27¾	27⅞	27	27⅞	— ⅛
25⅝	19	Tobir Pkg 1	6	23	23	21⅞	22¼	— ⅛
49¼	28⅝	ToddShp 1.20	44	42⅜	42⅜	41	41½	—1⅛
35½	26	ToledEd 1.60	20	30⅞	30⅞	30⅛	30½	— ⅛
28⅝	18⅝	TootRoll .40b	3	23⅜	23½	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅛
69⅝	47½	Trane Co .90	16	68½	69	68	68⅛	+ ⅛
35	25½	TransUn 1.16	61	32⅜	32⅜	32	32⅜	+ ⅛
48⅛	21	TrnWAir .50p	430	30⅛	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
37¼	26¼	TrnWAir pf 2	15	27⅜	27½	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
20⅛	13	TranWF .89f	33	13	13	12¼	12¼	— ⅜
38⅝	22	Transmr .50b	478	27⅞	27⅞	27⅛	27¾	— ½
277⅛	172	Transa pf4.50	1	199	199	199	199	—1½
17⅜	12⅞	Transcon .40	36	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
27¾	13⅝	Transcti Inv	149	24⅞	24⅞	23⅞	24⅛	— ⅜
16⅝	6	Transitron	46	8⅞	9	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
38	26½	TVRAelers .80	261	36⅛	36⅛	35¼	36	— ⅛
48⅜	38⅝	Travlers pf 2	14	46⅝	46⅝	46⅛	46⅝	— ⅛
36⅜	29⅝	TriCont 3.15g	49	33⅝	34	33⅝	33½	— ⅛
40⅝	34⅞	TriCon pf2.50	3	35¼	35¼	35⅛	35¼	+ ⅛
37⅞	17½	Trianin 1.25g	9	20	20½	20	20½	+ ½
45	31⅛	TRW Inc 1	51	38½	39	38⅛	39	— ½
101	72	TRW fp4.50	7	85⅜	85⅜	85¼	85⅛	—1¼
106⅝	80	TRW pf4.40	5	96	96	96	96	
29⅜	8½	TSC Ind .60	47	12⅛	12⅛	12¼	12¼	
21⅞	9⅞	TSC Ind pf.70	20	11⅜	11⅜	11½	11⅝	— ⅛
17⅝	14	Tucsn GE .64	41	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
41⅝	16⅛	TwenCnt .50p	363	20	20½	19⅞	20⅛	+ ⅛
		U-V						
48½	26¼	UAL Inc 1	246	33⅛	33¼	32⅛	33	— ⅛
36⅛	25⅝	UARCO 1.10	3	34½	34¼	34¼	34¼	
28½	22¼	UGI Cp 1.20	15	23⅝	23⅞	23⅛	23⅜	+ ¼
28⅝	14⅛	UMC Ind .72	53	18⅜	18⅞	18½	18⅞	+ ⅛
18⅝	9¼	Unarco .40	15	11⅛	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅜
33	22¾	Unil Ltd .48g	2	27½	28	27½	28	+ ⅝
		Un NV fn.79g	3	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	

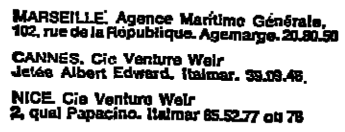
1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High
35⅝	27⅜	Un Camp 1	31	32⅜	32⅜
47¼	39¾	Un Carbide 2	375	41	41⅞
20⅝	9⅞	Union Corp	58	10⅞	11
23⅝	17½	Un Elec 1.20	88	19	19¼
104	87½	Un El pf6.40	z10	88½	88½
74½	60¼	Un El pf4.50	z340	64	64
65	53½	Un El pf 4	z100	56½	56½
57	49½	Un El pf3.50	z40	49½	49½
64¼	47⅞	UnOilCal 1.60	171	43⅛	43⅞
84	56	UOCal pf2.50	81	59	59
53⅝	42¼	Un Pac Cp 2	109	50¼	50½
63⅝	40⅛	UnionPacif 2	28	44⅛	44⅛
11⅞	7⅛	UnPac pf.40	87	7⅛	7⅛
53	37⅛	Unionam 1.40	25	48⅛	48⅛
32	19	Uniroyal .70	82	21⅝	21⅝
135	100	Uniroyal pf 8	z310	109¼	109¼
49⅞	26⅛	Unishops .30	73	46⅝	46⅝
81⅛	42	UnitAirc 1.80	218	47	47
15⅞	10⅛	Unit Cp .70g	56	11⅛	11¼
24¼	15⅞	Unit Fin Cal	14	16¼	16⅝
87	42	Un Fruit 1.40	11	53	53⅞
20¼	12	Unit Ind .20	130	13⅞	15
11	8	UnitInd pf.42	34	8⅛	8½
37½	26⅛	Unit MM 1.30	45	31	31
35¼	17	Un Nuclr .92f	45	22⅝	22⅛
9⅝	3⅜	Unit Pk Min	123	6¼	6⅜
41⅝	33¾	USForS 3.19g	7	35⅝	35⅝
47⅜	30	US Fregt 1.40	87	34⅛	37⅛
38	63⅝	USGypsm 3a	45	67⅝	67⅝
32½	21	US Indost .45	318	28	28½
36	26⅞	US PlyCh .84	129	33⅜	33⅞
93	76	USPCh pf5.50	z30	77½	77½
42½	27½	USPCh pf1.20	19	33⅞	34⅝
34	21⅛	US Shoe .88	29	25⅛	25⅛
65⅛	33	US Smelt 1b	125	47½	47½
81¼	69¼	USSme pf5.50	1	70⅝	70⅝
49	36⅛	US Steel 2.40	168	37⅝	37⅝
27⅜	16⅝	US Tobac 1	16	19⅞	19⅞
32	20½	Unit Util .88	57	25	26½
36	26¼	UnUtil pf1.25	13	32½	32⅞
48¼	32	UnUtil pf1.50	1	38⅛	38⅛
34⅝	25⅛	UnvLeaf 1.50	33	34¼	35
38½	21	UnivO Pd .80	236	25⅛	26
111½	64¼	Univsty Cmp	251	102½	105⅞
58⅛	37⅛	Upjohn 1.60	74	54⅝	55
33⅝	18	Uris Bldg .40	305	23	23¾
38½	19½	USLIFE .50	38	35⅛	35⅛
46	34⅛	USM Cp 1.60	17	41⅝	41⅞
54¼	42¼	USM pf2.10	2	48	48
26½	20	USM pf1.50	z200	22½	22⅛
46⅛	29⅝	UtahCon .52a	176	45⅛	47
38¼	31	Utah PL 1.80	21	33⅝	34¼
37½	26¼	Valve Cp .40	31	35⅝	35⅝
37¼	24½	Varian Asso	321	33¼	33½
42	28¼	Veeder 1.60	12	33	33
32⅜	16½	Vendo Co .60	29	17½	17⅛
47⅛	31	VF Corp 1	54	32	32⅛
63⅝	33½	VictComp .50	72	38	38⅛
44½	10⅝	Villager .37p	439	11⅛	11⅜
32⅝	21	VaElPw 1.12	208	24⅞	25⅛
103¼	100	VaEP pf7.72	z110	101	101
79	64	VaEP pf4.80	z30	66⅛	66⅛
64⅛	55	VaEP pf4.04	z20	56½	56½
37¼	23⅞	VonGroc 1.20	103	37¼	37¼
26⅞	17½	Vornado	164	24	24
38⅝	20⅝	VSI Corp .48	46	31	31½
25⅞	18	Vulcan Mat 1	53	21	21⅛
23⅝	15¼	VWR Unit .72	12	17⅞	17⅞
		W-X-Y-Z			
36⅝	23¼	Walgreen 1	5	27⅝	27⅝
49	36⅜	WalkrH 1.20a	41	47¾	47¾
40⅝	24	Wall Murry 1	14	26¼	26⅛
14⅛	7	Walworth Co	31	8½	8⅝
52⅞	25¼	WardFd 1.10f	29	33¼	33¼
34¼	23⅜	Warnaco .90	42	25½	25⅞
56⅝	36	Warnc pf1.60	8	37⅝	38¼
62½	43⅛	Warn Co 1.44	1	49⅝	49⅝
74⅝	52½	WarLam 1.10	107	71⅞	72⅛
56¼	32⅝	Warn Sw 1.60	5	37	37
30½	25⅛	WasGas 1.72	14	26¼	26⅝
22⅝	12½	WashStl .70	2	14	14
27⅝	20⅝	Was Wat 1.28	33	21⅞	21⅞
43⅛	14	Watkin Johns	90	19¼	19⅝
22⅝	14⅝	Wayn Gos .76	11	15⅝	15⅝
57¼	29⅝	Wey G pf1.60	1	32½	32½
20⅛	11⅛	WeanUnit .80	27	11⅛	11⅛
22¼	16¼	Wean pfA1.26	1	16⅝	16⅝
27¼	16½	Weatlrd .50g	15	18	18
23⅝	10½	Webb Del E	103	14⅛	14⅝
42⅞	31	Weis Mkt .84	1	36⅝	36⅝
10⅝	5⅝	Weblit .07e	38	7	7
36⅝	24¼	WescoF 1.37f	11	28⅝	28⅝
33¼	24⅛	WestTra .25g	1	25½	25½
75	58	WPP pf 4.50	z280	60½	60½
65	57	WPP pfB4.20	z10	58½	58½
51⅝	24⅝	WstPtP 1.85g	22	27¼	27¼
44⅝	20	WnAir L .50p	20	24⅛	24⅛
44⅝	35⅝	Wn Banc 1.30	160	42⅝	43
34⅛	25⅛	Wstn Md 1.60	1	28½	28½
46⅜	22½	WstnPac 2.20	32	23⅛	23⅛
58⅝	38	WnUTel 1.40	186	50⅝	50⅝
103¼	83¼	Wn Un pf4.60	3	95	95½
127	96	Wn Un pf4.90	7	111¼	111⅛
71¼	53⅛	WestgEl 1.80	143	62⅜	63½
68½	54	WestE pf3.80	z40	58½	58½
37⅞	25¼	Westvco 1.05	43	39	39½
46⅞	28¼	Weyberg 1.20	3	33	33
44⅛	33	Weyerhsr .80	128	43	43¼
114	105	Weyhr pf6.75	4	114	114
37⅛	17⅛	WheelPitt Stl	47	20⅝	20⅝
75½	67	WheelPlt pf 6	z130	68⅛	68⅛
64⅝	55¼	WheelPlt pf 5	z160	59⅞	59⅞
64⅛	50	Whirl Cp 1.60	49	63	63⅞
39	17½	WhiteCn .40b	116	23⅛	23⅛
40	34	WhitCn pfA 3	1	34⅝	34⅝
39⅝	33¼	WhitCn pfB 3	3	33⅞	33½
39⅛	33	WhitCn pfC 3	8	33⅛	33⅛
43⅝	26⅝	WhiteCrss .44	14	31⅞	31⅞
50⅛	33⅛	White Mot 2	26	34	34
32⅝	19¾	Whittaker	135	23⅞	23⅝
53⅝	41⅛	WickesCorp 1	584	42⅜	43
24	10⅛	WiebtStr .20b	22	11⅛	11⅛
67	65	Will Ross .36	40	66½	66½
39⅝	30½	Williams Bro	26	34⅝	34⅞
33½	29½	Wims pf wi	2	31½	31¼
36¾	32	WinnDix 1.62	29	35½	35⅛
25⅝	20½	WisEIPw 1.40	157	22½	22¾
22	16⅛	WisPSvc 1.10	7	17⅛	17⅝
43⅝	23½	Witco Cb .92	66	23	23¾
107	64	WitcoC pf2.65	2	64½	64½
21	14⅛	Wolv WW .50	33	16½	16⅛
32⅜	16⅝	Wometco .42	9	19⅛	19½
47⅝	22	Woods Cp .48	36	33⅝	34
43⅜	28⅛	Woolwth 1.20	96	40⅞	41⅜
69¼	43	Woolw pf2.20	7	59	59
30⅝	12⅛	World Airwy	36	15⅛	15½
23⅛	14⅝	Wurlitzer .80	3	16½	16⅝
115	85¼	Xerox Cp .60	508	104¼	106¼
65⅝	28⅛	XTRA Inc	104	44	44⅛
25	19⅝	YngstSD 1.20	4	21	21
55⅞	40⅛	Zale Corp .64	103	47⅝	48
40⅞	37½	Zale pf A.80	8	39	39½
67¼	42¼	Zapata Norn	306	43	43¼
88	74⅝	ZapaNor pf 2	2	75½	75½
46	32½	Zayre Corp	91	44⅝	45⅛
58	35⅝	ZenithR 1.40	431	39⅝	39⅞
34⅛	20⅝	Zorn Ind .28	42	26⅝	26½

Next sailings to New York

by the twin Superliners "MICHELANGELO"-"RAFFAELLO"

From

GENOA	CANNES
NOV. 16	NOV. 16
NOV 24	NOV 24
DEC. 15	DEC. 15
JAN. 8/70	JAN. 8/70
JAN. 21/70	JAN. 21/70
FEB. 25/70	FEB. 25/70
MAR. 16/70	MAR. 17/70
APR. 8/70	APR. 8/70



Italian Line

PARIS. Agences Maritimes Réunies, 49, av. de l'Opéra. Italmar. 742.79.79

MARSEILLE. Agence Maritime Générale, 102, rue de la République. Agemarge. 20.80.50

CANNES. Cie Venture Weir Jetée Albert Edward. Italmar. 39.09.48.

NICE. Cie Venture Weir 2, quai Papacino. Italmar 85.52.77 ou 78

One Dollar—

was worth yesterday:

Austrian schillings	25.89
Belgian francs	49.72
British pound ($ per £)	2.3967
Danish crowns	7.4923
Dutch guilders	3.6014
Finnish marks	4.17
French francs	5.57575
German marks	3.6899
Greek drachmae	30.00
Italian lire	634.93
Mexican pesos	12.50
Norwegian crowns	7.1411
Portuguese escudos	28.50
Spanish pesetas	69.98
Swedish crowns	5.1594
Swiss francs	4.3235

The above rates are yesterday's closing buying rates on local exchanges. They exclude local commissions and slight variations depending on the type of transaction.

Foreign Stock Indexes

	Yest.	Prev.	1969 High	1969 Low
Amsterdam	125.9	126.9	128.6	107.2
Brussels	93.91	94.07	102.29	91.53
Frankfurt	177.05	176.37	177.05	149.45
London 30	380.9	380.6	520.1	357.4
London 500	147.98	148.06	193.73	140.08
Milan	74.94	74.48	75.06	60.43
Paris	131.7	132.3	135.9	101.3
Sydney	602.06	597.20	636.17	545.23
Tokyo (n)	161.66	160.93	162.30	143.73
Tokyo (o)	2118.15	2104.52	2150.10	1748.88
Zurich	355.7	355.6	383.7	318.0

(n) New. (o) Old.

BANK WIDEMANN & CO AG

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8023 ZURICH PHONE 23 56 12
SWITZERLAND TELEX 52246
"Established 1934"

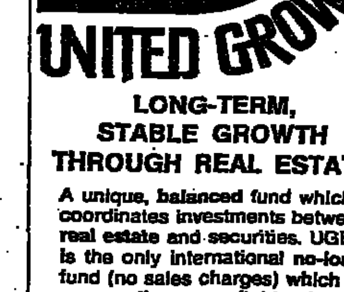
N.Y. Highs and Lows

.... NEW HIGHS-25.. ....

Am Air Filt	Kellogg
A MetClx pf	XcIntyr Mn
AMP Inc	Minn M M
ARA Svc	Niag Shre
AveryPd wi	Pfizer Chas
Copper Rng	QuakOat 3pf
DeSoto wi	Reyn Tob pf
Duke Pw pf	Robshw Con
Faberge Inc	Rollins Inc
Grant WT	Std Brand
Heinz HJ	Univ Leaf
IntTT pfKwl	UtahCons M
Jon Logan	

.... NEW LOWS-25.. ....

ArlansD Str	Pan Am Sul
Ball G pf C	Penn Cent
Clev Pit spl	Phil Ind pf
KCPL 3.80pf	Reading Co
Mad S Gar	RelianEl wi
Nat Lead	RTE Corp
NiaM 6.10pf	SCM Corp
NiaM 3.90pf	Sou Ry pf
NiaM 3.40pf	Tran W Fin
Norf Westn	Wean Unit
NoNG 5.80pf	Witco Chem
NorSPw 7pf	Zapat Norn
NSQw 6.80pf	



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All of these shares having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

November 14, 1969

1,700,000 SHARES

AMERICAN HOSPITAL SUPPLY CORPORATION

COMMON STOCK
(Without Par Value)

EASTMAN DILLON, UNION SECURITIES & CO. SMITH, BARNEY & CO. Incorporated MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH Incorporated

DILLON, READ & CO. INC. THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION KUHN, LOEB & CO.

BLYTH & CO., INC. DREXEL HARRIMAN RIPLEY Incorporated GLORE FORGAN, WM. R. STAATS INC. GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS-HEMPHILL, NOYES KIDDER, PEABODY & CO. Incorporated LAZARD FRÈRES & CO. LEHMAN BROTHERS

LOEB, RHOADES & CO. PAINE, WEBBER, JACKSON & CURTIS SALOMON BROTHERS & HUTZLER

STONE & WEBSTER SECURITIES CORPORATION WERTHEIM & CO. WHITE, WELD & CO. DEAN WITTER & CO. Incorporated

A. G. BECKER & CO. Incorporated PARIBAS CORPORATION BACHE & CO. Incorporated BEAR, STEARNS & CO. CLARK, DODGE & CO. Incorporated

DOMINICK & DOMINICK, Incorporated FRANCIS I. DUPONT, A. C. ALLYN, INC. EQUITABLE SECURITIES, MORTON & CO. Incorporated GOODBODY & CO.

HAYDEN, STONE Incorporated E. F. HUTTON & COMPANY INC. W. E. HUTTON & CO. F. S. MOSELEY & CO. REYNOLDS & CO.

L. F. ROTHSCHILD & CO. SHEARSON, HAMMILL & CO. Incorporated SHIELDS & COMPANY Incorporated G. H. WALKER & CO. Incorporated WALSTON & CO., INC.

American Stock Exchange Trading

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
		...Pet .07	9	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6⅞	— ⅜
		...Hamil	7	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
		...Prec	12	5⅞	5⅞	5⅛	5⅜	— ⅛
		...s Rusal	8	13¾	14	13¾	14	+ ⅛
		...lex Inc	17	17¾	17¾	16½	16½	—1½
		...low .30	22	12¾	12¾	12⅝	12¾	— ⅜
		...al .50d	6	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝	+ ⅛
		...ck .10g	17	16¾	17	16¾	17	
		...off .76t	34	12¾	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	+ ½
		...dx Cp	4	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
		...Photo	6	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	
		...Ind	22	12	12½	12	12½	+ ⅜
		...a Inc	80	37½	37¾	37½	37½	— ½
		...Cos	43	7¾	7¾	7½	7½	
		...Intl	261	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	
		...x El .20	27	17⅜	17¾	16¾	16¾	— ⅝
		...West	23	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅜
		...ck B .25	25	12¾	13⅛	12⅝	13⅛	+1
		...Me .30g	6	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
		...pf4.20	z300	59½	59½	59	59	— ⅝
		...Wd 1.60	34	40	40¾	40	40¾	+ ⅜
		...a Airl	64	14⅞	15	14⅝	14⅝	
		...a Inter	116	34¾	34⅞	33⅞	34	— ⅞
		...Ind	11	13¾	13¾	13½	13½	+ ⅛
		...m Eng	6	8	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	
		...h Airl	31	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
		...Airl wt	6	9⅝	9½	9⅝	9½	+ ⅜
		...Corp. wt	11	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
		...El .76t	40	28½	28⅝	27½	27½	— ⅞
		...T .40g	9	15⅞	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅜
		...Art	360	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
		...ICII .22p	5	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
		...sn Sll .40	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...Unl .10e	85	28⅛	28⅛	27⅜	27⅜	— ⅛
		...htAu .54	25	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
		...Indus	20	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
		...Inc A	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
		...nllCo .20	31	10⅛	11½	10⅞	11½	+ ⅜
		...pf3.75	z200	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	
		...Spec .44	3	10⅛	10¾	10⅛	10¾	— ⅛
		...Indust	11	7⅜	8⅛	7⅜	8⅛	+ ⅛
		...o Inc	38	12½	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
		...Vnd .20	5	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	— ⅛
		...litrlt .60	5	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
		...tra .30b	23	12⅛	12⅛	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
		...ldgM .24	3	38	38½	38	38½	+ ⅜
		...lnA 1.10	12	18	18⅛	17⅞	18	
		...seil .21g	12	5⅜	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	
		...lfg 1.75g	1	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	— ⅜
		...Med .12	97	41	41½	40⅞	41	+ ⅜
		...Nat Inc	59	23¼	23½	22¾	22⅞	— ⅜
		...Petr .85g	32	35¾	35⅞	34½	35	— ⅞
		...Prec .05g	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
		...it T .67g	19	9¾	10⅛	9¾	10	+ ⅛
		...al Equip	30	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
		...ech .15g	62	22⅞	23⅜	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅜
		...s DS .92f	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
		...wt	265	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞	9	— ⅛
		...coMt .60	1	21	21	21	21	
		...ep Corp	102	49	49	47½	48¼	— ⅛
		...caRa .25	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		...dy. Gard.	18	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
		...lico .18	132	24½	24¾	24½	24½	+ ⅛
		...o Laulro	46	3	3	2⅞	2⅞	
		...l Co .56	8	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
		...ony Ind	79	17¾	18⅛	17½	17¾	— ⅛
		...Indust	96	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
		...Inst .10g	11	19⅜	19⅜	19⅛	19⅜	+ ⅛
		...Corp	22	24¾	24⅞	24⅛	24¾	
		...pf C1.06	1	20½	20½	20½	20½	— ⅛
		...o Indust	12	7½	7½	7½	7½	
		...lled Data	92	26⅛	26⅛	24⅛	24½	—2⅛
		...lled Dev	16	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	
		...ltain Cda	189	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛	+ ⅛
		...s Inc	46	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
		...Bect .30g	5	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
		...LGas 1.70	35	31½	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅜
		...aw Elect	24	32⅛	32⅛	31	31	—2
		...ndet Corp	2	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	
		...ood .40	6	12	12	12	12	— ⅛
		...mera Oil	854	23⅛	23⅛	21⅞	22⅛	— ⅛
		...IBaby .60	15	20	20	19½	19½	— ⅛
		...dFdSt .20	21	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
		...rex Inc	37	7	7⅛	6⅞	7	
		...rodata	166	27	27⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
		...p Chem	23	4	4	3⅞	4	
		...one Ind	87	33⅛	33⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
		...oFin .40a	3	19	19	19	19	
		...LCo 1.20a	5	31⅛	31⅛	31	31	— ⅛
		...Richf wt	20	30⅛	30⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
		...s M 2.05a	106	72½	72½	66⅛	68⅛	—5⅛
		...lsCorp wt	44	3	3	3	3	
		...tral Oil	142	33⅛	33⅛	30⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
		...o Bldg	22	8⅛	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		...o Data P	38	113⅛	113⅛	109⅛	110	—3⅛
		...omat Rad	98	38⅛	38⅛	38	38⅛	+ ⅛
		...sNP .50b	10	15	15	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
		...C Corp .50	5	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
		...o-Corp wt	67	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
		...en Inc	27	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
		...s Ind .40f	35	11⅛	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛	+1⅛

B

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
		...CM Indust	9	21⅛	21⅛	21½	21⅛	+ ⅛
		...dCop .40a	18	25	25⅛	25	25⅛	
		...ter Ind .24	26	29	29	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
		...d DH 1.20	4	48	48⅛	48	48⅛	+ ⅛
		...d Sec .15g	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
		...l Co .36p	23	9	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		...ff Oil	125	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...gPunt wt	17	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
		...kUlil .37g	59	35⅛	36⅛	35⅛	36⅛	+ ½
		...ney Indus	8	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		...bLynn .32	14	14	14	13⅛	14	+ ⅛
		...ncs Eng	8	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
		...nwell Ind	12	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
		...ry RG	2	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
		...rryWrt .30	26	24⅛	25⅛	24⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
		...rtell Med	31	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
		...rin Sp .33	26	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
		...rton Cand	88	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
		...ruch Fost	35	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
		...ck Ind	32	22	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	
		...ce Ind 1	1	24	24	24	24	+ ⅛
		...ll Electrn	24	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...llTelC 2.50	1	42	42	42	42	— ½
		...nros Corp	7	34⅛	34⅛	33⅛	33⅛	—1
		...rgBrun .24	2	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
		...rloa Corp	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
		...th Cp .30g	3	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...verly Ent	144	40	40⅛	39⅛	39⅛	— ⅛
		...kford .50p	21550	33	33	33	33	— ⅛
		...Apple	99	11⅛	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
		...ney 1.30	2	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
		...shop Ind	26	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
		...oomfld Bld	15	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
		...uebird Inc	60	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		...hakk .70f	12	28	28	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
		...lany Ind	59	11⅛	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...wling Corp	11	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	7	— ⅛
		...wmar Inst	9	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
		...wne Co .16	7	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
		...w Vail .10	153	22	22⅛	21⅛	20⅛	—1⅛
		...idfrd .60a	13	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	—1⅛
		...andywin 1	3	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
		...nAirw wt	7	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
		...n Airw A	46	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
		...scanLt 1a	85	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
		...um En .32	2	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
		...eze .60g	26	15⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ½
		...mTr .51g	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
		...Pet .47g	373	15	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
		...Pet fn.47g	4	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
		...Dart Ind	85	22⅛	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
		...dy Sig .16	4	6⅛	6⅛	6½	6⅛	— ⅛
		...Perk .20a	3	19	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
		...mFA .40b	1	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
		...mFB .40b	9	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
		...wnF pf.40	12	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
		...J Eng .28	10	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		...hlor Cp	5	8	8	7⅞	8	
		...llInd .10d	6	18	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
		...dy Corp 1	12	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
		...ns WJ .60	1	48	48	48	48	
		...r JP	23	4⅛	4⅛	4½	4⅛	— ⅛
		...r Av .30b	13	19	19	18⅛	18⅛	
		...tes Gs Oil	123	25⅛	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
		...rs .30a	5	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛

C

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
		...lecom Gn	151	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18	—1⅛
		...dor .94f	22	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
		...comp	321	32⅛	33⅛	30	31⅛	—1⅛
		...spbl Chib	306	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
		...npChib fn	10	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
		...npbM .30	6	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
		...Exp G&O	164	6	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
		...Gridoil	50	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ½
		...Homestd	137	16⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
		...ImtP 1.60	16	25⅛	26	25⅛	26	+ ½
		...Javelin	58	14⅛	14⅛	14	14⅛	— ⅛
		...Marconi	8	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
		...Sup Oil	126	30⅛	32⅛	30⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
		...averl .50f	24	10½	10½	10	10⅛	— ⅛
		...oga Ind	34	7½	7⅛	7⅛	7½	— ⅛
		...Ind .32g	28	53	53	52	52⅛	— ⅛
		...eer Acad	24	48	48⅛	48	48⅛	+
		...essa .30g	5	10	10	9⅛	9⅛	
		...ntn 1.40	15	101	101⅛	100⅛	101⅛	— ⅛
		...o Pipe .72	3	16	16	15⅛	16	
		...o PL pf 5	z170	71⅛	71⅛	71	71⅛	— ⅛
		...lleAM .80	11	22⅛	23½	22⅛	23⅛	+1½
		...tleton Ind	64	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
		...itron Cp	74	21⅛	21⅛	21	21⅛	— ⅛
		...K Agron	46	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
		...lu Craft	41	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
		...Me pf3.50	z10	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	— ½
		...tSec 3.45g	7	23	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
		...try El .60	3	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	23	+ ⅛
		...tury Geo.	9	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
		...tryInd .24	36	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
		...tified Cp	12	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
		...dMil .05g	34	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ½
		...mpH .16a	386	25⅛	25⅛	24	24⅛	—1⅛
		...ft Gas .64	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
		...lsea .24	32	16⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
		...rry. Burr	13	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
		...istian Oil	327	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
		...erama	121	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
		...cle K .32	16	25	25⅛	25	25	+ ⅛
		...cuitF 1.59f	232	59	59⅛	54	54	—5½
		...izens F .32	8	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
		...rk Cable	8	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
		...rostat	28	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
		...ry Corp	33	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...bay .82f	28	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
		...ll Corp	7	42⅛	42⅛	42	42	
		...urn .30	127	10⅛	11⅛	10⅛	11⅛	+1
		...Y Mal .60	13	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
		...auElec .15	64	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
		...e Drug .25	7	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
		...e Natl .44	13	38⅛	39⅛	38⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
		...ecoind .16	5	44⅛	44⅛	44	44⅛	— ½
		...eman .70	2	69	69	67⅛	67⅛	—1⅛
		...ron Snd .30	23	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
		...minco 1.40	5	29½	30	29½	29½	+ ½
		...mMlt .60b	37	23⅛	23½	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
		...modor .02g	39	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
		...mPSv 1.40	2	25	25	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
		...mpoind .39	8	17	17	16⅛	16⅛	—1
		...mpDes .70	26	23⅛	24	23⅛	24	+ ½
		...mpuDyne	34	7½	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
		...mput Appl	26	14	14	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
		...mput Eq	47	11½	11⅛	10⅛	11	— ⅛
		...mput Instr	16	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
		...mput Inv	13	13½	13⅛	13½	13⅛	+ ⅛
		...mput Leas	190	19	19	17⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
		...mpulest	28	29⅛	29⅛	28	28⅛	—1⅛
		...mp Softw	34	71½	71½	69⅛	69⅛	—2⅛
		...chem .70	55	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ½
		...ncrdF .30d	9	17½	17½	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
		...ndec Corp	6	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
		...nductron	6	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛	— ⅛
		...nelly Con	17	7	7	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
23¼	12¾	Constrex .55	1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
25¾	13½	Corroy Inc	28	17⅛	17⅛	16⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
7½	2¼	Con Cdn Far	17	3⅛	3 11-16	3 9-16	3 9-16	—3-16
26⅛	7⅛	Con Nat Sh A	7	11	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
39	18½	Con Oil Gas	187	23⅛	24	22⅛	23	— ⅛
21¼	13	Con Refining	9	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
83⅛	34⅛	Cont Conn .50	27	38⅛	39⅛	38⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	2⅛	Cont Materl	40	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
14¼	10	Cook Elec .30	31	14⅛	14⅛	14	14⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	9¾	Cook Ind	4	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	
46⅛	16⅛	Core Inc	11	43⅛	43⅛	42	42	—1⅛
20⅛	7	Cosmodyne	13	9⅛	10	9½	9½	— ⅛
34	21⅛	Craig Corp	84	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
40⅛	31¼	Creole 2.60a	167	32½	32⅛	30	30	—2⅛
19⅛	6⅛	Crestmont	35	7	7⅛	6⅛	7	+ ⅛
32	23⅛	Crompton 1.40	1	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	7½	CrowleyM .30	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
39⅛	22⅛	CrownPet .60	5	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
16⅛	10⅛	Crystal Oil	30	12½	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
36⅛	16⅛	Cubic Corp	13	24⅛	25	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	9	Curtis Maths	7	10⅛	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	20½	Cutter A .44	1	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
31	19½	Cutter B .44	1	26	26	26	26	— ⅛

D

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
10⅛	7⅛	Daitch .10g	30	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	10⅛	DamanCr .40	2	10⅛	11	10⅛	11	— ⅛
79	27⅛	Damon Eng	11	79⅛	79½	78⅛	78⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	21⅛	Daniel .18g	1	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
13½	5	Daryl Indus	7	6	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	7½	Data Cont	48	14½	14⅛	14	14⅛	— ⅛
60⅛	23⅛	Data Process	214	37	37⅛	36⅛	36½	— ⅛
27⅛	12⅛	DataProd Cp	168	20	20	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	11⅛	Day Min .15e	20	16⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
46⅛	27⅛	Daylininc .40	8	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	10⅛	Daylininc wt	26	15⅛	15½	15	15⅛	— ⅛
5½	2½	DC Tran A	6	2½	2½	2½	2½	
52⅛	24⅛	Dearborn Cp	138	28⅛	28⅛	27⅛	28	— ⅛
19⅛	9½	DeJurAm .30	9	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	12⅛	Del Labs	75	16⅛	17	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
74⅛	43⅛	Deltona Corp	269	54⅛	57⅛	54⅛	57½	+3⅛
35⅛	26	Depositors 1	1	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	19⅛	DeroRsch Dv	27	26⅛	27⅛	26⅛	26⅛	+ ½
65½	39	Deseret Ph	12	47⅛	48⅛	47½	48⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	Detecto S .55	47	9	9	9	9⅛	+1⅛
96⅛	54½	Digital Equip	102	96	96⅛	95	95½	+ ⅛
17⅛	14	DillardD .20g	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	5	Diodes Inc	34	7½	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
4½	2⅛	Dist Ltd .14g	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	12⅛	Divcrsey .50	184	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13	— ⅛
34⅛	17	Dixilyn Corp	53	25⅛	26	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
36	22⅛	DMH Corp	159	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
104⅛	57⅛	Dome Petrol	125	71⅛	72⅛	69⅛	70⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	11⅛	Domtar .60	29	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
50⅛	32⅛	DorrOliv pf 2	z25	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
28	17⅛	Dorsey .10	104	26	26	24⅛	25	
12⅛	8⅛	DPA Inc	44	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
30	12	Drug Fair .40	62	28⅛	28⅛	27½	27	— ⅛
10⅛	3⅛	Duraloy Co	8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
17	9⅛	Dur Test .25b	23	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	7	Dynalectrn	68	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛

E

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
21⅛	11⅛	Eagle Clo .25	8	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	E Schelb .64	14	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	Earth Resrcs	18	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
27⅛	11	East Air Dev	6	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	25	East Co 1.40	1	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	
17⅛	6⅛	Eastn Frt W	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	EazorEx .37p	5	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
22⅛	10⅛	Eckmar Cp	156	15⅛	16	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
37	22	ECL Ind 1b	30	32⅛	32⅛	30⅛	31	—1⅛
24⅛	13	Ecologic Sci	577	23	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	20⅛	Edo Corp .40	17	23⅛	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
38⅛	20⅛	Ehrench Pho	29	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	7⅛	Elco Corp	33	12⅛	13	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
56⅛	11⅛	Elcor Chem	23	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
33	19⅛	Electrogra 1	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	8	Elec Assist	37	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
38⅛	9⅛	Elect Comp	12	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
26⅛	10	El Eng 1.25f	15	18	18	17⅛	17⅛	—1
27	11⅛	Elect Resrch	14	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	9⅛	Electron .52	8	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	15	Electsp 1.31f	19	23⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Elgin Nat wt	42	3⅛	3⅛	3	3	
23⅛	9⅛	El Tronics	11	10⅛	10⅛	10	10⅛	
22⅛	18⅛	Emery In .35	73	21⅛	21⅛	21	21⅛	— ⅛
34	24	EmpFin 1.26f	15	27⅛	27⅛	27	27⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Equit Cp .05e	131	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
133	72⅛	Equity pf 2	250	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	
81⅛	47⅛	EquitFd 1.26f	130	68⅛	68⅛	66⅛	67⅛	—1½
10⅛	7⅛	ErnstEC .40d	6	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
25⅛	9⅛	Ero Indust	3	15	15	15	15	— ⅛
30	13⅛	Esgro Inc	93	24	24	22	23⅛	—1⅛
38⅛	17⅛	Espey Mfg	15	23⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	19	Esq Rad El	47	35⅛	36	33⅛	35	— ⅛
9	5	Essex Ch .12f	42	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
10⅛	4⅛	Ets-Hokin Cp	17	5⅛	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	18⅛	Execuion .30	43	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	7⅛	Exquis Form	43	9⅛	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	18	Extendcare	107	38⅛	38⅛	36⅛	37	— ⅛

F

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
18⅛	9½	Fab Indust	4	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	
12⅛	6⅛	Fablen .40b	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	7⅛	Fabrics Natl	8	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ½
30	9	FairNob .16b	24	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	
25⅛	9⅛	Falcon Sbd	36	13⅛	13⅛	13	13⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Fairmnt .12g	1	7	7	7	7	
15⅛	8⅛	FamRecd .60	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	22	Fanny F .65g	2	26	26	26	26	
12⅛	5⅛	Fed Resrces	75	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
22	13	Federals Inc	5	16	16	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	17⅛	FedMart .40b	6	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	13⅛	Felmont Oil	20	16⅛	17⅛	16½	17⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	Felsway .32	9	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	12⅛	Fireboard wt	29	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	7	Field Plastic	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
38⅛	19⅛	Filmway .20d	58	24⅛	24⅛	23⅛	23⅛	—1
18⅛	11	Filter Dyn	8	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	
30⅛	21⅛	FinCpSB .20b	10	24⅛	24⅛	24	24⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	12	FinlGenl .24b	63	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
13⅛	4⅛	FirstNil Real	24	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
11	3⅛	Fst N RI wt	11	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
23⅛	13⅛	FstSLSh .10g	9	18	18	17⅛	18	
22⅛	13⅛	FischPri .63f	56	20⅛	20⅛	19	19⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	29⅛	Fleet Ent .16	633	29⅛	30⅛	28⅛	29⅛	—1⅛
14⅛	5⅛	Fla Capital	11	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	13⅛	Flowers In A	3	13½	13⅛	13½	13⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	7⅛	Fluke J .41f	7	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	13⅛	Foodrama .30	46	17⅛	20⅛	17⅛	20½	+3
69⅛	47½	Ford Can 2	z2020	59½	59½	58⅛	58⅛	—1
36⅛	24⅛	Forest Cit .25	3	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	14½	ForestLb .37f	5	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
90⅛	46⅛	Four Seasons	152	82	82⅛	79⅛	80⅛	—1⅛
46⅛	32	FranklMt .18	37	44	44	42⅛	42½	—1⅛
12⅛	9⅛	FranklR .40g	9	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9½	— ⅛
22⅛	20	FranksNu .60	4	27⅛	28	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	17⅛	Fresnillo .60g	16	27⅛	27⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Friend Frost	11	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	13⅛	Frier Ind .30	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	8	Frontier Air	12	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	Front Air wt	7	5⅛	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	

G

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
36⅛	14⅛	Gabriel 1.40f	32	18½	18⅛	18½	18½	— ⅛
43½	10⅛	Garaninc .36	17	13⅛	13⅛	13	13⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	11	Garland .60	11	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	9⅛	GayldNat .30	5	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	
39½	21⅛	GCA Cp .71f	16	35⅛	35⅛	35	35⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	10⅛	Gearhart .24	35	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
12⅛	4⅛	Gen Alloys	4	5	5	5	5	— ⅛
18⅛	12¼	Gen Battery	100	17⅛	18	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
13	7	Gen Build	20	10	10⅛	9⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
46½	27½	G Cinema .32	19	42	42	40½	40½	—1⅛
6	2 11-16	G ElEng .08g	1	2 13-16	2 13-16	2 13-16	2 13-16	—1-16
23¼	13⅛	G Employ .24	28	21⅛	22	21⅛	21	+ ⅛
34⅛	11	Gen Interior	52	13	13	12	12⅛	— ⅛
13	6	Gen Plywood	24	6⅛	6⅛	6½	6½	— ⅛
48⅛	31⅛	Genge Ind	22	44⅛	45⅛	44⅛	45	+ ⅛
12⅛	4	Genisco Tech	25	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	20¼	GerberSc Ins	30	35⅛	35⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	6	GF Indust	44	6⅛	6	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
50⅛	37⅛	GlantFd .80a	6	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	
17⅛	8⅛	Giant Yel .40	68	9 1-16	9 5-16	9 1-16	9¼	+3-16
23⅛	8⅛	GilbrtCo .10b	11	9	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
46½	20⅛	Gilbert Flexi	46	34⅛	34⅛	32⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	14⅛	GL Ind .91f	19	22⅛	24⅛	22⅛	24⅛	+2⅛
20½	9⅛	Gladding	55	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13½	
23⅛	9⅛	Glasrock Prd	21	12⅛	13	12½	12⅛	+ ⅛
20	11⅛	GlenGer .50a	27	16⅛	17⅛	16⅛	16	
10⅛	4	Gluckin Wm	6	6	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Goldblatt .36	6	11	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
12½	5½	Goldfield	118	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	
20½	11½	Goodway	47	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Gorinsinc .50	6	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
12⅛	8	Gould wt	31	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	7½	Granger As	13	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
45⅛	16⅛	GranMet .76f	56	29½	29½	28	28	—1⅛
18⅛	8⅛	Gray Mfg	9	11	11⅛	11	11	
8⅛	4	Gt Am Ind	51	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	6	Gt Basn Pet	45	6½	6½	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
16½	10⅛	GtLak Chem	83	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14	— ⅛
44⅛	33	Greenm .09d	6	39⅛	40	39⅛	39⅛	
28⅛	12	Greyh C .20e	38	17½	17½	16⅛	17	— ½
20½	10⅛	Grow Ch .32b	8	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	— ⅛
12⅛	6	Gruen In .10d	19	7½	7⅛	7½	7½	
10⅛	4⅛	GSC Enterpr	272	6⅛	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	5½	GTI Corp	19	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
48⅛	26½	Guardian Ind	27	43⅛	46⅛	43⅛	46	+3
25⅛	18⅛	GuardCh .50b	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
34⅛	26⅛	Guerdon Ind	50	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
26½	15⅛	Gulf Can .60	5	18	18	17⅛	18	— ⅛
11½	5⅛	Gulf St Land	18	6	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	6	Gulf Wind wt	88	7	7⅛	7	7	

H

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
24⅛	11⅛	HB Amer	165	24¼	24¼	23⅛	23⅛	— ½
26⅛	15	Halls Motor 1	15	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	16⅛	HamilCos .60	4	16⅛	17	16⅛	17	+ ⅛
6⅛	6⅛	Hampt Sh .32	8	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	18⅛	Harnischfr 1	9	19⅛	20	19⅛	20	+ ⅛
16⅛	9⅛	HartAlfrd .40	10	12⅛	12½	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
50⅛	18⅛	Hartfwd Zody	27	29½	29½	29⅛	29⅛	
40½	11⅛	Harvard Ind	23	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	—1
25⅛	11½	Harv Grp .12	36	15½	16⅛	15½	16⅛	+1⅛
27⅛	17⅛	Head Ski Co	36	22¼	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
31⅛	25½	Hecks A .20	14	30	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	4½	Heinicke Inst	48	8	8½	7⅛	8	
73½	44⅛	HelenaR 1.40	1	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ⅛
81⅛	67⅛	Heller pf 5.50	z10	70½	70½	70½	70½	+ ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Her Mal .48g	11	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
29	10⅛	Herc Gal .39f	15	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	9⅛	Hi G Inc .32f	12	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ½
29⅛	19	Higbie Mf .80	17	26⅛	27⅛	26⅛	27⅛	+ ½
105	52⅛	HiltonHol wt	2	95	95	94½	94½	—3½
8½	4⅛	Hofm Indust	17	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
39	26⅛	Hollingr 1.40	1	29	29	29	29	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Holly Corp	34	3½	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
84½	31⅛	HomeO A .50	151	37½	37½	35⅛	35⅛	—1⅛
81	29⅛	HomeO B .50	9	32½	32½	31	31⅛	—1⅛
47⅛	31⅛	Hormel 1.40	4	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
49½	23⅛	Horn Hardrt	7	27	27	26⅛	26½	— ⅛
86	60⅛	Horn&H pf 5	z10	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	+7
19⅛	13⅛	Hoskins .80a	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
28⅛	18⅛	House Fabric	18	26	26	24⅛	25½	— ⅛
33⅛	21⅛	House Vis .44	9	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ½
35	27⅛	Hubbell A .96	2	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
49⅛	41⅛	Hubbel pf1.75	1	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	+ ⅛
54⅛	46⅛	Hud&Man A	1	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	— ⅛
31⅛	18	Hudson Leas	89	30⅛	30⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
34⅛	14⅛	Huffman .60	12	14⅛	15	14⅛	14⅛	
39⅛	27½	HuntCh A .24	8	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	
28⅛	11⅛	Husky Oil .30	88	13⅛	13½	13⅛	13	— ½
38⅛	26	Huyck Cp .40	7	38	38	37½	37½	— ½
15⅛	6	Hycon Mfg	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	3⅛	Hydromat	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	9½	Hydrometl	38	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
32½	17⅛	Hydrom pf.60	4	20⅛	20⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ½
68	22	Hygrad Food	9	34½	34½	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
50⅛	38⅛	HygrdFd pf 4	8	46⅛	46⅛	46	46⅛	— ⅛

I

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
42⅛	31	Ideal Toy Cp	18	41⅛	41⅛	40	40	— ⅛
29⅛	14⅛	IHC Inc	5	25⅛	26	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	7⅛	IMC Magnet	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
14⅛	10⅛	ImocoG 1.18f	4	13	13	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	14⅛	Imper Oil .50	285	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
3⅛	2	Im TGrp .43g	2	2 1-16	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛	+1-16
17⅛	10½	Imp TbC .70a	4	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
26	10	Indian Hd wt	9	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
66	54	IndplsPL pf 4	z90	57⅛	57⅛	56⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	4	Ind El Hard	10	4⅛	5	4⅛	4⅛	
27⅛	9⅛	InflightP .23f	142	18	18⅛	16⅛	17	—1
17⅛	8	InlandCr .40f	5	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
19⅛	13⅛	Instron Corp	53	17⅛	18	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	15⅛	Instr Sys .75f	23	22	22⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
47	22⅛	Int Ch Nuclr	48	46	46	44⅛	44⅛	—1
34⅛	8⅛	Int Controls	30	15⅛	15⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Int Cont A wt	32	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	7⅛	Int Stretch	43	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛
56⅛	9½	Interpho .30p	31	14⅛	15	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
35	11⅛	Interstate Un	52	16⅛	16⅛	16	16⅛	— ⅛
58⅛	36	InvDiv A 1.80	28	40	40	38½	40	
14⅛	8⅛	InvDiv B .45	12	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
47	17⅛	InvFund .60b	x37	26⅛	26⅛	24⅛	24⅛	—2
18⅛	5⅛	Inv Roy .14g	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
36⅛	15⅛	Iroquois .47f	23	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	9⅛	Irvinind 1.51f	12	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	6⅛	ISC Ind .37p	10	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	
32⅛	14⅛	ITEL Corp	318	30⅛	32	29½	29⅛	—1⅛
15⅛	6⅛	ITI Corp	15	6⅛	7	6⅛	7	

J-K

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
16⅛	8	Jaclyn .20g	11	8½	8⅛	8½	8½	
23⅛	15	Jameswy .38f	1	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	14⅛	Jeannette Gl	12	32⅛	32⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ½
34⅛	11	JeffLPet .30p	34	15	15	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
28⅛	19½	Jefferson Strs	27	28	28	27⅛	27⅛	— ½
26⅛	12⅛	Jervis 1.20f	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
10⅛	4⅛	Jetronic Ind	18	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
12⅛	7	JohnsBarg St	21	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	JonesLau Ind	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	9⅛	Jupiter Cp	19	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ½
26⅛	17⅛	Kaiser In .40f	107	19⅛	20	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Kaivex .12f	83	8⅛	8⅛	7½	7⅛	— ½
54⅛	21⅛	Kane Miller	30	26	26⅛	25⅛	25⅛	—1
28⅛	18⅛	Kaneb PL .60	13	19⅛	19⅛	19	19⅛	
46⅛	19	KatzDrug .50	10	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	14⅛	Kaut Brd wt	27	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
22⅛	12⅛	Kavanau .60	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
14⅛	6	KayJwly .37f	8	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	24⅛	KentonCp .32	2	30⅛	30⅛	30	30	
39⅛	16⅛	Ketchm .30b	5	20⅛	20⅛	19⅛	20	— ⅛
40⅛	22⅛	Kewano .90b	4	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
60⅛	39⅛	Kewanco pf 2	7	42⅛	42⅛	42	42	— ⅛
17⅛	9⅛	Key Co .20g	12	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	9⅛	Keyst Ind .60	5	12	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	5⅛	Kilembe .30g	43	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	4	Kin Ark Corp	61	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	11	King Radio	17	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ½
17⅛	7½	Kingsford .28	47	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
45	27⅛	KingsLaf 1.44	8	29⅛	29⅛	28⅛	29	— ⅛
10⅛	4⅛	Kinny plC .05	66	9⅛	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	17½	Kirby Ind .38	18	20⅛	20⅛	20	20⅛	— ⅛
17	10⅛	Kisaeli A .20g	18	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
23	7⅛	Kieer Vu	9	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ½
37⅛	12⅛	Kleinert	21	37⅛	37⅛	36⅛	36⅛	— ½
34⅛	16⅛	Klikiok .50	3	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	22	Knott Hotel	22	24⅛	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
41⅛	27	Kollmogn .40	4	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
43⅛	23⅛	Kysorin .40a	9	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛

L

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
11	5½	LaBarge Inc	136	6⅛	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	+ ½
37⅛	23½	Lafay Radio	817	30⅛	31	28⅛	30⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	11⅛	Laiglon	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
9½	3⅛	Lake Shore	29	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	
36½	27	LaMaur .36	114	36	36	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	4⅛	Langloy Cp	17	6⅛	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	11⅛	LaPoint .20a	19	17½	17½	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
27	13⅛	Leader Inf	5	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
32	9⅛	Loss Data wt	173	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	11	LeeNati 3.12f	52	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	14⅛	Leh Press .56	6	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
28⅛	15⅛	LeighPr .36g	6	24	24	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
41⅛	21	Leisure Tech	97	38⅛	39⅛	37⅛	38⅛	— ½
58⅛	43	Lenox Inc 1	15	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	19½	LernerSt .55g	8	30⅛	31	30⅛	30⅛	—1⅛
19⅛	10⅛	LernerStr wt	13	18	18	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	13⅛	LeslieFa .40b	8	17⅛	18	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
57½	23½	LevinTwn .40	257	25⅛	26⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ½
47⅛	25⅛	Levitz Furn	20	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	13⅛	LibFab 1.35f	10	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	11⅛	Liberty Leas	14	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
35⅛	14⅛	Lilli Ann Cp	3	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
30⅛	14½	Lily Lynn A	25	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
41⅛	11	Ling TVgl wt	102	11½	11⅛	11⅛	11½	
20⅛	7	Locke Mfg	30	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ½
18⅛	8⅛	Lockwod KB	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	LodgeSh .05g	35	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	15⅛	Lochman .32	4	23⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
39	9½	Loews Th wt	360	17⅛	17½	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	6½	Logistics Ind	79	10	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
49½	32½	Long Witt .30	24	48½	48½	47⅛	47⅛	— ½
11⅛	3⅛	Louis Sherry	44	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	
33⅛	23⅛	LaGasSvc .96	1	25	25	25	25	— ⅛
9⅛	8½	LSB Ind	9	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
42⅛	16	LTV Aero .80	389	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
26	8⅛	LTV Aero wt	64	9⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
20⅛	8	LTV Elec .50	14	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ½
15⅛	5⅛	LTVLing .15p	18	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ½
7⅛	2⅛	LTV Ling wt	9	3	3	3	3	
16⅛	8	LTVLin pf.80	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	12	Lundy Elec	32	17⅛	18	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	5½	Lynch Corp	8	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛

M

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
10	4½	Macoid .10p	8	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	8½	Macrod Chat	44	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	Magna Oil	24	5	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	6⅛	Mallory Ran	83	9	9⅛	8⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	17	MamMart .28	15	22	22	21⅛	22	+ ⅛
34	13⅛	Magmi Data	27	24½	24½	23⅛	23⅛	—1⅛
25⅛	15⅛	Mangels .40b	14	22⅛	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
44⅛	26⅛	Mangood .60	4	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
33½	19⅛	Mangurian	26	32⅛	32⅛	32	32⅛	— ⅛
24	14	Manst TR .50	11	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	17⅛	Marinduq .92	133	29⅛	29⅛	28	28	—2½
30	9⅛	Marlene .20	27	11⅛	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
49⅛	22⅛	MarleyCo .40	3	35	35	34⅛	34⅛	— ½
27½	13⅛	Marshall Ind	146	47⅛	47⅛	45⅛	46⅛	—1⅛
29⅛	15⅛	MasidSon .40	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
45	30½	MaulBros .20	18	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	17½	Mauleind .30	7	17⅛	18	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	7½	McCrory wt	9	9⅛	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	7⅛	McCror wt n	60	9⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
67	29⅛	McCull Oil 2f	120	38⅛	38⅛	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅛
18½	13⅛	McDonh .31g	3	16	16½	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	16½	Means FW 1	6	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
15	5⅛	MedcoJwly A	27	8⅛	9⅛	8⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
31	13⅛	MEM Co .72	6	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
40	13⅛	Menasco .73f	81	15⅛	16	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	16⅛	Merle N .20g	5	20⅛	20⅛	20½	20½	— ⅛
6⅛	3 9-16	Merrill Isl	79	3 13-16	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—1-16
53⅛	32⅛	Mesa Pot .10	42	48½	48⅛	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅛
91⅛	60⅛	Mes sr pf2.20	3	89⅛	89⅛	88⅛	88⅛	—2⅛
27⅛	16⅛	Melaframa	4	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	5⅛	Mich Sug .10	13	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	3½	Mich Sg pf.24	1	3½	3½	3½	3½	
36⅛	15⅛	Microwave	63	29⅛	29⅛	28⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	18	Midland .60	17	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
18⅛	8½	MidwFinl .20	7	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
61	17⅛	Milgo Elect	266	54	56	52⅛	54⅛	+1⅛
22⅛	13	MillWohl .30a	2	14⅛	14⅛	14½	14⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	12⅛	MillOnyx .64f	61	17⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18	+ ⅛
16½	6⅛	MiloElec .05p	6	7⅛	8	7⅛	7⅛	
35	20½	Milton Roy	8	34	34⅛	34	34⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	30½	Mirro Al 1.80	2	34⅛	34⅛	34½	34½	— ⅛
31½	21	MoBeef Pkrs	32	30½	30⅛	30½	30⅛	+ ⅛
17½	8	MoKanTex ct	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	7⅛	Mite Corp	228	12⅛	13	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
29	16⅛	Mobile Yome	164	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	6	Mohawk Airl	67	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	
89⅛	59⅛	Mohwk Data	71	76	77⅛	75⅛	77	+ ½
12⅛	6⅛	Molybd Cen	38	11⅛	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
42½	25⅛	Molybd 1.94f	x54	39⅛	40⅛	39⅛	40	+ ⅛
49	39⅛	Molyb pf2.50	2	47½	47⅛	47½	47⅛	+ ⅛
74⅛	63⅛	Mon pf B4.80	z20	65	65	65	65	
15	8⅛	Moog Inc	14	9⅛	10	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
7	36½	Morse El Pd	224	48½	48⅛	46⅛	46⅛	—1⅛
18	10⅛	MartonSh .32	11	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	11⅛	MoltsSup Mk	2	11½	11⅛	11½	11⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	22⅛	Mouldings n	77	23⅛	24	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	19⅛	Mt Vern 1.50	1	22⅛	22⅛	22½	22½	
30	16⅛	Mov Star .50	6	19⅛	19⅛	18⅛	19	— ½
14⅛	6	Movielab	3	8⅛	8⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	7⅛	MPO Vid .74f	10	11	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	10½	MultiAm .79f	6	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
33	14⅛	Murry Oh .60	16	20½	20½	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	4⅛	Muter Co	6	5⅛	5½	5⅛	5½	
23	12⅛	MWA Co .80	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛

N

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
18⅛	8⅛	Napco .86f	4	10⅛	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	7⅛	Narda Micro	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Nat Alfalfa	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	4½	NatBellH .25f	72	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	21⅛	N Caskt .15g	z100	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	9	Nat Gen wt	50	13⅛	14⅛	13½	13⅛	
20⅛	4⅛	Nat Gen wt n	274	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	8⅛	Nat Hlth Ent	600	16	16⅛	15⅛	16	— ½
15	4⅛	Nat Ind wt	15	5⅛	5⅛	5½	5½	
16	6⅛	Nat Radio Co	9	7½	7½	7⅛	7½	— ⅛
24⅛	12⅛	N Realty .80	11	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	21⅛	Nat Systems	26	34⅛	35	34⅛	34⅛	— ½
12	5⅛	NBO Ind	21	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6½	— ⅛
29½	12⅛	Needham .20	20	14⅛	15	14⅛	14⅛	+ ½
17⅛	11⅛	Nelsner .05g	1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
11½	6	Nally Don	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	11	NestleLe .20	23	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
25⅛	16⅛	Newcor .90	9	16⅛	16⅛	16½	16½	— ⅛
33	16⅛	NE Nuclr .30	21	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
20½	11⅛	N HampB .40	3	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	3½	Newidria Mn	79	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
85⅛	15⅛	New Mex&Ar	10	17⅛	17⅛	16½	16½	— ⅛
14⅛	6	NewPark Mn	56	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10½	— ⅛
65½	47⅛	New Process	140	64⅛	71⅛	64	69½	+5⅛
60⅛	41⅛	NYTimeA .40	25	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	10⅛	NiagFrSv .20	23	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
27⅛	12½	NMS Indust	33	21½	21½	20⅛	21½	— ⅛
39⅛	17⅛	Nort So Ry	10	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
27½	21	NoAMig .82g	15	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
13	6⅛	Nor Am Roy	15	7½	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
30⅛	19⅛	NoAmSug .80	16	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
16½	6 13-16	Nor Cdn Oils	87	8⅛	8 13-16	8	8⅛	
20½	10	Noeast Airlin	352	19⅛	19⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+.5
68	56½	NInPS pf4.25	z150	57	57½	56½	57½	
46½	22	Novo Cp .80	8	23⅛	23⅛	22½	22⅛	— ½
7⅛	4⅛	Nuclear Am	59	5	5	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
31⅛	20	Nuclear Data	22	29	29⅛	28⅛	29	
39	10⅛	Nytronics 1f	207	15⅛	15⅛	14½	15	— ⅛

O

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
38½	29½	Offshore Co	8	32⅛	33	32⅛	33	+ ⅛
31⅛	37⅛	Ohio Brass 2	3	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	— ⅛
36⅛	20½	OKC Corp .60	16	26⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
30	9½	Okonite .75p	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	3⅛	Okonite wt	9	4⅛	5	4⅛	4⅛	
20⅛	7⅛	Old Town	11	9½	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ½
48⅛	27½	Olla Ind	11	37	37½	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	9⅛	Originals .30	23	12⅛	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
15½	4½	Ormand Ind	25	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	8½	OSullivan .50	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
40	25⅛	OverhdDr .60	1	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	5⅛	Oxford Elec	16	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
39	19⅛	OxfdFst 1.63f	15	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
9½	6⅛	Ozark Airline	29	7	7	6⅛	6⅛	

P-Q

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
12⅛	4⅛	P&F Indust	24	5⅛	5⅛	5½	5½	
12⅛	5⅛	Pac Cst Prop	101	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7½	— ⅛
25⅛	21½	PGE 6pf 1.50	14	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21½	— ⅛
22	18⅛	PGE pf 1.37	5	19	19	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
20½	17	PGE 5pf 1.25	6	17	17	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	16⅛	PG rdpf 1.25	17	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ½
23	16⅛	PG rdplA1.25	6	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	15	PG 4.50pf1.12	3	14⅛	15	14⅛	15	— ⅛
18	14½	PG 4.36pf1.09	5	14⅛	15	14⅛	15	
58⅛	30	PacHold .60b	35	34⅛	34⅛	33⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	4⅛	Pac Indus	26	6⅛	6⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
73½	62	Pac Lt pf4.75	z640	62⅛	63	62⅛	63	— ½
68½	57	Pac Lt pf4.40	z320	60	60	60	60	
70	58	Pac Lt pf4.36	z310	57⅛	59⅛	58	58	—2⅛
18⅛	15⅛	PacNwTel 1	13	16⅛	16⅛	16½	16⅛	+ ⅛
80	62½	PacP&L pf 5	z25	65½	65⅛	64⅛	65½	—1
25	22	PacSLoan .30	1	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
17⅛	6½	PacSwAir wt	33	16⅛	16⅛	15⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
29½	14⅛	PallCp A .32	11	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Panisote .41f	11	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	12½	Parmnt Pkg	5	17⅛	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
15	7⅛	Park Ch .30a	4	9	9	9	9	
17⅛	9⅛	Park Elo .61f	11	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	10½	Parklan Hos	8	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	15⅛	Pat PPap .56	9	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22½	— ⅛
16⅛	6⅛	PatoCan .20g	10	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
37⅛	20	Peel Elder	167	25	26	22⅛	23½	—1
18⅛	9⅛	Penn En .50a	32	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
16	7⅛	PenobSh .40g	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Pentron El	33	4	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
37⅛	26⅛	Pep Boys .84	4	33⅛	34	33⅛	34	+ ⅛
20	12½	Pepcomin .50	1	17½	17½	17½	17½	+ ⅛
45½	30½	PEPI Inc	40	37⅛	39	37⅛	39	+1
43⅛	28⅛	Permaneer	52	35	35	33⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	PhilLaD .87c	27	9	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
31	18½	PhillipScr .20	16	30⅛	30⅛	29⅛	30	
33⅛	6⅛	PhoenixS .97f	86	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
22⅛	9⅛	Piasecki Airc	18	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
54⅛	32	Pickwick Intl	29	52	53⅛	52	53⅛	+1⅛
18⅛	9⅛	Pierce G .40	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
27½	15	Pioneer Plas	6	21⅛	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	11⅛	PionerSy .44f	82	12⅛	12⅛	12½	12⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	29⅛	Pittway .60b	9	36	36⅛	35⅛	36	
19½	7½	Pit W'VTr .54	14	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
39½	10½	PKL Co	17	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
47½	16½	Plant Ind	67	46½	46½	44⅛	44⅛	—1⅛
29⅛	10⅛	Plaza Group	37	20	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛	
44⅛	12½	Plume Atwod	4	13	13	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	12⅛	PlyGem 1.92f	22	15⅛	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	PlyRub A .25	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
11	6⅛	PlyRub B .25	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
35⅛	18⅛	Pneumo Dyn	22	20⅛	20⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ½
10½	4⅛	Polarad El	11	6	6	5⅛	6	
43⅛	17⅛	Poloron 1.55f	94	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
24	12	Polychr 1.22f	14	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	10	Polymer .31f	2350	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
46	23⅛	Potter Inst	84	40	40⅛	38⅛	39⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	10⅛	Pov Can .44	3	13	13	13	13	— ⅛
38⅛	11⅛	Prairie Oil	68	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	15½	Pratt Lamb 1	2	17	17	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
51	34	PrentHall .68	6	50⅛	50⅛	50	50	— ⅛
24½	14	PresRlt A .80	1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	13	PresRlt B .80	8	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
23⅛	13⅛	ProlerSt .65g	4	14½	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Prov Gas .64	7	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	
33⅛	18½	PrudRsrc .80	36	32	32	31	31⅛	— ⅛
38½	23⅛	ProdBldg .28	9	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	8⅛	PubcoPet .15	51	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	6⅛	Puritan Fash	29	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8½	— ⅛
35⅛	21⅛	Pyle Natl .60	13	24	24	23	23	— ⅛
17⅛	8½	Pyroll Co .24	7	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛

R

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
35½	23⅛	Ramada .24	76	32⅛	32⅛	32	32⅛	
13	5⅛	Ramer Ind	28	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	6⅛	Rapid Am wt	41	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
14	8⅛	Rath Pack	24	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	12⅛	RaymEng .36	8	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
23	7½	Reading Ind	19	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
28⅛	20	Realinv 1.20a	2	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
35	14	RealtyE .25a	19	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
24	11⅛	Realty E wt	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	4	REDM Corp	27	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
57⅛	31½	Redman .20g	160	42⅛	43	39⅛	42⅛	— ½
10½	4⅛	Reeves Ind	25	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	12⅛	Reeves Telec	44	19⅛	19⅛	19	19	—1
82⅛	35	Rell Ins 2.20a	z300	38	38	37⅛	37⅛	—1⅛
24⅛	13⅛	Remco Ind	61	19⅛	20	19⅛	20	+ ⅛
27⅛	17⅛	Rem Ar .20a	23	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
48⅛	31⅛	ResrchCtl .08	25	46	46⅛	45	45⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	10	Reserve OG	193	11⅛	11⅛	10⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	9	Resistflx .50b	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
61⅛	14⅛	Resortsintl A	33	16⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
61	15⅛	Resortsintl B	6	17	17	16	16	—1⅛
47⅛	16	Rest Asso .28	29	24⅛	25	24⅛	24⅛	
21⅛	21	Rex Noreco	395	21⅛	22⅛	21	21⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	7⅛	RIC Intl Ind	30	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
31⅛	11	Richford Ind	14	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
26	10⅛	Riker Maxsn	68	20	20	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Riker Mxn pf	37	5	5	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
29½	15	RioAlgom .40	1	19½	19½	19½	19½	— ⅛
33⅛	16½	Rite Aid .18	72	32⅛	32⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Ritt Fin B .34	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
15	6⅛	Robintech	13	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	9	Roblin Ind A	17	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	16⅛	Rockower .20	68	24⅛	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
46⅛	26⅛	Rogers 1.23f	12	45	45	43⅛	43⅛	—1⅛
36⅛	16⅛	Rollins Intl	12	25	25	24	24⅛	—1⅛
7⅛	3 5-16	Roll Roy .19g	68	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
12½	6	Rosenau .20	13	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
61⅛	26⅛	RownDrl .23g	x24	29⅛	29⅛	29	29⅛	— ⅛
26	9½	Rowland Pd	5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Royal Amer	181	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	7⅛	RoyBusn .45d	38	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Rucco Indust	56	9	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	4⅛	Russeks .12f	19	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
10½	7⅛	RussellA .02g	8	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	9½	Russell M .50	2	10	10	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
38⅛	24⅛	RustCraft .40	3231	31⅛	31	31⅛		
9	4⅛	Ryersn Hay	6	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛

S

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
25½	10	Safegurd Ind	87	18	18	15½	16⅛	—1⅛
33⅛	18⅛	StJhnTrk .90	28	28	29½	28	29⅛	+1⅛
9⅛	5½	SalemBr .10g	10	6⅛	6½	6⅛	6½	+ ⅛
17⅛	13⅛	SDiegoG pf 1	2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	S DieG pf.88	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
38	23½	San JRe 2.66f	9	24	24⅛	24	24	— ⅛
21⅛	18⅛	SanitasS .06g	37	20	20½	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	5	Sargent Ind	39	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
29⅛	7½	Saturn Airwy	15	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
40½	23½	SavAStop .32	19	38⅛	39	38½	39	— ⅛
61	27⅛	Savin B Mch	52	56⅛	57⅛	56⅛	57⅛	+1⅛
21⅛	13½	Savoy Indust	8	16	16	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
105	51⅛	Saxon Indust	127	96⅛	97⅛	95	96⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	5⅛	Sayre Fisher	15	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	14	Scam Instru	21	24⅛	24⅛	23⅛	23⅛	—1
21⅛	15⅛	SchenuitA .40	15	19⅛	19⅛	19	19⅛	
45½	33	Science Mgt	6	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	6⅛	Scient Atlant	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	13½	Scope Indust	4	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	17	Scurry Rain	124	23⅛	23⅛	22⅛	23	
12⅛	8⅛	SbdAlMill .30	2	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	— ½
18⅛	11	Sea Containr	34	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ½
15⅛	8⅛	SbdPlywd .10	5	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
12⅛	7	Sealectro Co	9	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
19	9⅛	Sears Ind .44	7	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	10⅛	Season All	4	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	12⅛	Sec Mig .31g	15	15	15	14⅛	15	— ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	Seeman Bros	37	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
23½	11⅛	SelasCorp .40	10	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	12⅛	Sello Latz .80	5	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
21⅛	12	Servisco .38	13	17⅛	17⅛	16⅛	17	— ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Servo Corp	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	8⅛	Seton Co .45	1	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
14⅛	6⅛	Shaer Sh .36	9	7	7⅛	7	7	
10⅛	6⅛	Shahmoon In	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	4⅛	Shattck Denn	12	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
19⅛	9½	Sheff Wat .50	10	13	13	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
57⅛	34⅛	Sherwod Med	4	57	57⅛	56⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3	Siboney Corp	187	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	15⅛	Sierra P Ind	88	16⅛	17⅛	16⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
45⅛	14	Sierracin .30	10	20⅛	20⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ½
22⅛	12⅛	Sigmainst .50	16	16½	16⅛	16⅛	16½	+ ⅛
15⅛	6⅛	Silicon Tran	17	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
9½	6⅛	SimcoStrs .20	1	6½	6½	6½	6½	— ⅛
21⅛	13⅛	Simkins .50	13	14⅛	14½	14⅛	14½	+ ⅛
44⅛	35⅛	Simm Brd pf	z200	36½	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
29½	19⅛	Simplexin .25	34	26⅛	26⅛	26	26⅛	+ ⅛
35	21⅛	Simplex Wire	44	28⅛	30⅛	28⅛	30⅛	+1⅛
45	25	SincVenOil 2	z20	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	
17½	10⅛	Sitkin SmRfg	14	14⅛	14⅛	14½	14½	+ ⅛
37⅛	21⅛	SkaggDrg .40	6	31⅛	32	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	13⅛	SlickCorp .32	91	19⅛	19⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
59⅛	27⅛	Slick pfA 1.75	28	38	38	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅛
15	8	SMD Ind .17	2	9	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
47⅛	18⅛	Solitron .18	357	46⅛	46⅛	44⅛	45⅛	—1⅛
47⅛	29⅛	Sonder Brdct	21	41⅛	41⅛	40⅛	40⅛	— ½
23⅛	19	SorgPap .60b	2	21⅛	21⅛	21½	21½	— ½
37	16⅛	Soundesign	89	29⅛	29⅛	28	28	—1⅛
32½	27⅛	SC Org pf1.40	z100	29½	29½	29½	29⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	19	SC 5 6pf 1.45	2	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ½
28	21⅛	SC 5.20pf 1.30	33	24	24	23⅛	23⅛	
19	15⅛	SC 4.78pf 1.19	3	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	14⅛	SC 4.32pf 1.08	8	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
17⅛	14	SC 4.24pf 1.36	28	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
17⅛	6⅛	Seu Real&Ut	24	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
45⅛	33	SouRoy 1.20b	5	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	
35⅛	16⅛	Sw For Ind	55	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	23⅛	+ ½
23⅛	9⅛	Spector .37g	6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	9⅛	Spectro .36	19	14	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	5⅛	Spedcor Elec	36	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10	
18⅛	9⅛	SpeedOP .26f	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
28	16	Spencer Shoe	45	19½	20⅛	19½	19⅛	+ ½
27⅛	16½	Std Allian .60	4	21	21	21	21	— ⅛
95	78	St All pfA5.25	z100	82½	82½	81⅛	81⅛	
15	9⅛	Std Containr	9	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ½
27⅛	23½	StdCoos 1.20a	7	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
17⅛	15⅛	Std Dred .20a	72	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	5	StdMetal .27f	20	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	14	StdMet A .75	48	19⅛	19⅛	18⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	21⅛	Std Prod 1.20	1	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	26	Std Shrs 1.51f	1	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
16½	11½	Std Thomson	4	13	13	13	13	+ ⅛
17⅛	8⅛	Stanley Avia	2	8⅛	8½	8⅛	8½	+ ⅛
5 1-16	2½	Stanrock Ur	86	2½	2⅛	2½	2 9-16	+1-16
12⅛	7⅛	Stanwick Cp	21	7½	7⅛	7½	7⅛	+ ⅛
23½	16½	StapMach .80	12	19⅛	20	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
12	7⅛	Stardust .48g	6	8⅛	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Star Smkt .60	7	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
45	25	Statham Inst	29	41½	41½	40⅛	40⅛	—1
27½	19½	SteelCan 1.20	4	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	— ½
25	13	SteinHal .25b	32	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	22⅛	Stepan Ch .44	7	26⅛	26⅛	26½	26⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	9⅛	Sterl Electrn	39	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	8⅛	Sterl Extr .24	5	10⅛	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ½
11⅛	5⅛	SterPrec .25f	80	7	7	6⅛	6⅛	
49	32	Stern Met .50	20	46⅛	47	46⅛	47	
31	22½	Sterneo A	37	29⅛	30⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
35	22⅛	Stop Shop .90	15	29⅛	29⅛	28⅛	28⅛	—1⅛
45½	26	STP Co .40a	21	43	43⅛	42⅛	43	— ⅛
22⅛	7⅛	Struthr Wells	8	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	11⅛	Stylon Corp	150	22⅛	22⅛	21⅛	21⅛	—1½
25⅛	18⅛	Sun Elec .40	15	21	21⅛	20⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
13½	6⅛	Sunair Electr	8	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Supercrt .08g	9	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
19⅛	13⅛	Sup Surg Mf	26	16⅛	16⅛	14⅛	15	— ⅛
56⅛	17	Superscope	40	36⅛	36⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
12½	4⅛	Supronics Cp	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	10⅛	Susquenana	103	13	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ½
39⅛	15⅛	Susqueh pf 1	13	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
18⅛	14⅛	Sutro Mf .52g	9	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	8⅛	Synalloy .69f	17	9⅛	10	9⅛	10	+ ⅛
86⅛	45⅛	Syntex Cp .40	196	76⅛	77⅛	75⅛	76⅛	— ⅛
50⅛	26⅛	Systems Eng	298	49⅛	49⅛	47⅛	48⅛	— ⅛

T

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
19⅛	6	Tamar Elect	3	7	7	6⅛	7	
14⅛	8	Tastee Freez	21	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9½	
23⅛	15⅛	TastyBk .88a	1	16⅛	16½	16½	16½	
27½	17⅛	Tech Aerotm	50	25⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
56⅛	25⅛	Technic Oper	18	31	31½	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Technic Tape	76	7½	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	16⅛	Technico .40b	91	21⅛	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	7⅛	Technitrol	72	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	12½	Teleflex .40	2	17⅛	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
95	46	Telepromt	56	95	95	92⅛	94⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	3	Telev Mtrs	17	3⅛	3⅛	3½	3½	— ⅛
90⅛	20⅛	Telex Corp	262	81	81⅛	79	80⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	16⅛	Tenna Corp	94	29	29	27⅛	28	—1⅛
11	7⅛	Tenneco wt	30	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
13½	4⅛	Tenney Eng	16	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6½	+ ⅛
11⅛	6	Tensor Cp	32	9⅛	9⅛	9½	9⅛	— ½
11⅛	5⅛	Ter Hud .41f	15	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
52⅛	31⅛	Tesoro Pet	19	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	40½	
14⅛	7⅛	Texstar	29	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9½	— ⅛
37	15	Textron wt	3	21½	21½	21⅛	21⅛	— ½
19⅛	12	ThorMkt .50d	3	14⅛	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
30½	17⅛	Thriftimt A 1	4	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ½
23	17⅛	Tokheim .60	12	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
66½	55⅛	Tol Ed pf4.25	z300	56½	57	56½	57	+ ½
52	31⅛	Tonka Cp .40	24	33½	33½	32⅛	32⅛	—1
34⅛	15⅛	Tool Resrch	248	29	29	27½	27⅛	—1⅛
30½	16	TownCtry .20	42	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
14⅛	5⅛	Tran Beacon	36	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
16	5⅛	Trns Car .10p	21	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	
53⅛	17⅛	TransLux .60	91	24⅛	24⅛	22⅛	23⅛	—1½
9⅛	4	Transairco	87	9⅛	9⅛	8⅛	9	— ⅛
52	27	Tran In cv pf	2	47	47	47	47	—1
23⅛	11⅛	Transogrm	15	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
34⅛	10	TWA wt	59	18⅛	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
30	10½	TriStMot .38f	30	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
41½	16⅛	Triang P .15e	39	23⅛	23⅛	23	23	
33⅛	22⅛	TropGas 1 10	2	32	32	31⅛	31⅛	— ½
6⅛	2½	Tubos Mex						
15⅛	8⅛	21 Brand .29f	14	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
58½	18⅛	Tyco Labs	31	27⅛	27⅛	26⅛	26½	— ⅛

U-V

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
17⅛	7	UIP Corp	42	8⅛	8⅛	8½	8⅛	— ⅛
44⅛	18⅛	Unexcelled	50	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
19½	11⅛	Un Finl 1f	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
16⅛	11⅛	U GasCan .52	14	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
25½	17	Un Invest .78	1	17½	17½	17½	17½	
34⅛	17	UnStOm .70g	5	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	11½	UnAircPd .50	15	15⅛	15⅛	15	15⅛	— ⅛
9	4⅛	Unit Asb .07g	55	4 15-16	5	4 15-16	4 15-16	—1-16
10½	3⅛	Unit Foods	19	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
14½	7	Un Natl Inv	50	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3	UnNatInv wt	23	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	7⅛	UNtlInv pf.7	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
29⅛	13½	UnPDve .40g	4	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
18½	7⅛	USCerm .15p	6	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
29	18½	US Filter	6	20½	20⅛	20½	20⅛	
38	17⅛	USHome Dev	31	37	37	35⅛	35⅛	—1⅛
29⅛	13⅛	US Leas .28	68	20½	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
40½	9	US Nat Rsrs	395	35⅛	35⅛	33⅛	34⅛	—2⅛
25½	9	USRadm .30a	15	12⅛	12⅛	12½	12½	
26⅛	16⅛	USRltyInv 1a	9	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	12⅛	USRedct .38	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	8	USRubR .50g	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	10⅛	US Smelt wt	46	15	15	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
24½	15	Unitrode Cp	11	23	23	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	4	Univ Cig .19f	10	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
37½	11⅛	Un Conf .07d	16	12½	12⅛	12	12⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	18	UnivMar .60a	22	20½	20⅛	19⅛	20	— ⅛
58	26⅛	UrisBldg wt	19	35½	35	34⅛	35	—1
17⅛	13⅛	UrahldSu .80	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
25½	14⅛	Valtes Stk H	9	19½	19⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	9⅛	ValleyMt .40f	18	12	12⅛	11½	11⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Valspar .30g	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
38⅛	26½	Van Dorn .56	1	30⅛	30⅛	30½	30½	+ ⅛
13⅛	5⅛	Vanguard Inf	245	5⅛	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	20⅛	Varo Inc	41	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	19⅛	Veeco Instru	193	32½	33⅛	32⅛	32⅛	—1⅛
29	16⅛	Venice Ind	46	26⅛	27	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
51⅛	16⅛	Vernitron	22	25⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	12⅛	Vesely Co	15	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	—1⅛
24⅛	14½	Vetco Ofshre	6	24	24	23⅛	23⅛	
18	9⅛	VictLceN .52f	51	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
25⅛	22⅛	Viewlex	5	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	20	Vikoa Inc	16	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	+ ½
37	9½	Visual Electr	13	11	11	10⅛	11	— ⅛
13	6	Vocaline .25	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	20	Vogt Mfg 1a	17	29⅛	29⅛	28½	29⅛	— ⅛
26½	10⅛	VolMerch .20	30	15½	15⅛	15	15⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Vulc Corp .20	19	8⅛	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Vulc Inc .30	7	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛

W

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
28⅛	10⅛	Wabash .20	96	18	19	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
30⅛	18⅛	Wacknhut .30	8	26⅛	27	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
20	9½	WadelEq .50f	7	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10½	— ⅛
52⅛	14⅛	Waltham Ind	65	17⅛	17⅛	16½	16½	— ⅛
120	45⅛	Wang Labs	52	103	108	106	107⅛	— ⅛
61⅛	49⅛	Wang Lab wt	23	53	53⅛	53	53⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	6	Ward Fds wt	25	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
25½	12⅛	Wards Co .40	6	13	13	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
11	6	Watsco .6	13	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	19⅛	Weil McL .44	20	31⅛	31⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	10⅛	Weiman Co	19	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
15⅛	6⅛	WeldTub Am	18	7⅛	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
23	9	WellcoE .10d	14	11½	11⅛	11⅛	11½	+ ⅛
13	4⅛	Wentwth .10g	8	5⅛	5⅛	5½	5½	— ⅛
34⅛	22½	West Ch .90	3	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
69	61	W Tex pf4.40	z10	60½	60½	60½	60½	— ⅛
18⅛	9½	Wesates Pet	84	12⅛	12⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	5½	Westby Fash	41	7⅛	7⅛	6⅛	7½	— ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	Westec Corp	19	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
52	35½	WnIntHot .20	24	45	45⅛	45	45⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	9½	Wn Nuclear	23	11½	11½	11	11	— ½
29⅛	9⅛	Westrn Orbis	39	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ½
54	38	West Un Intl	196	51	51	49⅛	49⅛	—1⅛
37½	19	Wheelab .60a	44	37⅛	38⅛	37⅛	38½	+1⅛
16⅛	10⅛	Whippany .60	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
18	11	Whitaker .50	4	13⅛	13½	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	3½	White Eagle	9	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
11⅛	5⅛	Whitehall El	23	7½	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
37	21⅛	Whiting 1.50	6	23	23	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	6	Whittaker wt	22	8⅛	8⅛	8½	8½	— ½
11⅛	3⅛	Wichita Ind	6	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ½
20⅛	8⅛	Willcox Gibb	57	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
45	29⅛	Wmhouse	21	45	45	44	44	— ⅛
16	7⅛	Wilshire .52f	48	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ½
37⅛	19	WilsonCo 1 35	11	23½	23⅛	22⅛	23	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Wilson Co wt	15	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
12⅛	6⅛	Wilson Bros	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	8⅛	Wilson Ph .50	6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
21⅛	9⅛	WilsonSpt .50	35	10⅛	11⅛	10⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	3⅛	WilsonSpt wt	14	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
15⅛	10	Winkelmn .40	7	13½	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
72½	62⅛	WisPL pf4.50	z10	65	65	65	65	—1
26⅛	12	Wolv Ind .30	21	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	— ⅛
26⅛	11⅛	Woodlind .15d	9	16⅛	16⅛	15½	15⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	23⅛	Woodall 1	1	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2	Wool Ltd .12g	10	2⅛	2⅛	2 1-16	2 1-16	—3-16
28⅛	16⅛	Work Wr .60	7	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	+ ⅛
5⅛	2	Wright Harg	68	2 1-16	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	7⅛	Wyant'n .20p	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	8	Wyle Labs	91	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	9⅛	Wyomissg .60	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	

Y

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
23⅛	16⅛	York Ra .70g	4	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛

Z

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
18	8⅛	Zero Mfg .10	39	10⅛	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
55	33⅛	ZimrHom .24	28	40⅛	40⅛	39	39⅛	—1
14⅛	6½	Zion Foods	2	8½	8½	8⅛	8⅛	

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. d—Declared or paid in 1969 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. f—Payable in stock during 1969, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declared or paid so far this year. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. *p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or* no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in 1969 plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock during 1968, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Dollar Bonds

Amax 6¼-82	86½	87½
Amoco 6¼-83	91	92
Armco In 7¼-80	95	96
AustriEl 6¾-82	91¾	92¾
AvonProd 6¼-81	88	89
BancoNaOb 7½-74	90	91
BEC 7-73	98	99
Bendix 8-79	99¼	100¼
Borg War 8-79	98½	99½
BrenAuto 6¾-77	92¾	93¾
Caisse Nat 6¾-82	87½	88½
Celanes 6¾-82	90¼	91¼
ChevronO 6¼-72	96¾	97¾
ChevronO 7-80	97	98
Chrysler 7-84	92¼	93¼
ContOil 7-88	94½	95½
Copen City 8-84	96½	97½
Copen Tel 6¾-82	88¼	89¼
CutlerH 7½-80	95	96
Cyanamid 5¾-80	88	89
Denmark 6¾-82	90¼	91¼
El & Mus 6¾-82	89½	90½
Eur C&S 6¾-87	91	93
Eur InvBk 6¾-80	92¾	94¼
ENI 6¾-88 June	92½	94½
ENI 6¾-88 Nov.	92	94
Eriksberg 6¾-82	92¾	93¾
4 Seas. ww 7½-84	104	105
GenMills 7-80	92	93
W.R.Grace 5¼-88	84½	85½
Grangesb 6¾-87	88	89
Honda 7½-81	96½	97½
Honeywell 6-81	90¼	91¼
IcelandAlu 6¾-82	91	92
IntIncFund	900	920
IntUtil w/w 6¾-76	93½	95
Kawasaki 7¼-73	98¼	99¼
Leasco 7-74	93½	94½
Mexico 7-82	86¼	87¼
Mitsubishi 7¼-73	99½	100½
MobilInt 7-86	94½	95½
Nabisco 6½-82	91¾	92¾
NacFin 7¼-82	87¼	88¼
N.Zealand 6¾-79	95½	96½
NipponEl 7½-81	91¾	92¾
NipponPet 7½-73	96¾	97¾
NorskHyd 6¾-82	89¼	90¼
Occidental 7½-84	92¼	93¼
Olivetti 6¾-82	91½	92½
Oppland 6½-82	85½	86½
Oslo 6¾-77	95½	96½
Oslo 7¼-73	98¾	99¾
PhilIntF 6½-79	94½	95½
Portugal 6¾-77	94¾	95¾
Proct&G 6½-82	91¾	92¾
Quebec Hydro 8-74	97	98
Renault 6¼-82	88	89
Rockwell 6¾-73	95½	96½
Rott-Rijn 6¼-82	88	89
S.F.E 7-74	96½	97½
Shell Intl 6½-79	92¾	93¾
S.N.C.F. 6½-85	88	87
Siemens 5½-79	101	102
Simca 7-82	88½	89½
Sumitomo 7¼-73	98¾	99¾
Teledyne 7-73	98	99
Teled 6½-83 w/w	99	100
TransalpF 6¾-83	89	90
TransoG 7-81	91¼	92¼
T.R.W. 7½-83	91¾	92¾
Zapatow/w 6¾-80	96½	96
Levin Town 5-88	70½	72½
MarMidland 5-88	103	104
Miles 4½-93	113	114
Mitsui 6½-83	99½	101
Motorola 4½-83	98½	99½
MurphyO 5-89	70	71
Nabisco 5½-88	101½	103
Owensill 5-77	105½	107
PanAm 5½-88	87½	89
Pepsico 4½-81	115	116
PhilMor 4½-88	103½	105
PhilMor 4¾-89	97½	99
Phil'Lamp 4¾-83	110	112
R.C.A. 5-88	97	98½
ReynMet 5-88	91½	93
SCM 5¼-89	85	87
Searle 4½-88	93½	94½
Texaco 4½-88	86½	87½
Tyco Int 5-84	68	70
Utahint 5½-83	117½	119
WardFood 5¾-88	92	93½
WarnLam 4½-88	120	121½

Convertible Bonds

Amoco 5½-84	89½	91
Amro 5½-89	95	97
Apco 6-89	103	105
AKU 4¼-89	93	95
Alusuisse 4¾-87	98	100
Ambac 5¼-83	87	87
AmCan 4¾-88	92	94
AmTob5¼-88	104	106
Asahi 6½-84	101½	103
Ashland 5-88	90	92
BurmaO 5¼-88	88½	93½
Chevron 5-88	99	101
Chrysler 4¾-88	84	86
Cummins 5-83	97	99
Denny's 5½-89	80	82
Equity Fd 5¼-89	105	107
EastKodak 4½-88	98	99½
Firestone 5-88	100	102
Ford 5-83	84	86
GenElec 4¼-85	87	89
GenFoods 4¾-82	100	102
Hitachi 6¼-84	101½	102½
I.S.E. 5-88	102	104
I.S.E. 6¼-89	99¾	100¾
J. Logan 4¾-83	93	95
WaltKidde 5-89	94½	96
KLM 5¼-88	98½	100½
Komatsu 6¼-84	102½	104
Kubota 6½-84	96½	97½
Leasco 5-88	90½	92½
Leasco 5-89	72½	74½
LTV 5-88	59	61

Sterling-DM Bonds

Ireland 7-81	94	96
N.Zealand 6¾-82	92	94
SiraKvina 7¼-83	94	96

Unit of Account Bonds

BancoFom 5.50-78	91	92
CassaMez 5½-78	88	89
Cavado 7½-80	96	97
ComFedEl 6½-85	87	88
Copen Gr 5½-84	89	90
Copen City 6¾-76	98	99
Copen City 6¾-88	93	94
CUI 6¾-77	98	99
Escom 7½-78	95	96
Eur C&S 5¾-86	91½	92½
NorgesK 5½-83	94	95
Redernes 6¾-80	97	98
Reed 6¾-83	90	91
Sacor 6¾-76	99	100
Sacor 6¾-77	99	100

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966—100)

	Med.	Long	Conv.
Yesterday.	97.99	93.35	114.14
Previous.	97.98	93.40	114.30

European Gold Markets

Nov. 13, 1969

	Open	Close	Change
London	37.80	37.85	—0.05
Zurich	37.80	37.87	—0.03
Paris (12.5 kilo)	38.32	38.73	+0.38

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Bank Stocks

	Bid.	Asked	Prev. Bid.
Bank of Am. S.F.	63½	69	68½
Bank of N.Y. (new)	50½	50½	56¼
Fiduciary Tr.	80	68	80
First Nat. Boston	73½	74¼	73¾
U.S. Trust Co.	66	68	66½

PROFESSIONAL PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

I.T.S. INTER TRADING SERVICES

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ADVERTISEMENT

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

Nov. 13, 1969

The following net asset value quotations are supplied by the Funds listed:

A.F.C.A.	$10.45
A.G.P. Fund	$10.16
AGRI-Fund	$4.05
A.I.I. Growth Fund	$11.32
Alexander Fund	$11.54
All Canadian Venture Fd.	Can.$4.60
Amca U.S shares	S.F.83.50
Amer. Express Int'l Fund	$10.32
Am Income Prop B & S.	$8.00
Amer. Real Estate Trust	$9.11
Ampro Fund	$10.00
Anchor Unit Trust	11/6d
Anchor Unit Trust B.	9/9d
Anchor Wall Street Fund	$5.37
Aries Fund N.V	$869.97
Ascot Fund	$5.31
Ascotronic Fund	$10.13
Atlantic Exempt Fund	19/6½d
British-Amer. Invest. Fd.	$11.07
Buttress Int'l Dollar Fd.	$0.99+
Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	$12.80
Can. Security Growth Fd.	$4.90
CAPITAL GROWTH:	
— Capital Growth Fund	$9.43
— Cap.Gr.Real Estate Fd	$10.00
— Second Baham Inv Tr	$18.11
Carabico N.V. "B" shares	$9.05
Chan. Comm. Int'l Corp Fd	Can.$14.12
Chan. Comm. Leverage Fd	Can.$4.23
Channing Venture Fund	Can.$6.96
Combined Investments Fd.	$945.11
Convert Fd Int: A & B Sh.	$9.56
Convertible Bond Fd. N.V.	$9.10
Cosmopolitan Fund	$8.48
Crosby Fund S.A	$9.23
Delta Investment Fund	$9.42
Delta Multifund	$9.36
Dreyfus Offshore Trust	*$10.10*
Ebor Channel Capital Tr.	17/9½d
Ebor Trust Chan. Island	11/1d
E.M.I.F. S.A.	$10.68
Euris European Shares	S.F.198.50
Eurunion	$38.67
Executive Fund Canada	$8.04
Executive Growth Fund	$9.12
F.A.I.T./N.V.	$100.00
FD & S International Fund	$96.97
F.I.I.M.P.P.	$12.11
Fidelity International Fd.	$12.70
Fiducem	B.F.1.470
Finance Union	$12.29
First/Fund	$10.04
First Investor Amer. Trust	$8.90
First Liberty Fund Ltd.	$10.00
First National City Fund	*$28.75*
First Security Capital Fund	$99.64
Fleming Fund S.A	$85.80
Fleming Japan Fund	$14.11
Fleschner Beckner Ehrlich	$5,235.87
Fonds Deltec	$12.34
Fonsa, Swiss Shares	S.F.130.00
Fonselex	S.F.2.908
Formula Selection Fund	S.F.117.38
Fortune Fund	$4.63
Frontier Growth Fund	$8.31
Frontier Trust	$11.57
Fund of Australia	$5.17
Galaxy Fund	$9.28
Global Fund	$8.67
Globinvest	S.F.104.50
Grand American Fd. N.V.	$5.08
Growth Equity Fund	$7.57
Hambro Overseas Fund	$9.68
Hausmann Holdings N.V.	$10.232
Hedged Investors Limited	$13.441
H.O.I.T./Hobet	$27.93
ICOFUND	$10.25
ICT FUNDS:	
— The Dollar Fund	$13.33
— Realstock	$10.00
— Fund of New York	$15.35
— Fund of Nations	$10.00
I.O.S. FUNDS:	
— Fonditalia	$12.49
— Fund of Funds	$22.04
— I.I.T.	$9.07
— Investors Fonds	D.M.23.63
— IOS Regent Fund	$9.56
— IOS Venture	Can.$4.89
— IOS Venture (Int'l)	$9.62
I.U.S.F.	$10.74
Interfix	$105.41
Int. Commodities Inv. Fd.	S.F.137.85
Interfund S.A.	$10.95
Intermarket Fund I	$100.87
Int'l Real Estate Inv. Fd.	$20.60
Int'l Whiskey Fund	$1.00
Intervestor Growth Fund	$6.65
Intervestor Real Estate Fd	$9.40
Italamerica S.A. Fund	$11.04
Japan Pacific Fund	$10.39
Japan Selection Fund	$32.95
Kleinwort Benson Int Fd.	$10.44
Kleinwort Benson Jap. Fd.	$10.38
Lafayette Associates	$73.76
Lake Shore Fund	$127.68
Mad. Inter. Fund	$8.61
Maritime Equity Fund	Can.$3.47
M. & G. Island Fund	14/3d*
Midas Gold Fund	$38.00
Modal Positive Fund N.V.	$430.00
Mutual Accumulating	Can.$5.34
Mutual Funds of Am. Ltd.	$19.06
Mutual Growth Fund	Can.$8.61
Neckermann-Fund	D.M.26.22
N.A.M.F.	$95.28
Nordiska Fund Ltd	$9.95
N.Y. Offshore Fund N.V.	$82.33
Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$10.87
Nor. Amer. Bank Fund	$23.72
Olympic Capital Fund	$6.37
Pacific-Invest.	S.F.108.50
Pan. Amer. Growth Fund	$11.98
Pan. Amer. Income Fund	$5.14
Pan. Amer. Special Fund	$18.03
Performance Group Fund	$1.18
Real Estate Fund of Am.	$10.20
Renta Fund	L.F.2.410
Roosevelt Fund	$9.12
S.A.F.E.	$15.47
Salit. S. Africa Shares	S.F.216.50
Security Growth Fund	$10.29
Selective Capital Fund	$14.47
Shareholders Am. Real Eq.	$9.10
Shareholders Excalibur	$9.85
Sima, Swiss Real Estate	S.F.151.50
S.M.C. FUNDS:	
— Boston Int. Securities	$10.89
— Chase Selection Fund	$12.76
— Crossbow Fund	S.F.9.75
— Int'l Technology Fd.	$20.12
— Invest. Selection Fd.	$5.53
Sogelux Capital Fund	L.F.772
S. African Int'l Fund	Bah.$.8746
Stanhope Transat. Fund	$16.74
S. & P. Dollar Fund	*£3.16*
S. & P. Sterling Fund	£4.48
The Commodity Fund	$9.25
The Nassau Fund Ltd.	$11.66
The U.S. Fund N.V.	$7.49
Transpacific Fund	$10.45
Tyndall Bermuda Fund	21/1d
Tyndall Inter. Fund	24/2d
Tyndall Overseas Fund	$1.04
Unifonds	S.F.42.15
USI GROUP:	
— United Growth Fund	$1.36
— Un. Growth & Inc. Fd	$10.00
— USI Venture Fund	$10.50
— Euro-Am. Real Est Fd	$10.00
— Fund of Nations	$10.00
USIP Real Estate	$6.89
U.S. Income Properties	$8.98
U.S. Trust Invest. Fund	$12.88
Universal Bk Stock Fund	$15.34
Washington Associates	$72.49
Westn Australia Miner Fd	$22.68
Western Growth Fund	$8.30
Western Hedge Fd Cl A.	$8.571
World Equity Growth Fd.	$960.60
World Insur. Stock Fund	$14.38
World Real Est Stock Fd	$14.59
Worldwide Securities	$45.68
Worldwide Special	$3.734
Zodiac Fund	$10.21

B.F.—Belgian francs; L.F.—Luxembourg francs; S.F.—Swiss francs; D.M.—Deutsche Marks; *—Ex-dividend; †—New; N.A.—Not available; + — offer price.

PEANUTS



B.C.



L'IL ABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



BUZ SAWYER

WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO

RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE — By Alan Truscott

South's rebid of three clubs showed a powerful hand, and North showed his club support. When South then cue-bid his spade ace, North used the Blackwood convention en route to reaching a contract of six clubs.

South had some problems in the play. The lead of the spade jack was covered by the queen, king and ace, and declarer had to decide which red suit to develop. The diamonds offered rather better prospects, so he led the jack from his hand. West, quite rightly, played low promptly, and the ace and king were taken in the dummy. South could not afford to finesse, for failure would have meant immediate defeat.

On the second round of diamonds, West made a double-edged false card by dropping the nine. South knew that somebody had false-carded, for the four was missing, and it was clear to him that West held at least one more card in the suit. East would certainly not have played the eight on the second round from an original holding of Q 8 4 3.

South continued with the diamond ten, discarding his remaining spade when East threw a heart. West won with the queen, and dummy's seven was now a winner—which it would not have been it West had not parted with the nine. The diamond four was returned, and, when the seven was played from dummy, East refused to ruff. South drew trumps in three rounds and claimed the remaining tricks to make his slam.

If the diamond nine had not been discarded, South might have been tempted to play a third diamond. He would then have been in difficulties after a heart discard from East. However, it would be right for him to shift to hearts, for he could still survive if it happened that West began with a doubleton heart and Q x x in diamonds. But this is a delicate point, and not easy to see at the table.

	NORTH ♠ Q 6 ♡ 7 2 ◇ A K 10 7 2 ♣ K 10 8 3	
WEST ♠ J 10 8 4 ♡ J 10 3 ◇ Q 9 5 4 ♣ 7 2		EAST ♠ K 7 5 3 2 ♡ Q 8 4 ◇ 8 3 ♣ J 6 5
	SOUTH (D) ♠ A 9 ♡ A K 9 6 5 ◇ J 6 ♣ A Q 9 4	

East and West were vulnerable. The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 ♡	Pass	2 ◇	Pass
3 ♣	Pass	4 ♣	Pass
4 ♠	Pass	4 N.T.	Pass
5 ♠	Pass	6 ♣	Pass
Pass	Pass		

West led the spade jack.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

A	C	T	E	D		H	A	L	S			R	E	P
L	O	R	N	A		A	N	E	T		D	O	L	L
A	D	E	E	M		L	A	V	A		A	R	I	A
S	E	N		P	R	O	P	I	N	Q	U	I	T	Y
		C	H	E	E	S	E		D	U	N	O	E	S
B	E	H	I	N	D		S	L	E	E	T			
I	R	A	N			S	T	I	E	S		T	E	M
T	I	N	T	Y	P	E		E	S	T	H	E	T	E
S	E	T		E	A	R	N	S			E	A	R	S
		G	A	R	B	O		F	L	A	M	E	S	
A	T	L	A	S	T		S	P	E	E	D	S		
P	R	E	S	T	I	G	I	O	U	S		T	U	G
R	A	M	P		C	R	E	E		S	T	E	N	O
I	D	O	S		L	A	S	T		E	E	R	I	E
L	E	N			E	F	T	S		R	E	S	T	S

DENNIS THE MENACE



"I'LL BE BACK WHEN HE'S THROUGH KISSIN' HER."

JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

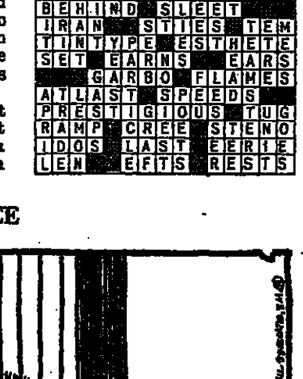
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

LIPUP

NOROH

STUJAD

TUFITO



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: ORBIT NOBLE SEXTON EMPLOY

Answer: *What the sleepy student said about EMERSON—"HE MAKES ME SNORE"*

BOOKS

THE LIMITS OF INTERVENT

By Townsend Hoopes. McKay. 345 pp.

Reviewed by John Leonard

TOWNSEND HOOPES's extraordinary book about "how the Johnson policy of escalation in Vietnam was reversed" suggests that we are in for a decade of self-laceration after a decade of blunders. The lacerating will focus on Vietnam because Vietnam evidently exemplifies our conceptual and institutional disarray.

The concepts—honor, consensus, the American mission—will get it for their imprecision and misapprehension. The institutions—Pentagon, State Department, White House, Congress—will get it for the vagaries of policymaking. First up are the participants: Schlesinger, Galbraith, Roger Hilsman, George Ball, Hoopes. (Dean Rusk may be writing his book; Walt Rostow is probably writing Lyndon Johnson's book.)

They will be followed by the critics of the participants. (David Halberstam is a year away, but on the evidence of his Harper's article about McGeorge Bundy, it will be a critique of terrifying intelligence; Joseph Alsop, of course, has been writing his novel serially for years.)

How useful are such autopsies? In this instance, very useful indeed. Townsend Hoopes was with the Defense Department from 1965 through 1968, ultimately as under secretary of the Air Force. His book, part memoir and part historical reconstruction, supplies excellent thumbnail sketches of the men around the President and how they sought to influence him; documents the demoralization of many high-level advisers during Johnson's last two years; and suggests, perhaps inadvertently, that Johnson's March 31 speech—announcing a partial bombing halt and his own retirement—may not really have been intended to get us to the conference table after all.

Moreover, Hoopes does his reconstructing gracefully, with a decent reticence about his own role. His hero is Clark Clifford, McNamara's replacement as Secretary of Defense, whom he credits as the crucial figure in changing Johnson's mind: "It was one of the great individual performances in recent American history."

Dean Acheson, Douglas Dillon and Cyrus Vance are also praised for revising their earlier positions; and Paul Warnke, Paul Nitze, Richard Steadman and others appear to have become convinced of the bankruptcy of our Vietnam policy after the Tet offensive.

What appears to have happened during the early months of 1968 was a cracking up of the American system. Trapped in a land war on the Asian continent, committed to selective bombing up north and "search and destroy" missions in the south and faced with a "pacification" program in shambles, Johnson and the Joint Chiefs of Staff still believed in a "strategy of attrition" and imminent military victory. Hoopes makes it clear that few others shared that belief.

There was division in the country and in the Democratic party. And there was division in the administration: people were prepared to resign. What's more, they were prepared to resign with a bang of protest instead of whimperin the Ford Foundation World Bank.

From Hoopes's accot time the "doves" the President was listening he would fly off to t West and end up Alar

New Hampshire del message. Scouting rep Wisconsin predicted Agreeing to the additi 000 soldiers Gen. West requested—a 40 percen in our commitment—w promoted domestic nium.

In this atmosphere ministration "doves" work. Allies like Cli Acheson were indi The March 31 speec seems to have gotten m able in tone and subst each new draft, was t

What about that Hoopes notes: "to Wa surprise, North Vie sponded quickly and tively to President new call for negotia cepting the half loaf tial bombing halt as quate basis for p talks."

Why was Washing prised? Could it be President and the and Rostow and Rusk didn't expect the No namese to respond Could it be that the retirement, tacked on of the speech, actuall strict bearing on t matic intentions of That the escalation st the "strategy of att still subscribed to? are trapped in m which we don't really

Those answers will await other lacerati Meanwhile the conclu ter of Hoopes's fascin is the most compell ment I have seen for ing our total withdra Vietnam, and letting C and Marshal Ky acc themselves to that ti

Mr. Leonard is a viewer for The N Times.

Miniature b Holbein Sol For $50,400

LONDON, Nov. 13 London art dealer pai £21,000 ($50,400) Mon 1 1/2-inch-high portr ture by Hans Hol Younger, a 16th-centur artist.

Sotheby's, the auct said the winning bid b Ewer for a portrait of was the highest ev miniature.

The previous record to be £17,500 ($42,(at Sotheby's in M for a portrait by John of Queen Henrietta M of King Charles I. T iature is now in the of Queen Elizabeth II.

The Holbein minia tracted unusual interes only 12 such portrait artist had been known lery spokesman said have authenticated 13th.

The miniature was with watercolors on ve 1540. Sotheby's said declined to be identifi

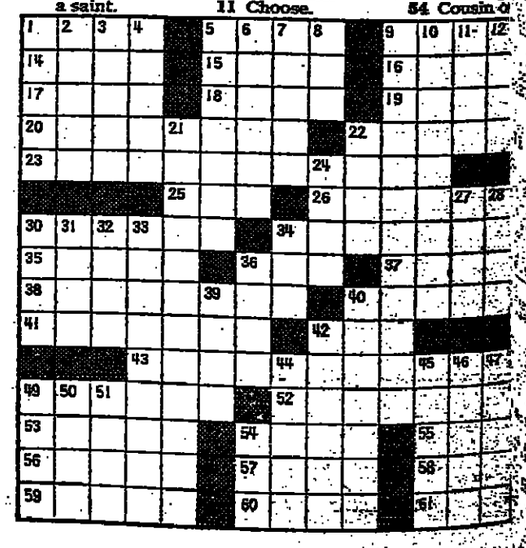
CROSSWORD — By Wil

ACROSS

1 Fraternal groups: Abbr.
5 Louvre name.
9 Last of the Mohicans.
14 Joie de vivre.
15 Gone.
16 Kind of surgeon.
17 Terza ——.
18 —— for picking.
19 Legally strong.
20 Excessively fastidious.
22 More —— to conquer.
23 Slender insect.
25 From: Fr.
26 Without direction.
30 Expedites.
34 Star-shaped.
35 Griddle for tortillas.
36 Wrong: Prefix.
37 Russian lake.
38 Fruit stone.
40 Estimate.
41 Girls named for a saint.
42 Clock setting.
43 Englishman's dilemma.
49 Coupon instruction.
52 Alpine iterations.
53 Clergyman: Fr.
54 Kind of monster.
55 Good-for-nothing: Scot.
56 "Have —— at yourselves . . ."
57 Danish weights.
58 Hideout.
59 Files.
60 Italian family.
61 Some bills.

DOWN

1 Asian antelope.
2 Baseball's Tony.
3 Arab's mount.
4 Boojum.
5 Parris Islanders.
6 —— Mills, Md.
7 Necks.
8 Yes vote.
9 Lacking in singing quality.
10 Close hits.
11 Choose.
12 Dry.
13 Turfs.
21 Nonsen
22 Chablis
24 Scoldin
27 Anntie
28 Summe Paris.
29 Quiet ro
30 Highlan
31 Paderev
32 Arab ch
33 Listen i
34 Be in se
36 Of all ki Abbr.
39 Ache.
40 "Accept ——."
42 Small ha
44 Kringle.
45 S. A. ind mixed bl
46 Holy boo Islam.
47 Uncanny
48 Emperor
49 Cicatrice
50 Miss Cli
51 Prefixes meaning
54 Cousin o



Powell 2d in AL Vote

Killebrew Is Named MVP

By Leonard Koppett

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Harmon Killebrew of the Minnesota Twins, the leading slugger in both leagues last season, has been named the American League's Most Valuable Player for 1969, it was announced by the Baseball Writers' Association of America, which conducts the balloting.

The award, won by a decisive margin over John (Boog) Powell and Brooks Robinson of the Baltimore Orioles, went to Killebrew on the basis of regular-season performance. Baltimore swept the Twins in three straight games in the playoffs to win the American League pennant.

In the balloting, in which the vote is conducted among baseball writers in each league city, gave Killebrew 332 first-place votes, Powell 6 and Robinson 2. Each ballot lists ten players, with 14 points for first, nine for second and so forth. Killebrew was named on every one of the 424 ballots cast and totaled 294 points. Powell was also mentioned by every writer, totaling 227 points. Robinson, placing third with 162 points, was not named by three.



Harmon Killebrew
'Honored'

In all, 37 players were mentioned. Last year's unanimous winner, Denny McLain of the Detroit Tigers, placed sixth with 85 points, the highest ranking attained by a pitcher. Above him, after the top three, were Frank Howard of Washington and Reggie Jackson of Oakland, also home-run hitters.

Killebrew led the majors with 49 home runs and 140 runs batted in. He is one of the game's authentic "all-time class" long-range blasters: at the age of 33, he has 446 home runs to his credit and already ranks 13th in baseball history. A stocky (5 feet 11 inches, 210 pounds) right-handed slugger who established himself only in his middle 20s, Killebrew's home-run rate (per time at bat) for his 11-year career is among the top five in history.

His triumph was especially gratifying because he tore his left hamstring muscle so badly in the 1968 All-Star Game at Houston that it was feared his career might be over. Instead, he bounced back to one of his finest years, winning (or sharing) the American League home run championship for the sixth time. His batting average was .276.

"Since I consider this the biggest award, I'm honored to get it," he said yesterday from his home in Idaho. "I really just hoped I'd be able to play a lot this year, after the injury. Next year I just hope I can play as well."

Killebrew will leave soon for Japan, where he will demonstrate a batting instruction device his firm is marketing.

Only two New York Yankee players received votes. Mel Stottlemyre, the pitcher, got a fifth-place vote and a ninth-place vote worth 2 points. Two teams, Cleveland and Chicago, got no representation at all.



United Press International.

SOMETHING'S UP—Which is not what SU stands for. It's Syracuse University and this cheerleader wears her heart on her sleeve, so to speak.

Purdue's Phipps Promises Surprises

'Spoilermakers' Eye Ohio State

By Neil Amdur

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Ohio State is going to be in for a surprise Saturday, Mike Phipps said yesterday, from the "Spoilermakers."

"I'm not going to say anything that will force me to eat my words," the Purdue quarterback reported from Lafayette, Ind. "But I think our team is better than last year, and I think Ohio State is going to see a surprise or two."

Purdue is a 17-point underdog to the unbeaten, top-ranking Buckeyes despite a 7-1 won-lost record, its most productive team and the leading candidate for the Heisman Trophy.

"We have something to prove," the 200-pound Phipps continued. "Last year, we were No. 1 in the country and unbeaten going into the Ohio State game, and we lost, 13-0. This year, they're No. 1 and we'll be trying to reverse things."

An Underdog Can Bite

Purdue has had a storied past in the role of underdog, and its nickname changes from Boilermakers to "Spoilermakers" for such occasions.

Since 1950, the "Spoilermakers" have won eight games against a team rated either No. 1 or on a long winning streak. The successes began in 1950, against Purdue's favorite victim, Notre Dame, then riding a 39-game winning string.

In 1953, Michigan State's 28-game streak succumbed. One year later, Lenny Dawson ended another Irish string, at 13 games.

Phipps, a 6-foot-3-inch senior from Columbus, Ind., already is Purdue's most prolific performer. He has established 16 school records and is sixth nationally in career total offense with 5,462 yards in 26 games.

"He blew one record opportunity," said Karl Klages, the Purdue sports publicist. "We used to have Mike holding the ball on extra point conversions. But he was hurt after one attempt and missed 2 1/2 games last year, so Don Kiepert is our holder now. Well, last week, Jeff Jones, with Kiepert holding, set a national record with his 39th consecutive extra-point kick."

Pleasing to Pro Scouts

In directing the highest-scoring Purdue team, 296 points in eight games, Phipps has demonstrated the mental leadership and mechanical skills that have endeared him to the professional scouts.

"I worked on improving my quickness and setting up last summer," Phipps said. "Fortunately, our young players have come through. About the third week, it all jelled together, although I prayed a lot for the offense."

Phipps will be no stranger to spectators in Ohio Stadium. Two years ago in Columbus, before Rex Kern & Co. arrived to begin the Buckeyes' 22-game victory string, Purdue won, 41-6, the worst Conference defeat ever suffered by Coach Woody Hayes.

Ohio State looks like a sound team," Phipps said. "But we're not shying away from them. We've played tough teams this year—Notre Dame, Stanford—and don't forget, we're the 'Spoilermakers'."

NASL Expands From 4 to 6 Clubs

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (UPI).—The North American Soccer League announced yesterday that it would expand from four teams to six for the 1970 season.

NASL executive director Phil Woosnam said the Washington Darts and the Rochester Lancers, both with the American Soccer League in 1969, would join his league.

Washington was the ASL champion and Rochester was runner up in that league's Northern Division in the season just completed.

Woosnam announced the move after an NASL meeting and said he is continuing talks with groups representing Chicago, New York, Philadelphia and Syracuse concerning further expansion. He said his league feels it should not go beyond eight teams for the 1970 season, which will run from April to September.

Griese, Buoniconti Of Dolphins Ailing

MIAMI, Nov. 13 (AP).—The Miami Dolphins probably will go into Sunday's American Football League game at Buffalo with their co-captains, quarterback Bob Griese and linebacker Nick Buoniconti, on the sidelines.

Griese and Buoniconti received knee sprains in last Sunday's 17-16 victory in the rain at Boston. Team physicians fitted them with casts Monday. They likely will wear them until tomorrow.

Coach George Wilson said Rick Norton, who completed seven of nine passes after relieving Griese against the Patriots, is expected to start at quarterback against the Bills. Rookie Dale McCullers, who has seen only limited action, is due to replace Buoniconti.

The Scoreboard

SOCCER—At Recife, Brazil, Pelé moved two closer to his 1,000-goal target by scoring twice against the Santa Cruz club. Pelé's Santos team won 4-0. His personal goal score now stands at 998, according to the Brazilian Sports Confederation.

TENNIS—At Buenos Aires, second-seeded Françoise Durr of France and third-seeded Rosemary Casals of the United States advanced to the semi-finals of the second South American Open. Miss Durr defeated Maria Gusman of Ecuador, 6-1, 6-1, and Miss Casals beat Fiorella Bonicelli of Peru, 4-6, 6-1, 6-0. Miss Durr and Miss Casals now meet in one semi-final while top-seeded Billie Jean King of the United States plays fourth-ranked Helga Niessen of West Germany.

In the men's singles, fourth-seeded Jan Kodes of Czechoslovakia qualified for the quarter-finals by taking the last two sets in a suspended match against Jaime Pillol of Chile to win, 4-6, 8-6, 7-5, 6-4. Kodes next plays François Jauffret of France. The other quarter-finals pair top-seeded Roy Emerson of Australia and Ingo Buding of West Germany, second-ranked Zeljko Franulovic of Yugoslavia and Guillermo Vilas of Argentina, third-seed Cliff Richey of the United States and Ivan Molina of Colombia.

HORSE SHOW—At New York, Argentina won the final event but the United States captured the team championship at the National Horse Show. Dr. Hugo Arrambide aboard Adagglo won the Grand Prix of New York City jumping event in a jumpoff against Canada's Terrance Millar, riding Shereman. The best U.S. finish in the closing event was the fourth place by William Steinkraus aboard Bold Minstrel. However, Steinkraus captured the international individual championship, duplicating a feat he achieved in 1965, and helped the United States to an overwhelming victory in the team competition. The United States finished with 130 points, compared to 80 for runnerup Argentina, 50 for Canada and 20 for Mexico. Steinkraus had 42 points for the individual title while teammate Frank Chapot finished second with 32.

BOXING—At London, British welterweight champion Ralph Charles retained his title with a fifth-round knockout of Chuck Henderson.

At San Antonio Texas, former world featherweight champion Raul Rojas, 135, scored an eighth-round TKO over Julio Tolongghari, 131, of the Philippines, in his first bout after a nine-month layoff. Rojas, making his first start as a lightweight after losing the feather crown to Japan's Shozo Saijo, floored Tolongghari with a left hook to the jaw with five seconds left in the seventh round and his opponent was still out when the bell rang to start the eighth round.

College, Pro Grid Line

COLLEGES

Favorite	Pts.		Underdog
Syracuse	20		*Navy
*Army	6	1/2	Pittsburgh
Harvard	8		*Brown
*Dartmouth	22		Cornell
*Princeton	6		Yale
*Tulane	8		Virginia
*Alabama	8	1/2	Miami (Fla.)
*Florida	17		Kentucky
Auburn	4		*Georgia
Tennessee	6	1/2	*Mississippi
*North Carolina	3		Clemson
Houston	13		*N.C. State
Virginia Poly	6		Duke
South Carolina	7		*Wake Forest
Notre Dame	24		*Georgia T.
*LSU	24		Miss. St.
*Ohio State	17		Purdue
*Colorado	8	1/2	Oklahoma St.
Michigan	8		*Iowa
Missouri	17		*Iowa State
*Kansas St.	6	1/2	Nebraska
*Michigan St.	5		Minnesota
*Oklahoma	13		Kansas
*Wisconsin	10		Illinois
Texas A&M	9		*Rice
Arkansas	15		*SMU
*Texas	24		TCU
*Texas Tech	13	1/2	Baylor
UCLA	21		Oregon
*Oregon St.	15		Washington St.
*Stanford	9		Air Force
*Utah State	15		Brigham Young

PROS

Cowboys	3		*Redskins
Colts	3	1/2	*49ers
Bears	6		*Falcons
Browns	9		*Steelers
Rams	9		*Eagles
Vikings	6		*Packers
*Giants	2		Saints
*Lions	3		Cardinals
*Bengals	7		Patriots
Oilers	1		*Broncos
Chiefs	3	1/2	*Jets
*Raiders	14		Chargers
*Bills (Off the board)			Dolphins

*Home team.

The Missing Giants

Was Wilt as Big as Russell?

By Arthur Daley

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT).—One disappeared from the pro basketball scene by accident and the other by design. But the impact on the sport will be the same. Two oversized superstars, Wilt Chamberlain and Bill Russell, are suddenly missing and not even the addition of Lew Alcindor can quite compensate for the twin loss.

Before the season began, Russell announced his retirement and the Boston Celtics have been floundering ever since. He was their defender extraordinary, playmaker extraordinary and the heart of the team.

Before the season was a month old, last Friday, Chamberlain was felled by a ruptured knee tendon, was rushed to an operating room and will be out of action at least until February, maybe forever. Can the Los Angeles Lakers remain in championship contention without him? Possibly so, although it's much too early for any measured judgment.

If the reaction to the Russell and Chamberlain losses seems contradictory, it should not be considered as such. Big Bill was the ferocious rebounder triggering the famed Celtic quick break. He was the hub in the offensive wheel, setting up the plays that revolved around him. Because he subordinated himself, he was the main architect of the endless string of championships Boston won, a dynastic reign that virtually embraced every season he was on the club. But Wilt the Stilt, a rugged individualist, was on only one championship team in his life.

The Team

The Russell-inspired Celtics beat the more talented Lakers in the seventh and deciding game of last season's playoff, 108-106. With five minutes still to play, Chamberlain limped to the sidelines with a knee injury. His furious coach, Bill Van Breda Kolff, refused to return him to action for the final drive. Russell spoke with brutal frankness. Said he:

"Any injury short of a broken ankle or a broken back isn't enough. I wouldn't have put him back in the game either even though I think he's great. Basketball is a team game. I go by the number of championships my team wins. I play to bring out the best in my teammates. Do you think he brought out the best in Jerry West and Elgin Baylor?"

He didn't. The Big Dipper insisted on playing a low post, an inside position that clogged up Baylor's best scoring alley. The coach wanted Wilt to station himself in a high post to the outside and they fought loudly, bitterly about it. In fact, Wilt fought with a lot of coaches during steady migrations from Philadelphia to San Francisco to Philadelphia again and then Los Angeles.

The rarest commodity in basketball is a good big man. The Stilt qualified on all counts. At 7-feet 1-inch and upwards of 275 pounds Chamberlain should have remained firmly anchored to the first team lucky enough to snare him. That's normal procedure with superstars. Eddie Gottlieb, his first proprietor, even finagled the territorial draft so that he established Philadelphia's rights to Chamberlain while Wilt was still an area schoolboy before going to college at Kansas.

So strong is the Big Dipper that it has been said that any rival so foolhardy as to hold fast to a ball Chamberlain also was gripping might find himself stuffed into the basket along with the ball. That's how strong Wilt is.

When it came to scoring, Wilt has been a total enigma although he has set records that may never be approached. One night against the Knicks—this was before they were as good as they are today—he decided to have a field day. He scored 100 points.

Five years later, in 1967, he sulked when he heard criticism that he was shooting much too often. So he figuratively thumbed his nose at his disparagers. He defiantly went through an entire game without even attempting a field goal.

If he also intended to draw a blank in the scoring tables, he failed. Two foul shots were awarded him. He made one. This is higher than his usual average because Wilt has the reputation of being the world's worst foul shooter, presumably because he just never bothered to practice the art.

When the boobirds rode him last season for not shooting enough, Wilt immediately showed them up. He promptly turned in 60-point and 66-point games. The man is incredible in more ways than one.

After Chamberlain joined West and Baylor on the Lakers, Hollywood gagmen couldn't resist one witticism.

"With Chamberlain, West and Baylor," they chirped, "the Lakers could win even if the other two players were Ronald Reagan and Doris Day."

Chamberlain and the Lakers didn't win the championship, though. Russell and the Celtics did. Without Russell now the Celtics are done. Can the Lakers still win without Chamberlain? It is an intriguing question.

The Peasants' Uprising in the Sport of Kings

By Robert Lipsyte

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (NYT).—Six months ago, the owners and trainers who fill most of the cards at Aqueduct and Belmont refused to enter their horses for nine days. The "stoppage," as they called it, cost New York State a great deal of money and split the track into bitter factions. It also exposed an aspect of the racing world that had always been obscured by blue-grass fables and guys-and-dolls anecdotes: the racetrack is a perfect example of the class system.

On top are the predominantly WASP trustees and Jockey Club members. At bottom are the black and Puerto Rican stable help. In between are the track administrators, mostly Irish in New York and the smaller owners and trainers, of whom many are Italians and Jews.

This last group, acting in a unit as the local chapter of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, was led by an abrasive, brilliant and embattled horseman named Howard (Buddy) Jacobson.

Today, Jacobson begins working at his second term as HBPA president, and this means the war is not over.

Jacobson is a 37-year-old bachelor, a slim, dark man from Brooklyn who has made a great deal of money at the track through hard work, guile and skill. He claims horses, patches up sick horses, wins cheap races and runs an active public stable that is like a discount store compared with the Bonwit Tellers of the so-called society trainers and owners.

He never loses a chance to call racing a business instead of a sport, to maintain loudly that the importance of jockeys is overrated. It was Buddy who boosted Barbara Jo Rubin onto one of his horses last year to break the sex bar in New York.

Noblesse Oblige

The cause of the HPBA boycott last May was nominally a noble one. Stablehands have no pension plan, few welfare benefits, and the HPBA wanted the state to set aside several racing days in which revenue would go into a backstretch welfare system. The bill was badly handled in Albany—the fault most probably lies with the racing commissioner.

But the track saw the HPBA's noble cause as a smokescreen for a power grab, and Jacobson thinks the tracks and the racing commission probably favored such a plan—but without the HPBA getting the credit and wider influence. The HPBA, whatever its charitable feelings, also wants a pension plan so it can attract more reliable stablehands and forestall the inevitable unionization of the backstretch. And it wants the industry, rather than individual owners and trainers, to pay for the pension plan.

The other night, lounging on floor cushions in his small Queens apartment, Jacobson said that instituting a pension plan and gaining more equitable allocation of stall space would be the prime goals of his coming term.

Stall space has always been a sore point, since trainers can be made or broken by the number of horses they can saddle. Jacobson feels that out-of-towners often get stalls over New Yorkers and he says that his stall allotment was cut from 27 to 22 after the stoppage. Other trainers who supported or rejected the boycott were punished or rewarded, he said.

"Our biggest problem has been lack of good communications with the legislature in Albany," he said. "A stoppage was a hell of a way to educate them, but I think it woke them up to the problem here.

"It's important to the entire industry, and to the state, that New York keep up with other states. Solving the pension and stalls problems would put racing on a healthy basis, and then it could raise purses and offer bonuses to New York-bred horses. Can you imagine the boon to some of those upstate disaster areas if breeding came back in a big way?"

Jacobson is involved in a number of lawsuits, some growing out of "their" plan to harass him into silence, he says. Jacobson says "they"—track officials and racing commissioners fearful of HPBA power—could presumably exert pressure in ways as subtle as overweighting a horse, cutting jack stall space or having a friendly town board investigate a man's farm property.

"The little guys are racing, not the bluebloods. Racing's fun for them, they don't take it home with them," said Jacobson. "They lose money and write it off. They might not care as much as we do. We should break the myth that the trustees and the Jockey Club are the backbone of racing.

"Their contribution is negligible. Anyway, I know the public bets more money on my horses than on theirs. It's time the state helped improve racing and make more money. And don't think the backstretch isn't watching and waiting."

Baughan Available

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 13 (UPI).—Linebacker Maxie Baughan of the Los Angeles Rams was released from a hospital earlier this week and will be able to play against the Philadelphia Eagles on Sunday. Baughan complained of headaches and dizziness after suffering a concussion in the Atlanta game Nov. 2.

Mets' Trainer Retires

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (AP).—Gus Mauch, a major league baseball trainer since 1944 and the New York Met's head trainer during their eight-year history, has retired. Tom McKenna, trainer for the Washington Senators since 1961, is replacing Mauch, who joined the Mets in 1962 after 17 years with the New York Yankees.

NHL Results

EAST DIVISION

	W	L	T	Pts	GF	GA
	8	2	5	21	61	35
	9	4	2	20	49	33
	8	4	1	17	39	33
	7	3	3	17	47	37
	5	6	1	11	33	28
	4	8	2	10	35	48

WEST DIVISION

	5	4	4	14	47	35
	6	8	1	13	39	37
	4	8	2	10	27	54
	2	4	6	10	24	38
	3	7	3	9	31	37
	3	8	0	6	25	38

Wednesday's Results

3 (Pratt, Hextall, McCreary),

4 (Grant, Parise 2, Larose),
2 (Lacroix, Morrison).
4 (Rarelle 2, Tkaczuk 2),
(Stemkowski, Connolly),
6 (Provost 2, Redmond, Courneyeau), Oakland 0.

th Stars Make Own Noise ile Wooing Boom Boom

ORK, Nov. 13 (AP).—The North Stars are shopnew coach, but they aren't o badly with the one

lair, who doubles as the Hockey League club's genger and coach, has ofbench job to Bernie om) Geoffrion, currently general manager of the Rangers. While Geoffies what to do, the North moving towards the top st Division under Blair. ul Parise scored two goals p another last night as Stars beat Philadelphia, e within a point of first-ouis.

ers 4, Red Wings 2

ille, Geoffrion's current the Rangers, aren't ly either. They beat Defor the Red Wings' first of the season. Jean Ra-

telle and Walt Tkaczuk scored two goals apiece for New York, which showered 42 shots on Detroit goalie Roy Edwards but was still locked in a scoreless game until the final four minutes of the second period. The loss was the first after four victories and a tie on the road for Detroit this season.

Penguins 3, Maple Leafs 0

Goalie Les Binkley produced his first shutout of the season as Pittsburgh blanked Toronto, 3-0, and dropped the Maple Leafs deeper in the East Division cellar. Bryan Hextall set up the Penguins' first goal by defenseman Tracy Pratt and then scored himself.

Canadiens 5, Seals 0

Montreal stretched its unbeaten streak to seven and its winning streak to four while extending Oakland's winless string to six with a 5-0 victory that enabled the Canadiens to maintain their point lead over the Rangers in the East. Claude Provost led the Montreal attack with a pair of goals while goalie Rogatien Vachon scored his first shutout of the season.

Cousy's Royals Defeat Celtics

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 (AP).—It may be just as well that Bob Cousy hasn't been able to get reinstated as a player in the National Basketball Association. His Cincinnati Royals might lose to the Boston Celtics.

Cousy, coach of Cincinnati, went 2-0 against his old team when the Royals whipped the champion Celtics, 116-107, last night. It was Boston's fifth straight loss.

The Royals were keyed up because Red Auerbach, general manager of the Celtics, has refused to release Cousy from the Celtics' retired player list without a deal with the Royals.

Oscar Robertson paced Cincinnati with 25 points as the Royals put on a dazzling performance of ball handling and hit on 47 percent of their shots.

After leading at the half, 60-51, the Royals drew out to a 21-point lead at 95-74 before the Celtics rallied in the last quarter on the shooting of John Havlicek.

Rockets 132, Pistons 119

Elvin Hayes scored 34 points and Jim Barnett 25, including 17 in the final period, to lead San Diego to a 132-119 victory over Detroit. The victory was the Rockets' second in a row after an eight-game losing streak.

NBA Standings

EASTERN DIVISION

	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	15	1	.933	—
Baltimore	8	6	.571	6
Milwaukee	8	6	.571	6
Detroit	6	7	.462	7 1/2
Cincinnati	6	8	.429	8
Philadelphia	5	7	.417	8
Boston	3	9	.250	10

WESTERN DIVISION

Atlanta	11	3	.786	—
Chicago	7	6	.538	3 1/2
San Francisco	6	6	.500	4
Los Angeles	5	6	.455	4 1/2
Phoenix	5	6	.455	4 1/2
Seattle	3	9	.250	7
San Diego	3	9	.250	7

Wednesday's Results

San Diego 132 (Hayes 34, Barnett 25), Detroit 119 (Dischinger 29, Komives 25).
Cincinnati 116 (Robertson 25, Foster 17), Boston 107 (Nelson 33, Havlicek 22).

ABA Results

Wednesday Night

Dallas 122 (Leaks 26, J. Beasly 24), Washington 104 (Logan 19, Barrett 15).
Indiana 130 (Brown 30, Keller, Netolicky 21), Carolina 111 (Verga 25, Moe 18).
Denver 135 (Jones 43, Heywood 35), Pittsburgh 114 (Brisker 36, Williams 26).
Los Angeles 133 (Miller 35, Warren 26), New York 126 (Melchiori 27, Simon 31).

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Dorphnis and Chloé (Suites No 1 and 2)
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Soloists, O.R.T.F. chorus and orchestra
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Observer

The Rise of a Blurbist

By Russell Baker

WASHINGTON.—Most of us nowadays have probably forgotten the Oliver Orton Osprey whose "Chants for the Disenchanted: A Thin Volume" proved indisputably just a decade ago that there was a new literary presence among us.

Osprey is still a household name, of course, among American book buyers, although he has not written a book of his own since "Chants." His is the name most likely to appear on the dust jacket of any book picked up at random in the bookshop, for at the moment Osprey is the hottest blurb writer in publishing.

The venerable house of Withers, Fetlock & Mane is convinced that the immense sales of its recent reissue of Xenophon's "Anabasis" is due entirely to Osprey's three-word jacket blurb—"Not since Portnoy . . ."

Even Knight & Daye, which acknowledges that it is pretty much a pure smut house, and which therefore has little need for tricky promotion, has found that an Osprey blurb may help sales, as in the case of "No Sheets for Me."

Sales of "No Sheets" had been surprisingly sluggish, perhaps because of the inexplicitness of the title, until Osprey came up with the famous jacket blurb for the third printing: "The superficial reader will see in this remarkable human document nothing more than unadulterated filth . . ." ("No Sheets for Me" is now in its ninth big printing.)

Book reviewers for the flossier quarterlies, with their tweedy, turtle-necked contempt for commerce, say that success has spoiled Oliver Orton Osprey. The promise of "Chants for the Disenchanted: A Thin Volume" has not been redeemed and is not likely to be, they complain.

"By abandoning fiction and going into blurbs," Osprey says, "I was able to escape the dreary fate of having a second book reviewed by the same critics who had gone overboard on my first book."

Osprey had no intention, of course, of turning his pen to fulltime blurb writing. "The whole thing was quite accidental," he recalled recently. "After my first book, the publisher of a new dictionary sent me a free copy of the thing and said he would appreciate any words I might be willing to say about it for publication."

"Well, I desperately needed a dictionary, so I quickly dashed off the words, 'Couldn't put it down,' and sent them back to the publisher."

Thereafter, subsequent editions had the jacket imprinted as follows:

"Couldn't put it down."

—Oliver Orton Osprey.

Sales zoomed. Oliver Orton Osprey seemed to be a name the public liked to read, perhaps because of its euphony and weight. In any case, Osprey was soon being swamped with new books and requests for blurbs. His increased reading load reduced the time available for writing and the strain of producing a fresh blurb for each new work drained his creative powers.

The challenge of the work began to fascinate him. He developed the so-called open-end blurb, a blurb that is all ready to go back to the publisher the moment the author's name is filled in. A prime example of the genre is ". . . has done it again." Once, in a very hectic week, Osprey dispensed "John Kenneth Galbraith has done it again!" "John Le Carré has done it again!" "Norman Mailer has done it again!" "Lord Chesterfield has done it again!" and "Plato has done it again!" in a single afternoon.

Financially, Osprey believes, he is far better off writing blurbs than he would be writing books to be attached to them. His one book, "Chants," has earned $783.27 over ten years. Nowadays Osprey earns that much in a month by selling a local bookshop at cut rates the books publishers send him to be blurbed.

Osprey still aspires, however, to write a novel that will dazzle the critics. He will not know what it will be about until he has finished the blurb. At the moment he is torn between "Not since Tolstoy!" and "Oliver Orton Osprey has done it again!"



Wallace Driver.

Vineyards of Kaub with the Pfalz, left, an ancient customs castle in the Rhine.

'69 German Wines —A Great Year?

By Lawrence Fellows

HATTENHEIM, West Germany (NYT).—In the valleys of the Rhine and other great rivers that join it on its sweep northward through West Germany, village church bells ring out each morning when the weather is right.

At the signal, whole families go out onto the vine-covered slopes to gather the pale-green, purpling grapes. The people are more apprehensive, yet more hopeful than in most years, for 1969 holds the faint promise of being one of the great wine years of the century.

"We must be cautious," warned Helmut Arntz, the scholarly white-haired president of West Germany's Wine Historical Society. "I think of 1937," he said with a sigh. "I think of 1953, a great year. Yes," he added. "I think 1969 will be a year to compare to 1953. And when I see the *edelfaule* grapes still on the vine, awaiting still more sunshine, I say marvelous."

It is these *edelfaule* grapes, the "nobly spoiled" ones, that help to give the best German white wines the fineness and rare bouquet for which they are so renowned.

The late gathering of overripe grapes is an ancient process, mentioned in the Old Testament and by Homer and brought into the valleys of the Rhine and the Moselle by the Romans. But the knowledge was lost and not recovered until the beginning of the last century, when the Bishop of Fulda waited too long to begin harvesting the grapes in his vineyards in the Rheingau. To his amazement, the resulting vintage was superb.

Through Baden and the Rheinish Palatinate, the Rhine flows past the Kaiserstuhl, the old volcano that is said to give the Baden wines their substance, and the Haardt Mountains that shield the Palatinate from the cold winds from the West and North. These are mellow, rich wines for the most part, for the vines put out their shoots and blossom early in this warm, relatively sunny area.

Rhine-Hesse has been the center of German viniculture since Charlemagne built his royal castle there.

There are good red wines in Germany, too, especially in the Rheinish Palatinate, where there is so much sun that even figs ripen. But there is sun in France, Italy, Spain, Greece and all the other wine-producing countries. The unique qualities of German wines begin with the fact that the vineyards lie so far to the North, where the sun is gentle and the ripening-time long.

But the German wines are not alike. Rhine wine has a general tone and character of its own, unlike the wines of the Neckar and the Main that flow from the East, or of the Nahe and the Moselle and the Ahr that flow from the West to join the Rhine on its long course out of Switzerland toward the North Sea.

Along these rivers, the vineyards are divided into 10,000 wine-growing sites, each with its own slight difference in soil, or in the way it has been laid out to catch the sun.

Past Mainz, the Rhine hurries as though nothing could divert it, but the Rheingau, with its steep vine-covered slopes and its string of castles left behind by the old, patrician families, rises in the path of the river as it broadens and turns sluggishly away.

At Hattenheim, in the vineyards by one of the magnificent baroque mansions put up by the Schonborn family when they were still occupying the episcopal seats in Mainz, Worms and Wurzburg, the grapes were not being harvested, not all of them.

"Sleepy berries," said Eduard Gschweng approvingly.

"Trockenbeerenauslese," Mr. Gschweng said even more approvingly, studying the gray mold forming over the small purpling Riesling grapes on the vine. This is Botrytis cinerea, the fungus that "nobly spoils" the grapes. It feeds on acids, reaching through the grapeskin and destroying the skin in the process.

In effect, it is peeling the grape. The water evaporates in the dry sunny autumn air, leaving the concentrated fruit-pulp with a relatively higher sugar content, the makings of the noblest wine.

But Mr. Gschweng was wrong about these particular grapes. The stems proved to be too weak to risk leaving the grapes on the vine, and he was soon picking them, to be turned into two slightly less splendid wines—Spätlese and Auslese.

PEOPLE:

Gunther Sachs Gi[...] A Triple-Header [...]

Playboy Gunther Sachs last night held what many observers of the European social scene described as the wildest party in West Germany since the end of World War II. Sachs organized the blast under a marquee in the garden of his sumptuous Munich home to celebrate three happy events. One was his 38th birthday; another was his engagement to 25-year-old Swedish beauty Mirja Larsson; and the third was the world premiere of a film paid for and produced by Sachs. Entitled "Happening in White," the film is described as a "pop-musical" starring some of Europe's top skiers. (How Gunther manages to tie skiers and rock artists together in one happy bundle is anyone's guess.) The film was previewed first, and the party got off about midnight and didn't break up till just before dawn this morning. The party was billed on the invitations as a "Happening at Night." Highlight was the "sculpting" of what we are told is the biggest cake ever baked on earth, by "César of Paris" who (as you socialites in the audience already know) has made quite a name for himself creating pastry from foam. Most of the leading West German playboys, playgirls *et al.* who happened to be in Munich showed up at the ball, and many of the guests made special trips from afar to attend the get-together held in a city better known for its dumplings and beer. (An informant tells us on good authority that Gunther and Miss Larsson will marry in St. Moritz around Christmas. He was divorced last July from French movie queen Brigitte Bardot.)

* * *

While British anthropologists were puzzling anew this week over the mysterious legend of the Loch Ness monster in Scotland, a frightened Texas camper was busy recounting in Fort Worth one of the weirdest tales of lake ogres ever to cross our desk. Charles Buchanan told newsmen he was camping on the shores of Lake Worth last week when he was attacked by a hairy monster which swiped his fried chicken and took a few years off his life. "I thought it was an earthquake," Buchanan stuttered to reporter[...] the incident. "He tilte[...] my camping van and [...] over the hood at me." H[...] was hairy, he weighed [...] about half a ton, reached [...]ly eight feet in height [...] virtually overcame the [...] camper with his smell [...] Cannily, Buchanan chuc[...] barbecued chicken at the [...]ture which (either terrif[...] tempted) prowled off in[...] nearby woods without [...]ing Buchanan. "Then he [...] back and picked me out [...] sleeping bag and droppe[...] It was a cross between a [...] and an ape, and the feet [...] 18 inches long."

* * *

A bulldozer has torn [...] sewer and his home [...] starkly alone. But Terry [...]man, 65, says that if th[...] Navy wants him to m[...] will have to carry him [...] bodily. The retired jew[...] home, where he has liv[...] 17 years, has been cond[...] along with all the oth[...] Port Chicago, a once-t[...] port of 3,000 on an inlet [...] Francisco Bay. The N[...] clearing out the homes t[...] a two-mile safety zone [...] its docks, where a mu[...] ship exploded in World W[...] killing 332 persons. "I'll [...] up the doors," vows Bid[...] "and they'll have to brea[...] get me. I'll lie down o[...] floor and they'll have to [...] me away."

* * *

Elizabeth Taylor Burt[...] wear the famous, $1 [...] diamond for the first ti[...] **Princess Grace's** birthday [...] Saturday, reporter Hebe [...] informs us.

The Cartier diamond [...] shipped around the worl[...] a treatment worthy of a [...] of state. Two armed [...] one a representative of [...]tier's and the other o[...] **Richard Burton's** lawyer [...] be traveling with IT. A [...] police escort will pick [...] from the Pan-Am plane a[...] airport then a Monacan [...] escort will take over [...] border. Eventually, it w[...] up in the safe at the H[...] Paris, causing more hea[...] to the police. The Burto[...] staying away from it all—[...] be stashed away aboard [...] yacht, the Kalisma.

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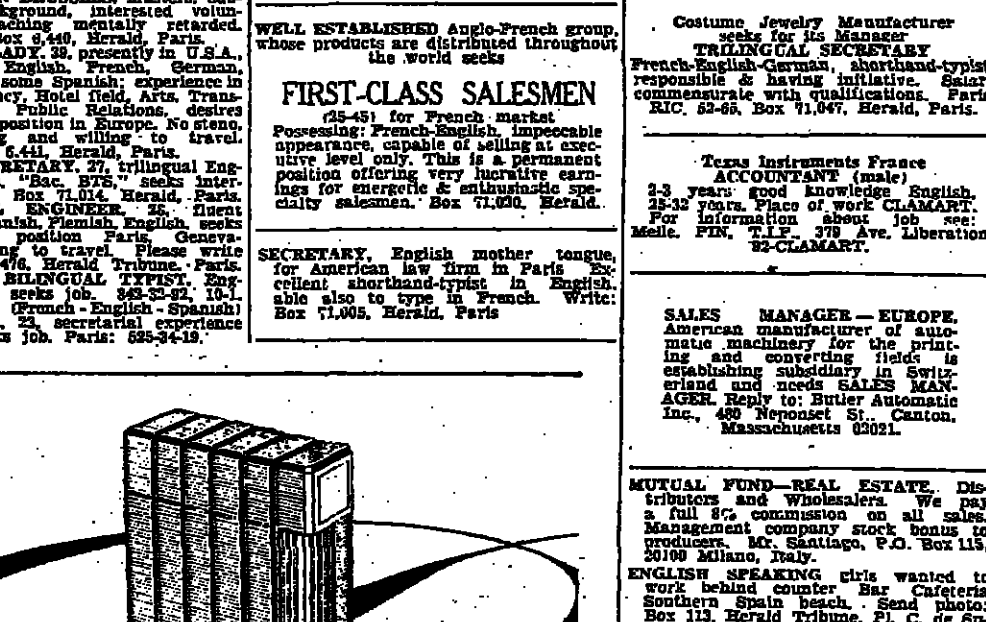
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SITUATIONS WANTED

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SWEDISH LADY early 30's seeks position hostess/housekeeper in home. Speaks French-English, some German. Excellent education, good cook, very fond of children. Prefer U.S.A., other countries could be considered. Box 6,450, Herald, Paris.

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AMERICAN FAMILY, home in Miami, Florida, need young lady to live in. Two children ages 3 1/2 & 5 years. Other help in home. Own room with color T.V. Write with references and photo to: Mrs. Scott Tinter, 45 Morningside Dr. Coral Gables Fla. 33133.

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